

JASPERREPORTS SERVER INSTALLATION GUIDE

RELEASE 5.0

http://www.jaspersoft.com

Copyright © 2012 Jaspersoft Corporation. All rights reserved. Printed in the U.S.A. Jaspersoft, the Jaspersoft logo, Jaspersoft iReport Designer, JasperReports Library, JasperReports Server, Jaspersoft OLAP, and Jaspersoft ETL are trademarks and/or registered trademarks of Jaspersoft Corporation in the United States and in jurisdictions throughout the world. All other company and product names are or may be trade names or trademarks of their respective owners.

This is version 1112-JSP50-30 of the JasperReports Server Installation Guide.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter	1 Introduction	1
1.1	Conventions	12
1.2	Java Version Supported	12
1.3	JasperReports Server Distributions	12
	1.3.1 Installer Support	12
	1.3.2 WAR File Binary Distribution Support	14
1.4	Release Notes	15
1.5	System Requirements	15
1.6	Support for Internationalization	15
Chapter	2 Installing JasperReports Server	17
2.1	Pre-Installation Steps	17
2.2	Starting the Installer	17
2.3	Accepting the License Agreement	18
2.4	Choosing an Installation Directory	18
2.5	Selecting a Tomcat Configuration	18
2.6	Selecting a PostgreSQL Configuration	19
	2.6.1 Choosing the Bundled PostgreSQL	19
	2.6.2 Choosing an Existing PostgreSQL on a Local Host	19
	2.6.3 Using an Existing PostgreSQL on a Remote Host	20
	2.6.4 Enabling Connections to a Remote Host	20
2.7	Installing Sample Data	21
2.8	Installing iReport Designer	21
2.9	Completing the Installation	21
2.10	Post-Installation Steps	22
	2.10.1 Updates Made by the Installer During Installation	22
	2.10.2 Installer Output Log File Location	22
	2.10.3 Installing a New License File	23
	2.10.4 License File for Existing Tomcat as Windows Service	23
	2.10.5 Checking your Java JVM Options	23

Chapter	3 Starting and Stopping JasperReports Server	25
3.1	Start/Stop Menu — Windows	25
	3.1.1 Start/Stop Menus — Bundled Tomcat and PostgreSQL	25
	3.1.2 Additional Information about the Bundled Tomcat and PostgreSQL	25
	3.1.3 Start/Stop Scripts — No Bundled Applications	26
3.2	Start/Stop Scripts — Linux	26
	3.2.1 Manual Start/Stop	26
	3.2.2 Auto Start/Stop with Bundled Tomcat and PostgreSQL	26
3.3	Start/Stop Apps — Mac OSX	27
	3.3.1 Start/Stop Apps — Mac Dock	27
	3.3.2 Start/Stop JasperReports Server — Mac Terminal Shell	27
3.4	Logging into JasperReports Server	27
3.5	Starting the Included Jaspersoft iReport Designer	28
3.6	JasperReports Server Log Files	29
Chapter	4 Uninstalling JasperReports Server	31
4.1	Windows	
4.2	Linux	
4.3	Mac OSX	
4.4	Uninstall Survey	
		02
Chapter	5 Installing the WAR File Distribution	33
- 4	A self-self-self-self-self-self-self-self-	22
5.1	Applications Supported by the WAR File Distribution	33
5.1	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support	
5.1		33
5.1	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support	33 34
	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support	33 34 34
5.2	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts	33 34 34 37
5.2 5.3	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts	33 34 34 37 37
5.2 5.3 5.4	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server	33 34 34 37 37 38
5.2 5.3 5.4	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server	33 34 34 37 37 38 38
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat	33 34 37 37 38 38 39
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually	33 34 37 37 38 38 39 40
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration 5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems 5.7.2 Error Running a Report	33 34 34 37 37 38 38 39 40 40
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration 5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems 5.7.2 Error Running a Report 5.7.3 Error Running js-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh)	33 34 34 37 38 38 39 40 40 40
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration 5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems 5.7.2 Error Running a Report 5.7.3 Error Running js-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh) 5.7.4 Problem Connecting to a Cloud Database Instance	33 34 37 37 38 39 40 40 40 40 41
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration 5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems 5.7.2 Error Running a Report 5.7.3 Error Running js-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh) 5.7.4 Problem Connecting to a Cloud Database Instance Running the Import and Export Utilities	33 34 37 37 38 39 40 40 40 41 41
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration 5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems 5.7.2 Error Running a Report 5.7.3 Error Running js-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh) 5.7.4 Problem Connecting to a Cloud Database Instance Running the Import and Export Utilities 5.8.1 Running Export from Buildomatic	33 34 37 37 38 39 40 40 40 41 41 41
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration 5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems 5.7.2 Error Running a Report 5.7.3 Error Running js-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh) 5.7.4 Problem Connecting to a Cloud Database Instance Running the Import and Export Utilities 5.8.1 Running Export from Buildomatic 5.8.2 Running Import from Buildomatic	33 34 37 37 38 38 39 40 40 40 41 41 42 42
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration 5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems 5.7.2 Error Running a Report 5.7.3 Error Running js-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh) 5.7.4 Problem Connecting to a Cloud Database Instance Running the Import and Export Utilities 5.8.1 Running Export from Buildomatic	33 34 37 37 38 38 39 40 40 40 41 41 42 42
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration 5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems 5.7.2 Error Running a Report 5.7.3 Error Running js-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh) 5.7.4 Problem Connecting to a Cloud Database Instance Running the Import and Export Utilities 5.8.1 Running Export from Buildomatic 5.8.2 Running Import from Buildomatic	33 34 37 37 38 39 40 40 40 41 41 42 42 43
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration 5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems 5.7.2 Error Running a Report 5.7.3 Error Running js-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh) 5.7.4 Problem Connecting to a Cloud Database Instance Running the Import and Export Utilities 5.8.1 Running Export from Buildomatic 5.8.2 Running Import from Buildomatic 5.8.3 Running the Import-Export Shell Scripts	33 34 37 37 38 39 40 40 41 41 42 42 43
5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 5.7 5.8	5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support 5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts Starting JasperReports Server Logging into JasperReports Server 5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat Installing the WAR File Manually Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration 5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems 5.7.2 Error Running a Report 5.7.3 Error Running is-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh) 5.7.4 Problem Connecting to a Cloud Database Instance Running the Import and Export Utilities 5.8.1 Running Export from Buildomatic 5.8.2 Running Import from Buildomatic 5.8.3 Running the Import-Export Shell Scripts	33 34 37 38 38 39 40 40 40 41 41 42 42 43 45

	6.1.3	Oracle	47
	6.1.4	DB2	48
	6.1.5	SQL Server	49
6.2	Setting J	VM Options for Application Servers	50
	6.2.1	Tomcat and JBoss JVM Options	50
	6.2.2	Changing JVM Options for Bundled Tomcat as a Windows Service	51
	6.2.3	Changing JVM Options for Existing Tomcat as a Windows Service	52
	6.2.4	Changing JVM Options for Bundled Tomcat on Linux	52
	6.2.5	Changing GlassFish JVM Options	53
6.3	Setting L	Jp the JasperReports Server License	54
	6.3.1	Default License Configuration for All Application Servers	54
	6.3.2	User-Defined License Location	55
	6.3.3	Additional Evaluation Licenses	57
6.4	Locating	and Changing Buildomatic Configuration Files	57
	6.4.1	Regenerating Buildomatic Settings	57
	6.4.2	Locating Buildomatic-Generated Property Files	57
	6.4.3	Changing the JDBC Driver Deployed by Buildomatic	58
	6.4.4	Buildomatic Location for JDBC Drivers	59
	6.4.5	Buildomatic Location for JasperReports Server WAR File	60
	6.4.6	Buildomatic Location for SQL Scripts	60
	6.4.7	Buildomatic Location for Database Creation Scripts	60
	6.4.8	Buildomatic Location for Sample Data Catalog ZIP Files	
	6.4.9	Hibernate Properties Settings	
	6.4.10	Database Connection Configuration Files	
6.5	Configur	ing Report Scheduling	
	6.5.1	Mail Server Configuration Settings	
	6.5.2	Database Settings for the Quartz Driver Delegate Class	
	6.5.3	Settings for the Report Scheduler Web URI	
	6.5.4	Settings for the Quartz Table Prefix	64
	6.5.5	Settings for Import-Export	
6.6	Updating	XML/A Connection Definitions	65
Chanter	7 Insta	Illing the WAR File for WebSphere	67
7.1		re for Installing and Deploying the WAR File in WebSphere	
7.1	7.1.1	Installing WebSphere and a Database	
	7.1.2	Preparing JasperReports Server Files	
	7.1.2	Configuring the Hibernate and Quartz Settings	
	7.1.4	Configuring a JDBC Provider in WebSphere	
	7.1.5	Deploying the JasperReports Server WAR File in WebSphere	
	7.1.6	Setting JVM Options	
	7.1.7	Starting and Restarting JasperReports Server	
7.2		into JasperReports Server	
7.2		ing Report Scheduling	
1.5	7.3.1	Additional Fix for Scheduled Report with JNDI Data Source	
	7.3.1	Additional Change for Mail Server Authentication	
	, . J. Z	Additional Change for Mail Colver Additionation	

	7.4	Updating	g XML/A Connection Definitions (Optional)	78
	7.5	Troubles	shooting your JasperReports Server Configuration	78
		7.5.1	Startup Problems	78
		7.5.2	Error Running Report	78
		7.5.3	Filter Error Using MySQL	79
		7.5.4	Error Creating Internationalized Name	79
		7.5.5	Xerces Error	79
		7.5.6	OLAP View Fails With Exception	79
Cha	apter	8 Insta	alling the WAR File for WebLogic	81
	8.1		re for Installing the WAR File for WebLogic	
	8.2		Java Properties	
	8.3	•	ring Other Database Connections	
	8.4	•	JasperReports Server	
	8.5	_	into JasperReports Server	
	8.6		ring Report Scheduling	
	8.7	•	ng JasperReports Server	
	8.8			
		-	g XML/A Connection Definitions (Optional)	
	8.9		Shooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration	
		8.9.1 8.9.2	Startup Problems	
	8.10		Error Running Reportshooting Problems with OLAP Views	
	0.10	Troubles	SHOOLING PRODUCTIES WITH OLAP VIEWS	09
Cha	apter	9 Plan	ning Your 4.7 and 5.0 Upgrade	91
	9.1	Understa	anding the Changes in 4.7	91
	9.2	Migrating	g Ad Hoc Reports to Ad Hoc Views	92
		9.2.1	Changes to Ad Hoc	92
		9.2.2	Output of Migration Process	93
		9.2.3	Ad Hoc Migration Process	93
		9.2.4	Issues in Migrated Reports	94
		9.2.5	Unsuccessful Migration	94
		9.2.6	Troubleshooting	95
	9.3	Ungradir	ng Themes in 4.7	05
		Opgradii	ng momee in in the contract of	93
		9.3.1	Banner and Toolbar Modifications	
		. •	~	96
		9.3.1	Banner and Toolbar Modifications	96 97
	9.4	9.3.1 9.3.2 9.3.3	Banner and Toolbar Modifications	96 97 97
	9.4	9.3.1 9.3.2 9.3.3	Banner and Toolbar Modifications Changes to IE Overrides Images in JasperReports Server 4.7	96 97 97 103
	9.4 9.5	9.3.1 9.3.2 9.3.3 Data Sna 9.4.1	Banner and Toolbar Modifications Changes to IE Overrides Images in JasperReports Server 4.7 apshots	96 97 97 103
		9.3.1 9.3.2 9.3.3 Data Sna 9.4.1 Understa	Banner and Toolbar Modifications Changes to IE Overrides Images in JasperReports Server 4.7 apshots Using Data Snapshots	96 97 103 103
	9.5	9.3.1 9.3.2 9.3.3 Data Sna 9.4.1 Understa Upgradin	Banner and Toolbar Modifications Changes to IE Overrides Images in JasperReports Server 4.7 apshots Using Data Snapshots anding the Changes in 5.0	96 97 103 103 104
	9.5 9.6 9.7	9.3.1 9.3.2 9.3.3 Data Sna 9.4.1 Understa Upgradir XML/A C	Banner and Toolbar Modifications Changes to IE Overrides Images in JasperReports Server 4.7 apshots Using Data Snapshots anding the Changes in 5.0 ng Preserving Custom Settings	96 97 103 103 104
Cha	9.5 9.6 9.7	9.3.1 9.3.2 9.3.3 Data Sna 9.4.1 Understa Upgradir XML/A C	Banner and Toolbar Modifications Changes to IE Overrides Images in JasperReports Server 4.7 apshots Using Data Snapshots anding the Changes in 5.0 ng Preserving Custom Settings Connections to Servers with Multiple Organizations	96 97 103 103 104 104
Cha	9.5 9.6 9.7 apter	9.3.1 9.3.2 9.3.3 Data Sna 9.4.1 Understa Upgradir XML/A C	Banner and Toolbar Modifications Changes to IE Overrides Images in JasperReports Server 4.7 apshots Using Data Snapshots anding the Changes in 5.0 ng Preserving Custom Settings Connections to Servers with Multiple Organizations rading from 3.7 - 4.7 to 5.0	96 97 103 103 104 104 105

	3 Backing Up Your Previous JasperServer Instance	
10.4	4 Exporting Old Repository Data	
	10.4.1 Using Buildomatic Scripts to Export Data	
	10.4.2 Using the js-export Script to Export Data	
10.5	5 Preparing the JasperReports Server 5.0 WAR File Distribution	
10.6	6 Configuring Buildomatic for Your Database and Application Server	
	10.6.1 Example Buildomatic Configuration	
10.7	7 Upgrading to JasperReports Server 5.0	
	10.7.1 js-upgrade Test Mode	
	10.7.2 Output Log Location	
	10.7.3 Errors	110
10.8	8 Starting and Logging into JasperReports Server 5.0	
	10.8.1 Clearing Your Browser Cache	
	10.8.2 Logging into JasperReports Server	
10.9	9 Additional Tasks to Complete the Upgrade	
	10.9.1 Handling JasperReports Server Customizations	
	10.9.2 Clearing the Application Server Work Folder	
	10.9.3 Clearing the Application Server Temp Folder	112
	10.9.4 Clearing the Repository Cache Database Table	
	10.9.5 Updating the XML/A Connections (Optional)	
	10.9.6 Upgrading the Liferay Portal	
10.1	10 Old Manual Upgrade Steps	
Chapte	er 11 Upgrading from 4.7 to 5.0	
11.1		
11.2	Backing Up Your Old JasperReports Server Instance	
–		115
	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	116
11.3	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
	 11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
11.4	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
11.4	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
11.4	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
11.4	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
11.4 11.5	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
11.4 11.5	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
11.4 11.5	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File	
11.4 11.5 11.6	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File 11.2.2 Backing Up Your Jasperserver Database 3 Preparing the JasperReports Server 5.0 WAR File Distribution 4 Configuring Buildomatic for Your Database and Application Server 11.4.1 Example Buildomatic Configuration 5 Upgrading to JasperReports Server 5.0 11.5.1 js-upgrade Test 11.5.2 Output Log Location 11.5.3 Errors 6 Starting and Logging into JasperReports Server 5.0 11.6.1 Clearing Your Browser Cache 11.6.2 Logging into JasperReports Server	
11.4 11.5 11.6	11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File 11.2.2 Backing Up Your Jasperserver Database 3 Preparing the JasperReports Server 5.0 WAR File Distribution 4 Configuring Buildomatic for Your Database and Application Server 11.4.1 Example Buildomatic Configuration 5 Upgrading to JasperReports Server 5.0 11.5.1 js-upgrade Test 11.5.2 Output Log Location 11.5.3 Errors 6 Starting and Logging into JasperReports Server 5.0 11.6.1 Clearing Your Browser Cache 11.6.2 Logging into JasperReports Server 7 Additional Tasks to Complete the Upgrade	

Ch	apter	12 Upgrading JasperServer 3.5	. 121
Ch	apter	13 Upgrading from Community Project	. 123
	13.1	General Procedure	. 123
	13.2	Backing Up Your JasperReports Server CP Instance	. 124
		13.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server CP WAR File	. 124
		13.2.2 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server Database	. 124
	13.3	Exporting Your CP Repository Data	. 124
	13.4	Preparing the JasperReports Server 5.0 WAR File Distribution	. 125
	13.5	Configuring Buildomatic for Your Database and Application Server	. 125
		13.5.1 Example Buildomatic Configuration	. 125
	13.6	Upgrading to the Commercial Version of JasperReports Server 5.0	. 126
	13.7	Starting and Logging into JasperReports Server 5.0	. 127
		13.7.1 Clearing Your Browser Cache	. 127
		13.7.2 Logging into the Commercial Version of JasperReports Server 5.0	. 127
	13.8	Re-Configuring XML/A Connections (Optional)	. 127
Ch	apter	14 Password Encryption in JasperReports Server	. 129
	14.1	Backing Up Your JasperReports Server Database	. 129
	14.2	Stopping Your Application Server	
	14.3	Running the Repository Export Utility	
	14.4	Specifying Encryption Settings in the JasperReports Server WAR	
		14.4.1 Specifying Encryption Settings - Reference Table	
	14.5	Specifying Encryption Settings for the Import Utility	
	14.6	Recreating the JasperReports Server Database	
		14.6.1 Dropping and Recreating the Database in PostgreSQL	
		14.6.2 Dropping and Recreating the Database in MySQL	
		14.6.3 Dropping and Recreating the Database in Oracle	
		14.6.4 Dropping and Recreating in the Database in Microsoft SQL Server	
	14.7	Importing Your Repository Data	. 133
	14.8	Starting the Application Server	
	14.9	Logging into JasperReports Server	
Ch	apter	15 Configuring the Import-Export Utilities	. 135
	15.1	Introduction	
	15.2	Import-Export Configuration Files	
	15.3	Changing Your Configuration Settings	
	. 0.0	15.3.1 Creating a default_master.properties File	
		15.3.2 Location of Properties Files and JDBC Driver	
		15.3.3 Checking the js.jdbc.properties File	
		15.3.4 Checking the js.quartz.properties File	
	15.4	Deploying a JDBC Database Driver	
	15.5	Running Import or Export	
	15.6	Configuring the Import-Export Utility for JasperServer 3.7	
	-		

Append	ix A Tro	oubleshooting	141
A.1		nstaller Freezes	
	A.1.1	Installer Log Files	141
	A.1.2	Installer DebugTrace Mode	142
A.2	Error Ru	unning Buildomatic Scripts	142
	A.2.1	Missing Java JDK	142
	A.2.2	Forgot to Copy the File ant-contrib.jar	142
	A.2.3	Failure with '\$' Character in Passwords in Buildomatic Scripts	142
	A.2.4	Older Apache Ant Version	143
A.3	Unable t	to Edit Files on Windows 7	143
A.4	Bash Sh	nell for Solaris, IBM AIX, HP UX and FreeBSD	143
A.5			
A.6		n Starting JasperReports Server on the Mac	
A.7		se-related Problems	
	A.7.1	Installation Error Using PostgreSQL 8.1	
	A.7.2	Database Connectivity Errors	
	A.7.3	Case Sensitive Collation in SQL Server	146
	A.7.4	Maximum Packet Size in MySQL	146
	A.7.5	Database Error after Changing Database Port Number	147
	A.7.6	Case Sensitivity for Table and Column Names	
	A.7.7	PostgreSQL: Job Scheduling Error	147
	A.7.8	Oracle js-install Script Hangs with Oracle 10g	148
	A.7.9	Performance Issues with Oracle JDBC Queries	148
	A.7.10	Using an Oracle Service Name	148
	A.7.11	Oracle Error on Upgrade when PL/SQL Not Enabled	148
	A.7.12	Error Running Scheduled Report	149
	A.7.13	Error Running a Report	149
A.8	Applicat	tion Server-related Problems	149
	A.8.1	Memory Issues Running Under Tomcat	149
	A.8.2	Java Out of Memory Error	149
	A.8.3	Configuration File Locations	150
	A.8.4	Context.xml under Tomcat: Special Case	150
	A.8.5	Tomcat 6 Installed Using apt-get	150
	A.8.6	GlassFish Modifications	151
	A.8.7	JBoss Modifications	
	A.8.8	WebSphere: Page Not Found Error on Login	
	A.8.9	Disabling User Session Persistence in Application Servers	
	A.8.10	Session Error Using JasperReports Server and Tomcat 7	
A.9		-related Errors	
	A.9.1	License Not Found Errors	
	A.9.2	License Not Found or License Corrupt Error with Tomcat as a Service	
A.10		ns Importing and Exporting Data from the Repository	
	A.10.1	Exporting a Repository That Contains UTF-8	
A.11		ns with Upgrade	
	A.11.1	DB2 Script Error on Upgrade	156

CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

JasperReports Server builds on JasperReports as a comprehensive family of Business Intelligence (BI) products, providing robust static and interactive reporting, report server, and data analysis capabilities. These capabilities are available as either stand-alone products, or as part of an integrated end-to-end BI suite utilizing common metadata and provide shared services, such as security, a repository, and scheduling. The server exposes comprehensive public interfaces enabling seamless integration with other applications and the capability to easily add custom functionality.

The heart of the Jaspersoft BI Suite is the server, which provides the ability to:

- Easily create new reports based on views designed in an intuitive, web-based, drag and drop Ad Hoc Editor.
- Efficiently and securely manage many reports.
- Interact with reports, including sorting, changing formatting, entering parameters, and drilling on data.
- Schedule reports for distribution through email and storage in the repository.
- Arrange reports and web content to create appealing, data-rich Jaspersoft Dashboards that quickly convey business trends. For business intelligence users, Jaspersoft offers Jaspersoft OLAP, which runs on the server.

Jaspersoft provides several other sources of information to help extend your knowledge of JasperReports Server:

- Our Ultimate Guides document advanced features and configuration. They also include best practice recommendations
 and numerous examples. The guides are available as downloadable PDFs. Community project users can purchase
 individual guides or bundled documentation packs from the Jaspersoft online store. Commercial customers can download
 them freely from the support portal.
- Our free <u>Business Intelligence Tutorials</u> let you learn at your own pace, and cover topics for developers, system administrators, business users, and data integration users. The tutorials are available online from the Professional Services section of our <u>website</u>.
- Free samples installed with JasperReports, iReport, and JasperReports Server, are documented online in the Community Wiki. For more information, visit our community website.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Conventions
- Java Version Supported
- JasperReports Server Distributions
- Release Notes
- System Requirements
- Support for Internationalization

1.1 Conventions

This document uses the following conventions when referring to file locations:

Convention	Description
<js-install></js-install>	The root directory where JasperReports Server will be installed. For manual installations, the directory where you unpack the WAR file distribution.
<glassfish></glassfish>	The directory where GlassFish is installed.
<java></java>	The directory where java is installed.
<jboss></jboss>	The directory where JBoss is installed.
<postgresql></postgresql>	The directory where PostgreSQL is installed. If you use the instance of PostgreSQL that is bundled by the installer, <postgresql> is located in the <js-install> directory.</js-install></postgresql>
<tomcat></tomcat>	The directory where Apache Tomcat is installed. If you use the instance of Tomcat that is bundled by the installer, <tomcat> is located in <js-install>.</js-install></tomcat>

1.2 Java Version Supported

JasperReports Server supports Java 1.6 and 1.7. Versions earlier than Java 1.6 are not supported.

JasperReports Server is tested and certified using Oracle/Sun Java. Other Java versions, such as OpenJDK, are known to have issues running JasperReports Server.

1.3 JasperReports Server Distributions

There are two main distribution packages for JasperReports Server.

Distribution Package	Description
Installer	Runs on Windows, Linux, and Mac OSX (32 or 64 bit).
WAR File Distribution Zip	Used for manual installation on Windows, Linux, Mac, and other platforms.

The installer distribution package installs JasperReports Server, automatically configures the JasperReports Server database, and, if you choose the Install Sample Data option, installs sample data for working with tutorials.

The WAR file binary distribution contains the JasperReports Server web archive file as well as scripts to create and load the database. The WAR file distribution supports additional applications that are not supported by the installers.

1.3.1 Installer Support

The installers support the following operating systems (32 and 64 bit):

Platform	Versions supported
Linux	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5.4, 5.5 Novell SUSE Linux Enterprise 10.2, 11.1
Mac OSX	10.5 (Leopard) 10.6 (Snow Leopard)
Windows	XP Windows 7

1.3.1.1 Installer Naming for 32-bit and 64-bit

Native 32- and 64-bit installers are supported. The 64-bit installer will put 64-bit versions of Java 6 and PostgreSQL 9 onto your system for increased speed and performance.

The installer file naming distinguishes the 32-bit installer from the 64-bit installer.

Installer Type	Naming
32-bit installer	<pre>jasperreports-server-5.0-windows-x86-installer.exe jasperreports-server-5.0-linux-x86-installer.run jasperreports-server-5.0-osx-x86-installer.app.zip</pre>
64-bit installer	<pre>jasperreports-server-5.0-windows-x64-installer.exe jasperreports-server-5.0-linux-x64-installer.run jasperreports-server-5.0-osx-x64-installer.app.zip</pre>
Note: x86 is shorthand refe	rring to the 386, 486, and 586 CPU architecture.

Note: You can install the 32-bit installer onto a 64-bit operating system, but we recommend that you install the 64-bit installer onto a 64-bit system. The 64-bit installer will not execute on a 32-bit system.

1.3.1.2 Installer Distribution Components

The installer is designed to get JasperReports Server up and running quickly. The server requires the Java environment, an application server, and database to run. The installer distribution bundles these components:

Component	Description
JasperReports Server Application	WAR file and configuration support scripts.
JasperReports Server Documentation	Found in the <js-install>/docs directory.</js-install>
Apache Tomcat	Web application container. You can use the bundled version or an existing version.
iReport Designer	JasperReports Designer that communicates directly with JasperReports Server for editing, uploading, or executing reports on the server (optionally installed).
Java 1.6 Runtime	Runs the web application container.
PostgreSQL Database	Database server. You can use the bundled version or an existing version.

1.3.1.3 Installing with Existing Components

You can choose to deploy the bundled application or if you have existing components, the installer can deploy to these components. Both Apache Tomcat and the PostgreSQL database can be independently used as bundled or existing instances.

If you would like the installer to install Tomcat, choose the bundled Tomcat. If you already have Tomcat on your computer you can choose an existing Tomcat.



If you use an existing Tomcat, it must be on the local machine.

If you use an existing PostgreSQL, it can be on a local or remote machine. If it's on a remote Linux machine, configure PostgreSQL to allow remote connections as described in 2.6.4, "Enabling Connections to a Remote Host," on page 20.

For information about specific versions of third party applications supported by the installer, refer to the JasperReports Server release notes in the root of the installation directory.

1.3.1.4 Running Components as Windows Services

The Windows installer installs PostgreSQL and Tomcat as Windows Services. Users can manage JasperReports Server under the Windows operating system using Services in the Control Panel:

Control Panel > System and Security > Administrative Tools > Services

The bundled PostgreSQL and Tomcat applications restart automatically when the host Windows system restarts. If you do not want to run these components to automatically restart, you can change the Startup Type from automatic to manual.

You can find the PostgreSQL and Tomcat services under the following names:

- jasperreportsPostgreSQL
- jasperreportsTomcat

You can also start JasperReports Server from the Windows Start menu.

1.3.2 WAR File Binary Distribution Support

Use the WAR file binary distribution package to install the JasperReports Server application if you cannot use the installer. The WAR file supports more applications than the installer. If you want to use a database other than PostgreSQL and an application server other than Apache Tomcat, install JasperReports Server using the WAR file.



For a complete list of applications supported by the WAR file distribution, refer to the release notes that are included in the root directory of the distribution.

The target database can be on a remote server. Using a remote PostgreSQL database on some Linux platforms requires a change to its configuration file, as described in section 2.6.4, "Enabling Connections to a Remote Host," on page 20.

The application server should reside on the local machine.

There are js-install shell scripts (for Linux and Window) included in the WAR file distribution which automate much of the installation tasks by using a single properties file. These scripts are named:

- js-install.bat
- js-install.sh

The main contents of the WAR file binary distribution are:

Content Item	Description
JasperReports Server js-install scripts	Found at <js-install>/buildomatic/js-install.bat and js-install.sh.</js-install>
JasperReports Server Database Scripts	SQL scripts for each supported database.
JasperReports Server Documentation	Guides for end users and administrators.
JasperReports Server Extra Samples	Web Service example applications, sample reports, custom data source examples, and other sample files.
JasperReports Server Standard Sample Data	Sample data that highlights JasperReports Server features.
JasperReports Server WAR file archive	All of the JasperReports Server class files and dependent jars.

1.3.2.1 About Bundled Apache Ant

The War File Distribution ZIP comes with a bundled version of Apache Ant so you do not need to download or install Ant. The buildomatic Ant scripts come with Windows and Linux batch scripts that are pre-configured to use the bundled version of Apache Ant. The buildomatic Ant scripts are called from the command line in the following manner:

Windows: js-ant <target-name>
Linux and Mac OSX: ./js-ant <target-name>

The bundled Apache Ant is version 1.8.1. This version or higher is required if you want to run your own version of Ant.

The bundled Apache Ant has an additional jar that extends Ant functionality. This jar is: ant-contrib.jar. This jar enables conditional logic in Ant. If you are running your own Ant you should copy the ant-contrib.jar to your Ant/lib folder.



On Linux and Solaris, the js-ant commands may not be compatible with all shells. If you have errors, use the bash shell explicitly. For more information, see section A.4, "Bash Shell for Solaris, IBM AIX, HP UX and FreeBSD," on page 143.

1.4 Release Notes

Release notes are included with each distribution and with each new update to a distribution.

Not all applications are immediately supported when a new JasperReports Server version is released. For instance, some applications require additional testing beyond what is completed for the initial General Availability (GA) release. To find out exactly what applications are supported with a particular distribution refer to the release notes found in that distribution.

1.5 System Requirements

The following table contains the minimum and recommended resources for a full installation that includes PostgreSQL and an application server. The values are based on our own testing. You may find that JasperReports Server can run on systems with fewer resources or slower systems than stated in the minimum resources column. At the same time, it is possible to run out of resources with the recommended configuration. The success of your deployment depends on the intended load of the system, the number of concurrent users, the data sets, and whether the databases are installed on the same system as the JasperReports Server.

Resource	Footprint	Minimum	Recommended
Disk	~700MB	10GB free	40GB +
RAM		3GB	4GB +
Processor		1.5GHz single Pentium, UltraSparc II, or equivalent	2.5GHz + multi-core Pentium for Windows, Mac, and Linux

1.6 Support for Internationalization

JasperReports Server supports the full Unicode character set using UTF-8 encoding. It also depends on the underlying database and application server to support the UTF-8 character encoding. If you use the bundled Tomcat and PostgreSQL software, UTF-8 is configured by default. If you use any other software, refer to the *JasperReports Server Administrator Guide* for instructions about configuring software to support UTF-8.

CHAPTER 2 INSTALLING JASPERREPORTS SERVER

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Pre-Installation Steps
- Starting the Installer
- Accepting the License Agreement
- Choosing an Installation Directory
- Selecting a Tomcat Configuration
- Selecting a PostgreSQL Configuration
- Installing Sample Data
- Installing iReport Designer
- Completing the Installation
- Post-Installation Steps

2.1 Pre-Installation Steps

When you run the installation executable, you are given the option to install a bundled Apache Tomcat application server and PostgreSQL database or to use an existing Tomcat and PostgreSQL.



If you want to use an existing database instance, the database must be running at install time. If you want to use an existing Apache Tomcat, the Tomcat instance should be stopped.

If you choose to install the bundled Tomcat and database, both are installed on the same host with the server.

2.2 Starting the Installer

In Windows, the installer is an executable file that you can double-click to run. For example, double-click the following:

```
jasperreports-server-5.0-windows-x86-installer.exe (32 bit)
jasperreports-server-5.0-windows-x64-installer.exe (64 bit)
```

In Linux, the installer is a .run file; you can run it from the command line or from a graphical environment. To start the installer from the command line, open a bash shell, and enter the name of the installer file. For example:

```
./jasperreports-server-5.0-linux-x86-installer.run (32 bit)
./jasperreports-server-5.0-linux-x64-installer.run (64 bit)
```

In Mac OSX, the installer is a .zip file. Typically, after download, the installer will be found in your <user>/Downloads folder, and it will already be unpacked. After the download is complete, double-click the following:

```
jasperreports-server-5.0-osx-x86-installer.app (32 bit)
jasperreports-server-5.0-osx-x64-installer.app (64 bit)
```

Whether you run the installer from the command line or in a graphical environment, you are prompted for the same information. The following sections describe these prompts, and assume you are in a graphical environment. If you are installing from the command line, use your keyboard to specify the same details. For example, with the license text, instead of clicking I accept the agreement, you press Y and press Enter.

The welcome screen introduces the installer and allows you to continue or exit. Click Next.

Note: If you are installing a 32-bit installer onto a 64-bit operating system you will normally get a popup message reminding you that a 64-bit installer is available. You may continue the 32-bit installation if you choose to.

2.3 Accepting the License Agreement

You are prompted to read and accept the license agreement. Read the agreement, agree to the terms by clicking **I accept the agreement**, and click **Next**. On the command line, you must page through several screens of text to read the full agreement.

If you do not accept the agreement, you must exit the installer.

2.4 Choosing an Installation Directory

You are prompted for the directory where JasperReports Server is installed, referred to as the <js-install> directory. Accept the default or click **Browse** and select a different location, and click **Next**. On the command line, press Enter to accept the default. To choose a different directory location, enter that location at the prompt.

The default <js-install> directory depends on your operating system:

Windows: C:\Program Files\jasperreports-server-5.0 Linux: <USER_HOME>/jasperreports-server-5.0 Mac OSX /Applications/jasperreports-server-5.0



On Linux, choose a <js-install> path that's no more than 84 characters.

2.5 Selecting a Tomcat Configuration

JasperReports Server requires an application server in order to run. The installer is pre-configured to run with the Apache Tomcat server. When you run the installer, two options appear on **Setup — Please select the Tomcat configuration you wish to use**:

· I wish to use the bundled Tomcat

If you choose this option, the installer puts an instance of Tomcat 6 onto your system. Later, after choosing a bundled or existing database, you are prompted for the server port and shutdown port that Tomcat will use. Most users accept the default values that are displayed. Accept the default values or enter alternate values, then click **Next**.

I wish to use an existing Tomcat

If you already have an instance of Tomcat on your system, you can choose this option. Later, after choosing a bundled or existing database, you are prompted for the location of Tomcat. You can browse to the folder where you installed Tomcat, such as C:\Apache Software Foundation\Tomcat 6.

After selecting a PostgreSQL configuration, you are prompted for Tomcat's server port and shutdown port. Accept the default values, 8080 and 8005 by default, or enter alternate values.

2.6 Selecting a PostgreSQL Configuration

JasperReports Server requires a database in order to run. The installer is pre-configured to run with the PostgreSQL database. There are two options available for your PostgreSQL database:

- · I wish to use the bundled PostgreSQL database
- · I wish to use an existing PostgreSQL database

2.6.1 Choosing the Bundled PostgreSQL

If you choose the option to install the bundled PostgreSQL, the installer puts PostgreSQL 9 onto your system. The default PostgreSQL port 5432 will be used. If the installer finds that port 5432 is already in use, you are prompted to pick an alternate port. In this case, choose an alternative port value. The installer sets the PostgreSQL administrator password to postgres and also creates a PostgreSQL database user with administrator privileges and credentials of jasperdb/password.

The following table summarizes the parameters set during installation of the bundled PostgreSQL:

Parameter	Default Value and Description	
Binary Directory	The directory where the postgres and pgAdmin3 binaries are located.	
Port	The port number that PostgreSQL uses (default is 5432). User must choose an alternate port if 5432 is in use.	
IP or Host Name	The IP address or name of the machine where PostgreSQL is installed. The default value is 127.0.0.1.	
PostgreSQL Administrative Password	Password of the database administrative user: postgres. The installer cannot handle special characters at the end of a password string. Incompatible characters include: & ; \$	
Database User Name	Hard coded default: jasperdb - The installer creates this user which is used to connect to the JasperReports Server database	
Database User Password	Hard coded default: password - The installer uses this password for the jasperdb user.	

2.6.2 Choosing an Existing PostgreSQL on a Local Host

If you choose the option to use an existing PostgreSQL database, you are eventually prompted for the location of PostgreSQL and the port to use. If you have an instance of PostgreSQL installed locally, accept the default, which is 127.0.0.1, the localhost. Accept the default location for the PostgreSQL \bin directory, or click **Browse** to locate and select another location. You are also prompted for the default administrative account password of the PostgreSQL administrative user. The database administrative user account name postgres is used by default. Enter the database administrative user password and click **Enter**.



If the installer displays an error message saying FATAL: password authentication failed for user postgres, try re-entering the administrative password for your PostgreSQL database.

The following table summarizes the parameters set during the installation of an existing PostgreSQL:

Defaults Used	Hardcoded Default Values Used or Created
PostgreSQL Administrative User Name	postgres - The default administrative database user.
jasperserver Database User Name	jasperdb - The installer creates this database user which is used to connect to jasperserver database.
jasperserver Database User Password	password - The installer creates this password for the jasperdb database user.



To improve system security, Jaspersoft recommends that you change the default password for jasperdb as soon as possible. To change the jasperdb connection password in JasperReports Server, edit: <js-install>/ apache-tomcat/jasperserver-pro/META-INF/context.xml. (And delete, if it exists: <js-install>/apache-tomcat/conf/ Catalina/localhost/jasperserver-pro.xml.) Then, make the same change in PostgreSQL using pgAdmin III.

2.6.3 Using an Existing PostgreSQL on a Remote Host

If you are installing to a remote instance of PostgreSQL, you need the PostgreSQL client tools on your local machine. The version of client tools should match the remote PostgreSQL version. You can check the version of PostgreSQL instance by entering this command on the computer where it's installed:

To verify that you can connect to the target remote PostgreSQL from the local installation machine:

- 1. If necessary, install PostgreSQL client tools on your local, JasperReports Server machine.
- 2. Using your local PostgreSQL client tools, enter this command:

```
psql -U postgres -h <remote-host> -d postgres
or
<path-to-postgresql-bin-folder>/psql -U postgres -h <remote-host> -d postgres
```

You might also need to enable connections as described in the next section.

2.6.4 Enabling Connections to a Remote Host

On some platforms, the default PostgreSQL installation doesn't allow remote connections (as a security feature). You need to enable remote connections as described in this documentation:

- The PostgreSQL configuration documentation on the PostgreSQL web site
- The \docs directory of your PostgreSQL installation

To enable connections from the installation machine to the remote PostgreSQL server:

 Locate the following PostgreSQL host-based authentication (hba) configuration file on the remote PostgreSQL server instance:

```
Windows: C:\Program Files\PostgreSQL\9.0\data\pg_hba.conf Linux: /var/lib/pgsql/data/pg_hba.conf
```

2. Add the IP address of your local JasperReports Server installation machine to this file. For example, to allow the local installation machine with address 192.168.12.10 to connect to the PostgreSQL server, add this entry to the pg_hba.conf file:

```
host all all 192.168.12.10/32 trust
```

3. Allow TCP/IP connections to the remote PostgreSQL server instance by making the following change to the postgresql.conf file on the remote machine:

```
From: listen_addresses = 'localhost'
To: listen addresses = '*'
```

- 4. Restart PostgreSQL.
- 5. Using your local PostgreSQL client tools, verify that you can connect to the target remote PostgreSQL from the local installation machine, as described in section 2.6.3, "Using an Existing PostgreSQL on a Remote Host," on page 20.

2.7 Installing Sample Data

JasperReports Server can be installed with sample databases and sample reports for evaluating its features. Included are:

- Sugar CRM data that simulates three years of operations for a fictitious company that relies on the SugarCRM open source application.
- Foodmart data that simulates three years of operations for a fictitious company.
- JasperReports Server repository resources such as Reports, OLAP Views, Ad Hoc Topics, Domains, Data Sources, and Input Controls.
- Jaspersoft strongly recommends that you install this data, unless you are not interested in testing or evaluating with the default sample data.

During installation, the following prompt appears:

Would you like to install sample databases and sample reports?

Click Yes to install the sample data, and click Next.

2.8 Installing iReport Designer

iReport Designer is the primary GUI-based JasperReports Library creation tool. The installer pre-configures iReport to communicate with JasperReports Server. iReport communicates with JasperReports Server through a plug-in and can retrieve an existing JasperReports Library from a JasperReports Server instance for editing, uploading, or execution.

During installation, the following prompt appears:

Would you like to install iReport?

If you would like to install iReport, click **Next** to accept the **Yes** option.

The components are now ready for installation. Click **Install** or **Next** to continue. Installation can take a number of minutes.

2.9 Completing the Installation

After the files have been installed, you see the final installation screen. There are several post-installation options:

• Launch JasperReports Server Now - If you choose to launch JasperReports Server from the installer, the installer exits and the application server starts if you chose the bundled Tomcat and PostgreSQL. A pause that lasts approximately 25 seconds occurs as the server starts up, then the login page appears in your system default browser. If you're installing under Linux, do not close the terminal window running the start script. For information about logging in, see section 3.4, "Logging into JasperReports Server," on page 27.



The Launch JasperReports Server Now check box option will only be displayed if you have chosen to install a bundled Tomcat and a bundled PostgreSQL. The menu based start/stop scripts only control the bundled applications that you chose to be installed. For more information, see Chapter 3, "Starting and Stopping JasperReports Server," on page 25.

• Opt-in for JasperServer Heartbeat - When the heartbeat is enabled, the server sends anonymous system and version information to Jaspersoft using https. JasperReports Server heartbeat information helps Jaspersoft create better products by improving our understanding of customer installation environments. For more information, see section 5.5.1, "JasperReports Server Heartbeat," on page 38.

Make your choices, then click Finish.

You should now be ready to log into the server.

2.10 Post-Installation Steps

2.10.1 Updates Made by the Installer During Installation

This section lists the standard updates that the installer makes to your local environment if you install to existing applications. When the installation completes, you can check that the updates, or corresponding changes, were successful.

Updates made to the application server

If you installed to an existing Tomcat, the following modifications to the Tomcat environment were attempted:

File or Directory	Updates
Windows: bin/setclasspath.bat Linux and Mac OSX: bin/setclasspath.sh	Modifies JAVA_OPTS to add -Djs.license.directory.
Windows: bin/setenv.bat Linux and Mac OSX: bin/setevn.sh	Creates this file. Sets increased Java memory allocation values to JAVA_OPTS. For additional settings, refer to section 6.2, "Setting JVM Options for Application Servers," on page 50.
Tomcat 5: common/lib Tomcat 6 and 7: lib	Adds PostgreSQL JDBC driver to this directory.

Updates made to the PostgreSQL database

If you installed to an existing PostgreSQL database, new schemas and users are created in your database instance:

PostgreSQL Updates	Description
Database jasperserver created	This is the JasperReports Server repository database. This database holds all of system information, such as users, roles, datasources, and report definitions.
Database user jasperdb created	The JasperReports Server application uses this user to connect to the database.
Sample database foodmart created	(optional) Database created if install sample data option was chosen.
Sample database sugarcrm created	(optional) Database created if install sample data option was chosen.

2.10.2 Installer Output Log File Location

The installer creates a log during installation that records information as the installation progresses. If you encounter any problems when you install JasperReports Server, it can be helpful to look at the installer log. You can find the installer log at <js-install>/installation.log.

2.10.3 Installing a New License File

By default, JasperReports Server is installed with an evaluation license that expires a number of days after the software is installed. After the license expires, you can start the server, but you cannot log in.

To obtain a commercial license, contact Technical Support or your sales representative.

To upgrade the evaluation license to a commercial one, copy the commercial license file over the evaluation license file. Application servers have work directories where JSP files are compiled and cached and other objects are stored. These directories can cause errors when updating to a new license. To avoid errors, clear the work directory before upgrading your license. For instance, if you're using Tomcat:

- Change directory to <tomcat>/work.
- 2. Delete all the files in the directory.

By default, the license is in the <js-install> directory, but can be located elsewhere. You need to define the -Djs.license.directory Java Environment Variable in the Tomcat startup scripts to point to the license location. The name of the license file is jasperserver.license. You may have to rename the new license file to this name.

Restart JasperReports Server and log in to see if the license grants access. For information about license errors, see the troubleshooting section A.9, "License-related Errors," on page 155.

For additional license configuration options, refer to section 6.3, "Setting Up the JasperReports Server License," on page 54.

2.10.4 License File for Existing Tomcat as Windows Service

If you are installing JasperReports Server into an existing Tomcat installation on a Windows system that is running as a Windows Service *and* the license file is not in the default location because you did not choose the default <js-install> installation directory (section 2.4, "Choosing an Installation Directory," on page 18), you will probably have to manually configure Tomcat to locate the license file.

Follow these steps to examine and update the license location:

- Open the Tomcat configuration tool by right-clicking the Tomcat icon in your quick-launch bar (usually in the lower-right corner of your desktop) or from the Windows 7 menu, expand Start > All Programs > Apache Tomcat. Right-click Configure Tomcat and select Run as administrator.
- 2. Select the **Java** tab.
- 3. At the bottom of the **Java Options** field, enter the following option:

```
-Djs.license.directory=<js-install>
```

For example:

- -Djs.license.directory=C:\Program Files\jasperreports-server-5.0
- 4. Stop and restart the application server.

You should now be able to run JasperReports Server.

2.10.5 Checking your Java JVM Options

For both the bundled Tomcat and the existing Tomcat, the installer attempts to set Java JVM options to help with memory allocation. You can double-check the values set to see that they are appropriate for your installation. If you installed a bundled version of Tomcat from the installer, these are the default Java JVM options for heap memory allocation:

Installer Type	Setting	File Location
32 bit (x86) Windows	-Xms512m -Xmx1280m -XX:MaxPermSize=256m	<js-install>/apache-tomcat/bin/service.bat</js-install>
32 bit (x86) Linux and Mac OSX	-Xms512m -Xmx1280m -XX:MaxPermSize=256m	<js-install>/apache-tomcat/scripts/ctl.sh</js-install>

Installer Type	Setting	File Location
64 bit (x64) Windows	-Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m	<js-install>/apache-tomcat/bin/service.bat</js-install>
64 bit (x64) Linux and Mac OSX	-Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m	<js-install>/apache-tomcat/scripts/ctl.sh</js-install>

CHAPTER 3 STARTING AND STOPPING JASPERREPORTS SERVER

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Start/Stop Menu Windows
- Start/Stop Scripts Linux
- Start/Stop Apps Mac OSX
- Logging into JasperReports Server
- Starting the Included Jaspersoft iReport Designer
- JasperReports Server Log Files

3.1 Start/Stop Menu — Windows

This section describes different start and stop procedures depending on how you installed JasperReports Server: using the bundled Tomcat and PostgreSQL or using an existing Tomcat and PostgreSQL.

3.1.1 Start/Stop Menus — Bundled Tomcat and PostgreSQL

If you chose to install a bundled Tomcat and a bundled PostgreSQL with JasperReports Server, use the Windows Start menu items to start and stop JasperReports Server.

To start or stop JasperReports Server from the Windows Start menu:

- Click Start > All Programs > JasperReports Server 5.0 > Start or Stop Services > Start Service.
- Click Start > All Programs > JasperReports Server 5.0 > Start or Stop Services > Stop Service.

3.1.2 Additional Information about the Bundled Tomcat and PostgreSQL

The Windows Control Panel—Services lists entries for Tomcat and PostgreSQL, which are installed as Windows Services by the JasperReports Server installer. These services are listed as:

- jasperreportsTomcat
- jasperreportsPostgreSQL

By default, these services are started automatically when you reboot. Consequently, the JasperReports Server also automatically restarts. You can change the startup mode for the services from automatic to manual.

To prevent JasperReports Server from starting up automatically:

1. In the Control Panel—Services, select jasperreportsTomcat.

- Right-click the jasperreportsTomcat service, and select properties.
- 3. Change the Startup type drop-down setting Automatic to Manual.

When JasperReports Server is running, the Windows Task Manager lists information about the processes running under the SYSTEM user name:

- postgres.exe
- tomcat6.exe

3.1.3 Start/Stop Scripts — No Bundled Applications

During installation, if you chose to install one bundled and one existing Tomcat or PostgreSQL, you can use the Windows start/stop scripts to start and stop only the bundled one.

For example, if you have an existing Tomcat and you install the bundled PostgreSQL, the scripts and menus specified in the previous section would start and stop the PostgreSQL application. To start and stop the existing Tomcat, you would use the management scripts provided by the Tomcat application.



JasperReports Server needs to have database and application servers started in this order:

- First, start the database server.
- Next, start the application server.

3.2 Start/Stop Scripts — Linux

This section describes different start and stop procedures depending on how you installed JasperReports Server: using the bundled Tomcat and PostgreSQL or using an existing Tomcat and PostgreSQL.

3.2.1 Manual Start/Stop

You typically start and stop JasperReports Server at the Linux command line. Run the following commands in a Linux shell.

Start JasperReports Server:

```
cd <js-install>
./ctlscript.sh start
```

Stop JasperReports Server:

```
cd <js-install>
./ctlscript.sh stop
```

To start and stop individual components:

```
cd <js-install>
./ctlscript.sh start|stop postgresql
./ctlscript.sh start|stop tomcat
```

3.2.2 Auto Start/Stop with Bundled Tomcat and PostgreSQL

To have JasperReports Server automatically start when you reboot your Linux server, you need to install the JRS database and application server as services. If you have installed JasperReports Server using the binary installer with the bundled Tomcat and bundled PostgreSQL options, an example jasperserver service script can be found in the following location:

```
<js-install>/scripts/linux/jasperserver
```

Edit this script and set permissions as described in the <js-install>/scripts/linux/readme file in the same location.

Once installed, these services are started automatically when you reboot. Consequently, the JasperReports Server also automatically restarts.

3.3 Start/Stop Apps — Mac OSX

After you complete the Mac OSX installation, you typically find JasperReports Server installed in the following location: /Applications/jasperreports-server-5.0

When JasperReports Server is running, you can see the names of the Java and PostgreSQL processes in the Activity Monitor.

To start JasperReports Server, locate this folder in Finder and double-click the following app:

```
jasperServerStart.app
```

To stop JasperReports Server, locate this folder in Finder and double-click the following app: jasperServerStop.app

The Mac lists the following information in the Activity Monitor:

java

or

org.apache.catalina.startup.Bootstrap

postgres

3.3.1 Start/Stop Apps — Mac Dock

Using Finder, move the following apps into the Mac Dock to start, stop, and login to JasperReports Server:

- jasperServerStart.app
- jasperServerStop.app
- jasperServerLogin.app

3.3.2 Start/Stop JasperReports Server — Mac Terminal Shell

To start and stop JasperReports Server using the Mac terminal shell:

- 1. Open a Terminal shell (Finder > Go > Utilities > Terminal Icon).
- Navigate to the <js-install> folder. For instance: /Applications/jasperreports-server-<ver>
- 3. To start PostgreSQL, Tomcat, and JasperReports Server, enter:

```
./ctlscript.sh start
```

4. To shutdown PostgreSQL, Tomcat, and JasperReports Server, enter:

```
./ctlscript.sh stop
```

5. To start and stop individual components:

```
cd <js-install>
./ctlscript.sh start|stop postgresql
./ctlscript.sh start|stop tomcat
```

3.4 Logging into JasperReports Server

To log into JasperReports Server on any operating system:

- 1. Start JasperReports Server.
- 2. Open a supported browser: Firefox, Internet Explorer, Chrome, and Safari.
- 3. Log into JasperReports Server by entering the startup URL in your browser's address field. The URL depends upon your application server. If you installed the default, bundled Tomcat use:

http://<hostname>:8080/jasperserver-pro

<nostname> is the name or IP address of the computer hosting JasperReports Server.

• 8080 is the default port number for the Apache Tomcat application server. If you used a different port when installing your application server, specify its port number instead of 8080.

The login page appears.

4. Log in using the following credentials:

User ID	Password	Description	
superuser System-wide administrator		System-wide administrator	
jasperadmin	jasperadmin	Administrator for the default organization	

If you installed the sample data, these additional sample end-users are also created. These users are non-administrative users who have fewer system privileges than an administrative user.

User ID	Password	Description	
joeuser	joeuser	Sample end-user	
demo	demo	Sample end-user for the SuperMart Dashboard demonstration	



When you complete the evaluation or testing of your JasperReports Server instance, change the administrator and superuser passwords (jasperadmin and superuser) and remove any sample end-users. Leaving the default passwords and end-users in place weakens the security of your installation.

To log into JasperReports Server on Windows:

On Windows, you can launch the login page from the desktop of the JasperReports Server host computer by clicking **Start > All Programs > JasperReports Server 5.0 > JasperReports Server Login**.

To log into JasperReports Server on Mac OSX:

On Mac OSX, you can launch the login page by going to Finder and clicking the following script:

/Applications/<js-install>/jasperServerLogin

For example: /Applications/jasperreports-server-5.0/jasperServerLogin

To use the Dock to log into JasperReports Server:

From Finder, you can drag the /Applications/<js-install>/jasperServerLogin.app to the Dock to handle logging into JasperReports Server using your default system browser.

3.5 Starting the Included Jaspersoft iReport Designer

This section describes how to start the iReport Designer that you installed using the JasperReports Server installer.

Windows:

Click Start > All Programs > JasperReports Server 5.0 > Start iReport Designer.

Linux:

Enter the following commands in a terminal window:

```
cd <js-install>
ireport/bin/iReportLoader.sh
```

Mac OSX:

- 1. From Finder, double-click the iReport-mac.dmg file in the root of the JasperReports Server installation. A new window appears.
- 2. Double-click the iReport Designer application.

3.6 JasperReports Server Log Files

Log files contain important information about JasperReports Server operations. If your application server is Tomcat, JBoss, or GlassFish, the log output goes to one of the following files:

Tomcat: <tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/logs/jasperserver.log

JBoss: <jbosy>/server/default/deploy/jasperserver-pro.war/WEB-INF/logs/jasperserver.log

GlassFish: <glassfish>/domains/domain1/autodeploy/jasperserver-pro.war/WEB-INF/logs/jasperserver.log

You can configure the log outputs and logging levels in the log4j.properties file in the WEB-INF folder.

To change the logging levels while you are running JasperReports Server:

1. Browse to http://<hostname>:8080/jasperserver-pro/log_settings.html.

The Log Settings page appears.

2. Change logging levels using the drop-down menus.

Changes to logging levels affect only the current session of JasperReports Server. Logging levels revert to default settings as defined in the properties files at the next startup.

For more information about system logging, see the JasperReports Server Administrator Guide.

CHAPTER 4 UNINSTALLING JASPERREPORTS SERVER

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Windows
- Linux
- Mac OSX
- Uninstall Survey

4.1 Windows

To uninstall JasperReports Server on Windows 7:

Click Start > All Programs > JasperReports Server 5.0 > Uninstall JasperReports Server.

To uninstall JasperReports Server on Windows XP:

- 1. Click Start > All Programs > JasperReports Server 5.0 > Uninstall JasperReports Server.
 - Typically a popup window asks which user account to run as.
- 2. Uncheck the check box that says:

Protect my computer and data from unauthorized program activity



The uninstaller will not execute if **Protect my computer and data from unauthorized program activity** is checked.

4.2 Linux

Under Linux, the <js-install> folder includes an executable that removes JasperReports Server from the host.

To uninstall JasperReports Server:

- 1. From the command line, log in as the root user (or any user with sufficient privileges).
- 2. Enter the following commands:

```
cd <js-install>
```

./uninstall

3. Respond Y or yes to the prompt that asks if you want to remove JasperReports Server from this computer.

4.3 Mac OSX

To use Finder to uninstall JasperReports Server:

- Navigate to the <js-install> folder.
 For example: /Applications/jasperreports-server-5.0
- 2. Click the uninstall.app to launch the uninstaller.

4.4 Uninstall Survey

After running the uninstaller, you are prompted to take an uninstall survey from Jaspersoft. Survey answers are anonymous and help Jaspersoft improve the products we make. When you click **Yes**, the survey launches on the Jaspersoft web site in a new browser window. Select all the reasons that led you to uninstall JasperReports Server, or enter a short explanation if none match. Thank you for your feedback.

CHAPTER 5 INSTALLING THE WAR FILE DISTRIBUTION

In addition to the installer binaries, you can install the JasperReports Server application using the stand-alone WAR file distribution. For production environments, use the WAR file distribution. Download the WAR file distribution from <u>Jaspersoft technical support</u>, or contact your sales representative. The WAR file distribution comes in a file named jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip in compressed ZIP format.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Applications Supported by the WAR File Distribution
- Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts
- Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts
- Starting JasperReports Server
- Logging into JasperReports Server
- Installing the WAR File Manually
- Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration
- · Running the Import and Export Utilities

5.1 Applications Supported by the WAR File Distribution

5.1.1 Database and Application Server Support

The instructions in this and subsequent chapters support the following configurations:

Database	Application Server	Instructions Located In
PostgreSQL MySQL DB2	Apache Tomcat JBoss GlassFish	This chapter.
Oracle	WebSphere	Chapter 7, "Installing the WAR File for WebSphere," on page 67
SQL Server	WebLogic	Chapter 8, "Installing the WAR File for WebLogic," on page 81

For version information about these databases and application servers refer to the release notes in the root of the unpacked distribution ZIP.

5.1.2 Operating System Support for Bash Shell

JasperReports Server is a Java Web Application. Therefore, it supports all operating system platforms where Java is fully supported. However, for the js-install shell scripts (described in the section below), the default shell required is the bash shell. Here is a list of shells required:

Operating System	Required Shell for js- install scripts	System Default Shell	Script to Run
Windows	CMD shell	CMD shell	js-install.bat
Linux	Bash shell	Bash shell	js-install.sh
Solaris	Bash shell	Korn shell (ksh)	js-install.sh
IBM AIX	Bash shell	Korn shell (ksh)	js-install.sh
HP UX	Bash shell	Posix shell (posix/sh)	js-install.sh
FreeBSD	Bash shell	C shell (tcsh)	js-install.sh

5.2 Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts

Follow the steps in this procedure to install JasperReports Server using WAR file distribution. The js-install shell scripts, supported on Windows, Linux, and Mac OSX, do most of the work for you.

To meet prerequisites for installing the WAR file:

- 1. Install the Oracle/Sun Java JDK 1.6 or 1.7. There are known issues with other Java implementations such as OpenJDK.
- Create and set the JAVA_HOME system environment variable to point to the JDK.
- 3. Locate or install one of the following application servers:
 - Apache Tomcat 5.5, 6, or 7
 - JBoss 5.1 or 7.1
 - Glassfish 2.1 or 3.0 using the default domain (domain1)

If you use GlassFish 3.1.0 or a custom domain, see section A.8.6, "GlassFish Modifications," on page 151.

4. Locate or install PostgreSQL, MySQL, Oracle, SQL Server, or DB2 database. If you use DB2, follow the steps in section 5.3, "Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts," on page 37.



The target database can be on a remote server. The application server should reside on the local machine.

- 5. If you use MySQL:
 - a. Download the JDBC driver, mysql-connector-java-5.1.17-bin.jar or later. This web site is a source for the JDBC driver:

http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/connector/j/

PostgreSQL, Oracle, SQL Server, or DB2 users can skip this step. JDBC drivers for these databases are included in the WAR file distribution.

b. Place the MySQL driver in <js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/mysql/jdbc.

If you would like to run a pre-install validation test, you can run js-install.bat test or a similar command. For more information about how to perform a validation test in your environment, see section **5.7.3.1**, "js-install Script Test Mode," on page 41.

To install the WAR file using js-install scripts:

The scripts are intended for the bash shell.



If installing to non-linux Unix platforms such as HP-UX, IBM AIX, FreeBSD, or Solaris the bash shell is required for using the js-install scripts.

- 1. Extract all files from jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip. Choose a destination, such as C:\Jaspersoft on Windows, /home/<user> on Linux, or /Applications on Mac OSX.
 - The directory, jasperreports-server-5.0-bin, appears in the file location you choose.
- 2. Copy the <database>_master.properties file for your database from sample_conf and paste it to buildomatic:
 - Copy from <js-install>/buildomatic/sample_conf/
 - Paste to <js-install>/buildomatic

For example, copy postgresql_master.properties to <js-install>/buildomatic.

- 3. Rename the file you copied to default master.properties.
- 4. Edit the default_master.properties file to add the settings for your database and application server. **Table 5-1** lists sample property values for each supported database.

Table 5-1 Sample Values for the default_master.properties File

Database	Sample Property Values
PostgreSQL	<pre>appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat5, jboss, jboss7, glassfish2, glassfish3, skipAppServerCheck[†]] appServerDir=c:\\Program Files\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat 7[‡] dbHost=localhost dbUsername=postgres dbPassword=postgres</pre>
MySQL	<pre>appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat5, jboss, jboss7, glassfish2, glassfish3, skipAppServerCheck†] appServerDir=c:\\Program Files\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat 7[‡] dbUsername=root dbPassword=password dbHost=localhost</pre>
Oracle*	appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat5, jboss, jboss7, glassfish2, glassfish3, skipAppServerCheck [†]] appServerDir=c:\\Program Files\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat 7 [†] sysUsername=system sysPassword=password dbUsername=jasperserver dbPassword=password dbHost=hostname
DB2	appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat5, jboss, jboss7, glassfish2, glassfish3, skipAppServerCheck†] appServerDir=c:\\Program Files\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat 7 [‡] dbUsername=db2admin dbPassword=password dbHost=localhost If you use DB2, follow the steps in section 5.3, "Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts," on page 37 For DB2 8.x, change your deployed JDBC driver as described in section 6.4.3.1, "DB2 8.x Driver Example," on page 58.

Table 5-1 Sample Values for the default_master.properties File

Database	Sample Property Values
SQL Server	<pre>appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat5, jboss, jboss7, glassfish2, glassfish3, skipAppServerCheck[†]] appServerDir=c:\\Program Files\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat 7[†] dbUsername=sa dbPassword=sa dbHost=localhost</pre>

- * The dbUsername must be the same as the Oracle user name. In addition, buildomatic will not work with the "sys as sysdba" syntax.
- † When the property appServerType is set to skipAppServerCheck, buildomatic skips any application server validation.
- ‡ Backslashes in paths must be doubled in properties files, for example appServerDir=c:\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat 7.

Valid values for appServerType in the default_master.properties file are:

- tomcat5
- tomcat6
- tomcat7
- jboss (use for JBoss 5.1)
- jboss7
- glassfish2
- glassfish3

Valid values for diagnostic properties are:

- diagnostic.jmx.usePlatformServer = false: Diagnostic configuration (false to use Jaspersoft's built in server, true to use the one provided by your app server)
- diagnostic.jmx.port = 10990: Change this value if you have more than one app server on the same machine running JRS or if the default port is already in use
- diagnostic.jmx.name = jasperserver: Change this if you have more than one instance of JRS on the same app server
- diagnostic.jmx.rmiHost = localhost: Change this to your RMI registry host name or IP, if you want to use a separate one

Refer to the JasperReports Server Administrator Guide for more information on setting these properties.



If Linux Tomcat is installed using apt-get, see section A.8.5, "Tomcat 6 Installed Using apt-get," on page 150.

- 5. Run the js-install scripts.
 - a. Start your database server.
 - b. Stop your application server.
 - c. Open Command Prompt as Administrator on Windows or open a terminal window on Linux and Mac OSX.
 - d. Run the appropriate commands:

Commands	Description
cd <js-install>/buildomatic</js-install>	
<pre>js-install.bat (Windows) ./js-install.sh (Linux and Mac OSX)</pre>	Installs JasperReports Server, sample data, and sample databases (foodmart and sugarcrm)
<pre>js-install.bat minimal (Windows) ./js-install.sh minimal (Linux and Mac OSX)</pre>	Installs JasperReports Server, but does not install sample data and sample databases

If you encounter errors during the js-install script execution, see section 5.7.3, "Error Running js-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh)," on page 40.

- 6. Set Java JVM Options, as described in **6.2**, "Setting JVM Options for Application Servers," on page **50**. This step is required.
- 7. Set up the JasperReports Server License as described in 6.3, "Setting Up the JasperReports Server License," on page 54. This step is required.



To view the output log, look in this location: <js-install>/buildomatic/logs/js-install-<date>--<number>.log

5.3 Additional Steps for Using DB2 and js-install Scripts

The buildomatic scripts cannot automatically connect to a remote DB2 database and carry out Admin operations, so you have to perform additional steps to create the databases.

The DB2 client software, db2 or db2cmd, can be used to interact with DB2.

1. Enter commands similar to the ones below in the DB2 command window to create and initialize the repository database, called jsprsrvr in DB2 to conform to the 8-character limitation:

```
db2 create database jsprsrvr using codeset utf-8 territory us pagesize 16384
```

2. (Optional) Run the following commands in the DB2 command window if you want to install sample databases:

```
db2 create database sugarcrm
db2 create database foodmart
```

3. Now, continue installing JasperReports Server as described in section 5.2, "Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts," on page 34.

Further considerations:

- If you are using DB2 8.1, set the LOGFIL_SIZ parameter to a minimum of 3000 to avoid possible log file errors while loading the foodmart database. Configure your foodmart database right after creating it by using Control Center.
- If JasperReports Server is deployed on the same host as DB2, delete the following file to avoid conflicts: <db2>/SQLLIB/java/db2jcc.jar

5.4 Starting JasperReports Server

To run JasperReports Server:

JBoss:

1. First, start your application server using one of these commands:

Tomcat: Windows <tomcat>/bin/startup.bat

Linux and Mac OSX <tomcat>/bin/startup.sh
Windows <jbos>/bin/run.bat

Linux and Mac OSX <jboss>/bin/run.sh

GlassFish: Windows, Linux, and Mac OSX asadmin start-domain domain1

2. Start JasperReports Server as described in Chapter 3, "Starting and Stopping JasperReports Server," on page 25.

To view the JasperReports Server application logs, see section 3.6, "JasperReports Server Log Files," on page 29.

5.5 Logging into JasperReports Server

After JasperReports Server starts up, login by going to this URL:

http://<hostname>:8080/jasperserver-pro

Example:

http://localhost:8080/jasperserver-pro

http://jasperserver.example.com:8080/jasperserver-pro

The login page appears after compiling the necessary JSP file.

Use one of the following sets of credentials to log into JasperReports Server:

User ID	Password	Description
superuser	superuser	System-wide administrator
jasperadmin	jasperadmin	Administrator for the default organization

If you logged in successfully, your JasperReports Server home page appears.



When you complete the evaluation or testing of your JasperReports Server instance, change the administrator and superuser passwords (jasperadmin and superuser) and remove any sample end-users. Leaving the default passwords and end-users in place weakens the security of your installation.

Refer to the JasperReports Server User Guide to begin adding reports and other objects to the server.

5.5.1 JasperReports Server Heartbeat

After initially logging into JasperReports Server, you are asked to opt-in to the JasperReports Server Heartbeat.

To opt-in, click **OK**. To opt-out, click the check box to remove the check and click **OK**.

The heartbeat helps Jaspersoft understand customer installation environments to improve our products. If you choose to enable the heartbeat, an HTTPS call at server startup time sends information like this to Jaspersoft:

- Operating System type and version
- JVM type and version
- Application Server type and version
- Database type and version
- JasperReports Server type and version
- Unique, anonymous identifier value

You can manually enable or disable the heartbeat by modifying the following bean in jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/applicationContext-logging.xml file:

```
bean id = "heartBean"
```

To disable the heartbeat, set the enabled property of the heartbean to false:

```
cproperty name="enabled" value="false"/>
```

For additional information about enabling and disabling the heartbeat component, see the *JasperReports Server Administrator Guide*.

5.6 Installing the WAR File Manually

In some case, you may need to install the WAR file manually when you cannot use the js-install scripts.

The manual buildomatic steps described in this procedure execute the same Ant targets as the js-install scripts (js-install.sh/.bat). The procedure shows which buildomatic targets to execute manually if, for some reason, you are unable to use the js-install scripts.

If you're using MySQL, place a MySQL JDBC driver in <js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/mysql/jdbc.

To install the WAR file distribution using the manual buildomatic steps:

- 1. Start your database server.
- 2. Stop your application server.
- 3. Create and edit a default_master.properties file to add the settings in for your database and application server as described in 5.2, "Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts," on page 34.
- 4. Open a Command Prompt as Administrator on Windows or open a terminal window on Linux and Mac OSX, and run these commands:

Table 5-2 Buildomatic Targets to Execute to Install the WAR File

Commands	Description
cd <js-install>/buildomatic</js-install>	Makes the buildomatic directory your current directory.
js-ant create-js-db	Creates the JasperReports Server repository database.
js-ant create-sugarcrm-db	(Optional) Creates the sample databases.
js-ant create-foodmart-db	
js-ant load-sugarcrm-db	(Optional) Loads sample data into the sample databases.
js-ant load-foodmart-db	
js-ant update-foodmart-db	
js-ant init-js-db-pro	Initializes the jasperserver database, loads core
js-ant import-minimal-pro	application data. Running js-ant import-minimal-pro is mandatory. The server cannot function without this data.
js-ant import-sample-data-pro	(Optional) Loads the demos that use the sample data.
js-ant deploy-webapp-pro	Configures and deploys the WAR file to Tomcat, JBoss, or Glassfish.



On non-Linux Unix platforms, the js-ant commands may not be compatible with all shells. If you have errors, use the bash shell explicitly. For more information, see section A.4, "Bash Shell for Solaris, IBM AIX, HP UX and FreeBSD," on page 143.

If you encounter an error when running create-sugarcrm-db, create-foodmart-db, or create-js-db, you can create the JasperReports Server database manually using the database administration tool for your particular database type. To create the JasperReports Server database manually for PostgreSQL, MySQL, Oracle, SQL Server, and DB2, see section 6.1, "Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database," on page 45.

If you have previously installed the databases, you can drop the old versions and then recreate the databases. To do this, run the following drop commands before running the commands in **Table 5-2**:

Table 5-3 Buildomatic Targets to Execute to Delete Sample Databases

Commands	Description
js-ant drop-js-db	(Optional) Deletes the JasperReports Server repository database.
js-ant drop-sugarcrm-db	(Optional) Deletes the sample databases.
js-ant drop-foodmart-db	

- 5. Set Java JVM Options, as described in section 6.2, "Setting JVM Options for Application Servers," on page 50. This step is required.
- 6. Set up the JasperReports Server License as described in section 6.3, "Setting Up the JasperReports Server License," on page 54. This step is required.

5.7 Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration

This section describes the most common installation problems.

5.7.1 JasperReports Server Startup Problems

If you encounter a problem trying to run a new JasperReports Server, an incorrect database configuration is the likely culprit. Another common cause is a mistake in the application server configuration files. For information about resolving these types of errors, see **Appendix A**, "**Troubleshooting**," on page 141.

5.7.2 Error Running a Report

If you have trouble running reports in your new JasperReports Server instance, see section A.7.13, "Error Running a Report" in Appendix A, "Troubleshooting," on page 141.

5.7.3 Error Running js-install Scripts (js-install.bat/sh)

The js-install script creates an output log that captures standard output and error output. If you encounter problems during the execution of the script, or if you want to remember which options you chose, open the output log file.

To troubleshoot problems running js-install scripts:

- 1. Open the output log file located in:
 - <js-install>/buildomatic/logs/js-install-<date>-<number>.log
- 2. Try to find the first error encountered by the js-install steps.
 - a. Go to the end of the output log.
 - b. Scroll back through lines of error messages until you find the first error logged. Typically, this error causes more errors later in the log.

Finding the original error is critical to understanding the problem and often difficult because the output log tends to be long. The js-install scripts execute a Java-based import operation that puts required minimal and optional sample data in place. Unfortunately, Java stack traces can be very long. Additionally, JasperReports Server uses the Spring framework for flexibility in tying application components together. An error that involves a Spring initialization XML file can also cause a long stack trace.

Incorrect settings in the default_master.properties file cause most problems, which you correct can correct by recreating your default_master.properties settings. Common errors are:

- Typos in the path for the application server
- Misspelling the hostname or password for the database

To recreate your default_master.properties settings:

- 1. Open the file in <js-install>/buildomatic, make corrections, and save it.
- 2. Re-run the js-install script.

The is-install script uses the current values in the default master properties file.

To help isolate errors, run the js-install scripts in test mode.

5.7.3.1 js-install Script Test Mode

You can run the js-install and js-upgrade scripts in test mode using the test option. In test mode, the js-install scripts check your default_master.properties settings and validate the application server location and connection to the specified database. Using test mode can help debug issues, such as an incorrect database password. Your system isn't altered when executing the script in test mode.

To run the js-install script in test mode on Windows:

1. Navigate to the buildomatic directory:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic
```

2. Enter the following command to run the js-install script in test mode:

```
js-install.bat test
```

To run the js-install script in test mode on Linux or Mac OSX:

1. Navigate to the buildomatic directory:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic
```

2. Enter the following command to run the js-install script in test mode:

```
./js-install.sh test
```

5.7.4 Problem Connecting to a Cloud Database Instance

A cloud database instance (such as Amazon EC2) typically disables unused IP ports. When the js-install script runs, it validates the database hostname using the built-in ant operation <isreachable>. This operation is similar to a network ping and may cause a hang issue if the port is unavailable. In this case, the validateHost step can be commented out in the buildomatic/validation.xml file. See the comment in the do-pre-install-test target.

5.8 Running the Import and Export Utilities

The buildomatic scripts automatically configure the database information needed by the buildomatic import and export functionality. This functionality is invoked through ant targets used by buildomatic. The scripts for importing and exporting repository content are located in the following directory:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic
```

This section describes the Ant targets and parameter settings you need to specify to send the options to the import and export commands. For complete information about the import-export options, see the *JasperReports Server Administrator Guide*.

5.8.1 Running Export from Buildomatic

The export target for ant has the following syntax:

```
Windows: js-ant export -DexportFile=<filename> -DexportArgs="<export-options>"
Linux and
Mac OSX: ./js-ant export -DexportFile=<filename> -DexportArgs=\"<export-options>\"
```

The export file format is a ZIP file or a set of files under a new directory name. If you specify the .zip extension for your output filename, a ZIP archive is created automatically. Otherwise, a directory with files and sub-directories is created as a uncompressed set of files.



When performing an export using js-ant, Jaspersoft recommends you stop your server instance before running the export utility.

The exportArgs argument requires double quotation marks (") and can contain more than one export option, as shown in these Windows examples:

On Linux, all double quotation marks (") and other characters, such as the vertical bar (|), which separates login user and organization names must be escaped with a backslash (\). In addition, when listing user names, enclose the list in single quotation marks ('), as shown in this Linux example:

```
./js-ant export-help-pro

./js-ant export -DexportFile=my-reports-and-users.zip
    -DexportArgs=\"--uris /organizations/organization_1/reports
    --users 'jasperadmin\|organization_1,joeuser\|organization_1'\"
```

5.8.2 Running Import from Buildomatic

The import target for ant has the following syntax:

```
Windows: js-ant import -DimportFile=<filename> [-DimportArgs="<import-options>"]
Linux and
Mac OSX: ./js-ant import -DimportFile=<filename> [-DimportArgs=\"<import-options>\"]
```

The imported file is handled as a ZIP archive if its name ends in .zip, otherwise it is handled as a directory. The importArgs argument is optional and can contain more than one import option. On Linux, all double quotation marks (") must be escaped with a backslash (\).



When performing an import using js-ant, the server must be stopped to avoid issues with caches, configuration, and security.

The following examples are typical import commands on Windows:

```
js-ant import-help-pro

js-ant import -DimportFile=my-reports.zip

js-ant import -DimportFile=my-datasources -DimportArgs="--update"
```

The following examples are typical import commands on Linux:

```
./js-ant import-help-pro

./js-ant import -DimportFile=my-reports.zip

./js-ant import -DimportFile=my-datasources.zip -DimportArgs=\"--update\"
```

5.8.3 Running the Import-Export Shell Scripts

The import-export shell scripts are distinct from the buildomatic Ant import-export functionality. If you installed JasperReports Server using the WAR file distribution, you typically need to configure the import-export shell scripts, as described in **Chapter 15**, "**Configuring the Import-Export Utilities**," **on page 135**. For instance, you probably need to specify a JDBC driver for your database that is different from the one specified in the script.



The JDBC drivers are not in place for the MySQL database. You need to obtain and add it to the installation as described in 5.2, "Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts," on page 34.

If you installed JasperReports Server using the binary installer, the scripts are already properly configured.

These import-export shell scripts are available for Windows and Linux/Mac OSX:

Windows:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/js-export.bat
<js-install>/buildomatic/js-import.bat
```

Linux and Mac OSX:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/js-export.sh
<js-install>/buildomatic/js-import.sh
```

These scripts used to be in the <js-install>/scripts directory.



When importing with js-import, the server must be stopped to avoid issues with caches, configuration, and security. In addition, Jaspersoft strongly recommends you stop the server instance before running the js-export utility.

Run the import-export shell scripts with the help option to list the other options that you can use. For example:

```
js-export.bat --help
js-import.sh --help
```

CHAPTER 6 MANUAL DATABASE CREATION AND OTHER INFORMATION

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database
- Setting JVM Options for Application Servers
- Setting Up the JasperReports Server License
- Locating and Changing Buildomatic Configuration Files
- Configuring Report Scheduling
- Updating XML/A Connection Definitions

6.1 Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database

If you can't use the js-install scripts to create the JasperReports Server database and the sample databases, create them manually.

To manually create the JasperReports Server database:

- 1. Follow these instructions to create the repository database and optional sample databases:
 - 6.1.1, "PostgreSQL 8.x and 9.x," on page 46
 - 6.1.2, "MySQL," on page 46
 - 6.1.3, "Oracle," on page 47
 - 6.1.4, "DB2," on page 48
 - 6.1.5, "SQL Server," on page 49

The commands in these sections have been tested at Jaspersoft, but the commands you need to use on your database instance may be different.

2. If you did not install the optional sample databases, complete the installation by executing these commands:

```
js-ant import-minimal-pro
js-ant deploy-webapp-pro
```

If you installed the optional sample databases, complete the installation by executing this command:

```
js-ant deploy-webapp-pro
```

For more information about executing the Ant scripts, see section 5.6, "Installing the WAR File Manually," on page 39.

3. Set Java JVM Options, as described in section 6.2, "Setting JVM Options for Application Servers," on page 50. This step is required.

4. Set up the JasperReports Server License as described in section 6.3, "Setting Up the JasperReports Server License," on page 54. This step is required.

6.1.1 PostgreSQL 8.x and 9.x

To manually create the JasperReports Server database in PostgreSQL:

 On the Windows, Linux, or Mac OSX command line, enter these commands to create and initialize the JasperReports Server database:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/postgresql

psql -U postgres -W
postgres=#create database jasperserver encoding='utf8';
postgres=#\c jasperserver;
postgres=#\i js-pro-create.ddl
postgres=#\i quartz.ddl
postgres=#\q
```

2. (Optional) Run the following commands if you want to install sample databases:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/postgresql

psql -U postgres -W

postgres=#create database sugarcrm encoding='utf8';

postgres=#create database foodmart encoding='utf8';

postgres=#\c sugarcrm;

postgres=#\i sugarcrm.sql; (first make sure the file is unzipped)

postgres=#\c foodmart;

postgres=#\i foodmart-postqresql.sql; (first make sure the file is unzipped)

postgres=#\i supermart-update.sql;

postgres=#\i supermart-update.sql;

postgres=#\q
```

3. Continue from step 2 in section 6.1, "Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database," on page 45.

6.1.2 MySQL

To manually create the JasperReports Server database in MySQL:

The MySQL client software, mysql.exe or mysql, can be used to interact with the MySQL database.



If you are going to access MySQL on a remote server you should run a command similar to the following grant statement:

```
mysql>grant all on *.* to jasperdb@'%';
```

 On the Windows, Linux, or Mac OSX command line, enter these commands to create and initialize the JasperReports Server database:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/mysql

mysql -u root -p
mysql>create database jasperserver character set utf8;
mysql>grant all on *.* to jasperdb@'%' identified by 'password';
mysql>flush privileges; (reload privilege tables)
mysql>use jasperserver;
mysql>source js-pro-create.ddl
mysql>source quartz.ddl
mysql>exit
```

2. (Optional) Run these commands to install sample databases:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/mysql
mysql -u root -p
mysql>create database sugarcrm;
mysql>create database foodmart;
mysql>use sugarcrm;
mysql>source sugarcrm.sql;(first make sure the file is unzipped)
mysql>use foodmart;
mysql>source foodmart-mysql.sql; (first make sure the file is unzipped)
mysql>source supermart-update.sql;
mysql>source supermart-update.sql;
mysql>exit
```

3. Continue from step 2 in section 6.1, "Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database," on page 45.

6.1.3 Oracle

To manually create the JasperReports Server database in Oracle:

The Oracle client software, sqlplus.exe or sqlplus, can be used to interact with Oracle.

 On the Windows, Linux, or Mac OSX command line, enter these commands to create and initialize the JasperReports Server database:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/oracle

sqlplus /nolog (start sqlplus client)

SQL> connect system/password (use your sysUsername and password)

(or SQL>connect sys/password as sysdba

SQL> create user jasperserver identified by password;

SQL> grant connect, resource to jasperserver;

SQL> connect jasperserver/password@ORCL (use your password, your SID)

SQL> @js-pro-create.ddl

SQL> @quartz.ddl

SQL> exit
```

The sugarcrm database has test data that requires a specific NLS_LANG setting in order to load into Oracle correctly. You will need to set this in your shell environment if you are manually loading the sugarcrm database.



If you build and load the sample databases using buildomatic, the NLS_LANG setting is automatically handled via a JDBC driver setting.

2. Set the NLS_LANG variable that Oracle should use for the sugarcrm database:

Windows: set NLS_LANG=AMERICAN_AMERICA.WE8ISO8859P1
Linux: export NLS_LANG=AMERICAN_AMERICA.WE8ISO8859P1

3. (Optional) Run the following commands if you want to install sample databases:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/oracle

sqlplus /nolog (start sqlplus client)

SQL> connect system/password (use your sysUsername and password)

(or SQL>connect sys/password as sysdba

SQL> create user sugarcrm identified by password;

SQL> create user foodmart identified by password;

SQL> grant connect, resource to sugarcrm;

SQL> grant connect, resource to foodmart;

SQL> grant connect sugarcrm/password@ORCL

SQL> @sugarcrm.sql (First, make sure file is unzipped)

SQL> connect foodmart/password@ORCL

SQL> @foodmart-oracle.sql (First, make sure file is unzipped)

SQL> @supermart-update.sql

SQL> @supermart-update.sql

SQL> exit
```

4. Continue from step 2 in section 6.1, "Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database," on page 45.

6.1.4 DB2

To manually create the JasperReports Server database in DB2:

The DB2 client software, db2 or db2cmd, can be used to interact with DB2.

1. Change to the following directory:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic/install resources/sql/db2
```

2. Enter these commands in the DB2 command window to create and initialize the repository database, called jsprsrvr in DB2 to conform to the 8-character limitation:

```
db2 create database jsprsrvr using codeset utf-8 territory us pagesize 16384 db2 -tf js-pro-create.ddl db2 -tf quartz.ddl
```

3. (Optional) Run the following commands in the DB2 command window if you want to install sample databases:

```
db2 create database sugarcrm
db2 -tf sugarcrm.sql (first make sure file is unzipped)
db2 create database foodmart
db2 -tf foodmart-db2.sql (first make sure file is unzipped)
db2 -tf supermart-update.sql (if script is available)
```

4. Continue from step 2 in section 6.1, "Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database," on page 45.

Further considerations:

- If you are using DB2 8.1, set the LOGFIL_SIZ parameter to at least 3000 to avoid possible log file errors while loading the foodmart database. Configure your foodmart database right after creating it by using Control Center.
- If JasperReports Server is deployed on the same host as DB2, delete the following file to avoid conflicts: <db2>/SQLLIB/java/db2jcc.jar

6.1.5 SQL Server

Using the sqlcmd utility, manually build the jasperserver database.

To manually create the JasperReports Server database in SQL Server:

1. Open a Command Prompt and enter the following commands using the administrator (sa) user name and password.

```
cd <js-install>\buildomatic\install_resources\sql\sqlserver

sqlcmd -S ServerName -Usa -Psa
1> CREATE DATABASE [jasperserver]
2> GO

1> USE [jasperserver]
2> GO

1> :r js-pro-create.ddl
2> GO

1> :r quartz.ddl
2> GO
```

- 2. From the Windows Start Menu, select Microsoft SQL Server > SQL Server Management Studio.
- 3. Connect to SQL Server as the administrative database user, jasperdb for example, and check that the jasperserver database appears in the Object Explorer.
- 4. Expand Tables in the jasperserver database, and check that the tables have been added.

To manually create the optional sample databases in SQL Server:

- 1. Extract the files in the sugarcrm.zip file to the level above your current directory, placing the sugarcrm.sql file in this directory:
 - <js-install>\jasperserver\buildomatic\install_resources\sql\sqlserver
- 2. Enter these commands to create and initialize the sugarcrm database:

```
1> CREATE DATABASE [sugarcrm]
2> GO

1> USE [sugarcrm]
2> GO

1> :r sugarcrm.sql
2> GO
```

3. Extract the files in the FoodMartCreateData.zip into your current directory.

4. Enter these commands to create and initialize the foodmart database:

```
1> CREATE DATABASE [foodmart]
2> GO

1> USE [foodmart]
2> GO

1> :r FoodMartCreateData.sql
2> GO
```

5. Continue from step 2 in section 6.1, "Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database," on page 45.

6.2 Setting JVM Options for Application Servers

JasperReports Server is supported on Java 1.6 and 1.7. Java Virtual Machine (JVM) runtime parameters need to be set correctly to avoid conflicts with JasperReports Server's AXIS-based web service classes. These conflicts could cause web services and the resources that rely on them, such as XML/A connections, to fail.

The options you need and how you set them depends on your version of Java, your application server, and how your server is deployed. There is also a setting to support localization when running with an Oracle database.

The settings in this section apply specifically to the Oracle/Sun JVM. Other JVMs may or may not have equivalent settings.



Setting the Oracle localization option, defaultNChar, can substantially impact the performance of JDBC queries. If you do not need to support UTF-8 for your Oracle database, you can omit this setting.

6.2.1 Tomcat and JBoss JVM Options

The following tables present some typical settings of JVM options that affect JasperReports Server. For information about changing a JVM option setting for your particular environment, see your application server documentation.



These example settings are for 64-bit systems. For 32-bit systems, see "Checking your Java JVM Options" on page 23.

JVM Options on Windows		
Options for Java 1.6 and 1.7	set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% -Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:PermSize=32m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m -Xxs2m -XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC -XX:+CMSClassUnloadingEnabled	
For Oracle	set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=true	
Additional options for Java 1.6-1.7 and JBoss	set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% -Djavax.xml.soap.MessageFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.MessageFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPConnectionFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPFactoryImpl	
Additional option for JBoss 5.1	-Djavax.xml.transform.TransformerFactory=org.apache.xalan.processor.TransformerFactoryImpl	

JasperReports Server doesn't provide a virtual X frame buffer on Linux. If your Linux applications are graphical, set the -Djava.awt.headless=true to prevent Java from trying to connect to an X-Server for image processing.

JVM Options	JVM Options on Linux and Mac OSX		
Options for Java 1.6 and 1.7	export JAVA_OPTS="\$JAVA_OPTS -Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:PermSize=32m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m -Xxs2m -XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC -XX:+CMSClassUnloadingEnabled"		
For Oracle	export JAVA_OPTS="\$JAVA_OPTS -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=true"		
Additional options for Java 1.6-1.7 and JBoss	set JAVA_OPTS="\$JAVA_OPTS -Djavax.xml.soap.MessageFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.MessageFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPConnectionFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPFactoryImpl"		
Additional option for JBoss 5.1	-Djavax.xml.transform.TransformerFactory=org.apache.xalan.processor.TransformerFactoryImpl		

There are a number of ways to set JVM options. Sections 6.2.2 - 6.2.5 present step-by-step instructions for performing this task. Alternatively, you can add your JAVA OPTS settings to any one of these files:

File	Add JVM Options After This Line on Windows
<tomcat>/bin/setclasspath.bat</tomcat>	set JAVA_ENDORSED_DIRS=%BASEDIR%\common\endorsed
<tomcat>/bin/setenv.bat</tomcat>	JAVA_OPTS setting can go anywhere in this file.
<jboss>/bin/run.bat (JBoss 5.1)</jboss>	set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% -Dprogram.name=%PROGNAME%
<jboss>/bin/standalone.bat (JBoss 7)</jboss>	rem Setup JBoss specific properties

File	Add JVM Options After This Line on Linux	
<tomcat>/bin/setclasspath.sh</tomcat>	JAVA_ENDORSED_DIRS="\$BASEDIR"/common/endorsed	
<tomcat>/bin/setenv.sh</tomcat>	JAVA_OPTS setting can go anywhere in this file.	
<jboss>/bin/run.sh (JBoss 5.1)</jboss>	export JAVA_OPTS="\$JAVA_OPTS -Dprogram.name=\$PROGNAME"	
<jboss>/bin/standalone.sh (JBoss 7)</jboss>	Add JAVA_OPTS setting before #Display our environment	



The options in this section need to be typed on one line. Do not copy-and-paste them with line breaks.

6.2.2 Changing JVM Options for Bundled Tomcat as a Windows Service

As of release 4.0, the Windows installer binary installs the bundled Tomcat application as a Windows Service by default. The steps to change JVM options are:

- 1. Navigate to this directory:
 - cd <js-install>/apache-tomcat/bin
- 2. Open service.bat for editing.
- 3. Look for the following line to change the JVM heap size, for example:

```
"%EXECUTABLE%" //US//%SERVICE_NAME% --Startup auto --JvmOptions "-Xms1024M;-Xmx1536M;-Xss2M;-Dcatalina.base=%CATALINA_BASE%;-Dcatalina.home=%CATALINA_HOME%;-Djava.endorsed.dirs=%CATALINA_HOME%\endorsed" --StartMode jvm --StopMode jvm
```

4. Update this line to increase the maximum heap size from 1536M to 2048M, for example:

```
-Xmx2048M
```

5. Because Tomcat is installed as a service, you need to re-install the service. From a Windows Command Prompt, enter these commands:

```
cd <js-install>\apache-tomcat\scripts
serviceinstall.bat REMOVE
serviceinstall.bat INSTALL
```

After running these commands in Windows XP, for example, the cmd shell closes after the commands are executed. The Tomcat service is removed and then installed. After execution of the commands, the service is running.

6. Stop and restart PostgreSQL and Tomcat after completing this work as described in Chapter 3, "Starting and Stopping JasperReports Server," on page 25.

6.2.3 Changing JVM Options for Existing Tomcat as a Windows Service

If you installed JasperReports Server to use an existing Tomcat (not the bundled version) that is running as a Windows service, you can set Java options on the Java Tab of the Tomcat Properties dialog:

1. Launch the Tomcat configuration application from the Windows Start menu:

Start > Programs > Apache Tomcat > Configure Tomcat

- 2. In the Apache Tomcat Properties dialog, click the **Java** tab.
- 3. In the Java Options field, add your JAVA_OPTS values according to the table above. Enter only the options preceded by -X or -D, not set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS%. Enter only one Java option setting per line.
- 4. For instance, add options as follows:



These example settings are for 64-bit systems. For 32-bit systems, see "Checking your Java JVM Options" on page 23.

```
-Xms1024m
-Xmx2048m
-XX:PermSize=32m
-XX:MaxPermSize=512m
-Xss2m
```

- 5. Click Apply, then click OK.
- 6. Stop and restart PostgreSQL and Tomcat after completing this work as described in Chapter 3, "Starting and Stopping JasperReports Server," on page 25.

6.2.4 Changing JVM Options for Bundled Tomcat on Linux

If you installed JasperReports Server to use the bundled Tomcat, you can set Java options by editing the appropriate Tomcat configuration script. The steps to change JVM options are:

- 1. Navigate to the scripts directory:
 - cd <js-install>/apache-tomcat/scripts
- 2. Open ctl.sh for editing.
- 3. Look for the start tomcat() function and locate the JAVA OPTS variable inside it.

4. Modify the JAVA OPTS values according to the table above:

```
start_tomcat() {
  is_tomcat_running
  ...
    export JAVA_OPTS="-Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:PermSize=32m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m -
    Xss2m -XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC -XX:+CMSClassUnloadingEnabled"
    ...
}
```



There may be more than one occurrence of the Java_OPTS variable in the ctl.sh file. Make sure to edit the instance inside the start_tomcat() function.

- 5. Save and close the ctl.sh file.
- Stop and restart PostgreSQL and Tomcat as described in Chapter 3, "Starting and Stopping JasperReports Server," on page 25.

6.2.5 Changing GlassFish JVM Options

The following sections describe how to set the JVM options for GlassFish for Java 1.6 and 1.7 using the command line or a configuration file.

6.2.5.1 Setting GlassFish JVM Options with asadmin Command

1. First make sure your GlassFish instance is up and running, then enter the following command as a single line:

```
asadmin create-jvm-options -Xms1024m:-Xmx2048m:-XX\:PermSize=32m:
    -XX\:MaxPermSize=512m:-Xss2m:-XX\:+UseConcMarkSweepGC:
    -XX\:+CMSClassUnloadingEnabled:
    -Djavax.xml.soap.MessageFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.MessageFactoryImpl:
    -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPConnectionFactoryImpl:
    -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPFactoryImpl:
    -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=true
```

If you are not using an Oracle database, you can omit the last option in example above.

2. Restart the application server using the following commands:

```
asadmin stop-domain domain1 asadmin start-domain domain1
```

When running the asadmin create-jvm-options command, error messages like this might appear:

```
[exec] CLI167 Could not create the following jvm options. Options exist:
[exec] -Xmx512m
[exec] CLI137 Command create-jvm-options failed.
```

This message indicates that one of the options specified was already set in the JVM. The command will succeed for all other JVM options on the command line. No further action is necessary.

6.2.5.2 Setting GlassFish JVM Options by Editing domain.xml

1. Open the <glassfish>/domains/domain1/config/domain.xml configuration file for editing.

2. Add the following lines to the section entitled java-config:

```
<jvm-options>-Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:PermSize=32m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m -Xss2
    -XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC -XX:+CMSClassUnloadingEnabled
    -Djavax.xml.soap.MessageFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.MessageFactoryImpl
    -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPConnectionFactoryImpl
    -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPFactoryImpl
    -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=true
</jvm-options>
```

If you are not using an Oracle database, you can omit the last option in example above.

3. If you are modifying the settings for a running instance of GlassFish, restart the application server using the following commands:

```
asadmin stop-domain domain1
asadmin start-domain domain1
```

6.3 Setting Up the JasperReports Server License

JasperReports Server requires a license to run and comes with an evaluation license that is valid for a number of days. Please contact Technical Support or your sales representative to get your commercial license.

The license file is in the following location:

```
<js-install>/jasperserver.license
```

The license file specifies the terms of your license, such as the following:

- Expiration date, number of users, and/or number of CPUs
- Also, features licensed separately from the basic commercial license, such as multi-tenancy

Jaspersoft receives information about your system periodically. The information is used only to monitor compliance with your license. No personal information is collected or transmitted.

6.3.1 Default License Configuration for All Application Servers

At startup time, JasperReports Server automatically looks for the jasperserver.license file in the home directory of the system user who is running the application server. **Table 6-1** lists the application server user home directories for supported operating systems.

To configure the license:

- 1. Stop the application server.
- 2. Copy the jasperserver.license file in <js-install> to the directory for your operating system:

Table 6-1 License Locations

Operating System	Application Server User Home Directory
Linux	/home/ <user>/</user>
Mac OSX	/Users/ <user>/</user>
Windows 7 installing from WAR file	C:\Users\ <user>\</user>
Windows 7 installing from the binary	C:\Users\\
Windows XP	C:\Documents and Settings\ <user>\</user>
Windows 2003	C:\Documents and Settings\ <user>\</user>
Windows 2008	C:\Documents and Settings\ <user>\</user>

6.3.2 User-Defined License Location

If you prefer to put your license in another directory, modify your application server startup script to set a JAVA_OPT value to explicitly point to that directory.

6.3.2.1 Alternate License Setup for Tomcat

If your license is not located in the home directory of the application server user, you can set a JAVA_OPT value to explicitly point to your license.

On Windows:

1. In the file <tomcat>/bin/setclasspath.bat, locate the following line:

```
set JAVA_ENDORSED_DIRS=%BASEDIR%\common\endorsed
```

Alternatively, create an empty file called <tomcat>/bin/setenv.bat.

2. Below that line or in the new file, insert the following line:

```
set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% -Djs.license.directory="<js-install>"
For example:
    set JAVA OPTS=%JAVA OPTS% -Djs.license.directory="C:\jasperserver-bin"
```

On Linux and Mac OSX:

1. In the file <tomcat>/bin/setclasspath.sh, locate the following line:

```
JAVA ENDORSED DIRS="$BASEDIR"/common/endorsed
```

Alternatively, create an empty file called <tomcat>/bin/setenv.sh.

2. Below that line or in the new file, insert the following line:

```
export JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Djs.license.directory=<js-install>"
For example:
    export JAVA OPTS="$JAVA OPTS -Djs.license.directory=/home/user/jasperserver-bin"
```

6.3.2.2 Alternate License Setup for Bundled Tomcat as a Windows Service

As of release 4.0, the bundled Tomcat application that is included with the Windows installer binary is installed as a Windows Service by default. Consequently, the steps required to change the license location are different from those in earlier installer versions.

The location where you will make the JVM edits is different, and after your edits are complete you will need to re-install the Tomcat service.

Here are the commands to change the JasperReports Server bundled Tomcat to point to a different jasperserver.license location:

```
cd <js-install>/apache-tomcat/bin
Edit service.bat
```

Look for the following line (second line of two that set JVM options):

```
"%EXECUTABLE%" //US//%SERVICE_NAME% ++JvmOptions
"-Djs.license.directory=C:\Program Files\jasperreports-server-4.2;
-XX:PermSize=32m;-XX:MaxPermSize=512m;-XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC;
-XX:+CMSClassUnloadingEnabled" "-Djava.io.tmpdir=%CATALINA_BASE%\temp;
-Djava.util.logging.manager=org.apache.juli.ClassLoaderLogManager;
-Djava.util.logging.config.file=%CATALINA_BASE%\conf\logging.properties"
```

Update the line above to point to this example license location:

```
-Djs.license.directory=C:\MyLicenses
```

Because Tomcat is installed as a service, you need to re-install the service. From a Windows cmd shell, enter these commands:

```
cd <js-install>\apache-tomcat\scripts
serviceinstall.bat REMOVE
serviceinstall.bat INSTALL
```

After running each of these commands (in Windows XP testing), the cmd shell was closed after the commands were executed. The Tomcat service was removed and then installed. It was left in a running state after the INSTALL command was executed. You can make these updates whether the services are running or not. But you should stop and restart both PostgreSQL and Tomcat after completing this work. You can use the normal JasperReports Server menu items to stop and start the services.

6.3.2.3 Alternate License Location for Existing Tomcat as a Windows Service

Windows XP:

Some customers have reported that running an existing Tomcat as a Windows Service under Windows XP, they needed to put the license in this location for the server to detect it by default:

C:\Documents and Settings\LocalService\jasperserver.license

This location can be unusual because the LocalService directory is not displayed when you click on the Documents and Settings directory in Windows Explorer. If you go to the Explorer Address Bar and type LocalService, it is displayed. You can copy the jasperserver.license file to this location if your Tomcat as a Windows Service is unable to find the license in the Documents and Settings/<user> location described in the previous sections.

Windows 7:

If you have an existing Tomcat as a Windows Service under Windows 7, copy your license to the root of the C: drive. This is the home folder for the SYSTEM user. The location is:

C:\jasperserver.license

6.3.2.4 Alternate License Setup for JBoss

If your license will not be located in the home directory of the application server user, you can set a JAVA_OPT value to explicitly point to your license.

On Windows:

1. In the file <jboss>/bin/run.bat, locate the following line:

```
set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% -Dprogram.name=%PROGNAME%
```

2. Below that line, insert the following line:

```
set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% -Djs.license.directory="<js-install>"
For example:
set JAVA OPTS=%JAVA OPTS% -Djs.license.directory="C:\jasperserver-bin"
```

On Linux and Mac OSX:

1. In the file <jboss>/bin/run.sh, locate the following line:

```
export JAVA OPTS="$JAVA OPTS -Dprogram.name=$PROGNAME"
```

2. Below that line, insert the following line:

```
export JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Djs.license.directory=<js-install>"
For example:
export JAVA_OPTS="$JAVA_OPTS -Djs.license.directory=/home/user/jasperserver-bin"
```

6.3.3 Additional Evaluation Licenses

The Commercial version of JasperReports Server has some of its main features controlled by the jasperserver.license file. The default evaluation license included with JasperReports Server is for the Enterprise edition. This edition has all Commercial features enabled.

This folder holds evaluation licenses for different editions:

```
<js-install>/eval-licenses
```

If you would like to evaluate how JasperReports Server operates under a different license type, you can copy one of the licenses found in the /eval-licenses folder on top of your existing license. You would need to rename the license to jasperserver.license. You would then need to restart your server.

Jaspersoft recommends that you do not use these evaluation licenses if you are already running the server with a Commercial license (that is, a non-evaluation license typically received from a Sales Representative).

6.4 Locating and Changing Buildomatic Configuration Files

The Ant-based buildomatic scripts contain support files for setting up and configuring a number of databases and application servers. This section describes the locations and content of some of these files and how to change the content.

6.4.1 Regenerating Buildomatic Settings

Whenever you change your default_master.properties file and re-run the js-install scripts (or any other buildomatic target), your generated configuration settings are automatically updated. The generated settings are in this location:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default
```

The settings are automatically regenerated based on the new timestamp found on the properties file.

If you want to explicitly cause your generated configuration to be regenerated, you can run the following buildomatic targets:

```
cd <js-install>/buildomatic
js-ant clean-config
js-ant gen-config
```

The first target clears the configuration template files in buildomatic/build_conf/default directory. The second rebuilds the configuration settings.



These commands exist as a convenience. Whenever default_master.properties is edited, the resulting configuration templates are regenerated automatically based on the updated time-stamp associated with the edited file.

6.4.2 Locating Buildomatic-Generated Property Files

After you set your database and application server property values, you initiate buildomatic which automatically generates the database and application server configuration files needed to prepare for a JasperReports Server installation.

The generated property files are in this location:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default
```

Some of the key configuration files are:

```
js.jdbc.properties
js.quartz.properties
js-glassfish-ds.xml
js-jboss-ds.xml
mayen settings.xml - (used for source code build)
```

More generated property files are:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/build conf/default/webapp
```

Included in the /webapp directory are configuration files, such as:

META-INF/context.xml

WEB-INF/hibernate.properties

WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties

These autogenerated files are removed if you run the buildomatic target: clean-config. You can then regenerate the files by running the target: gen-config. (Also, after running clean-config, any subsequent target will regenerate the configuration files.)

6.4.3 Changing the JDBC Driver Deployed by Buildomatic

When you run the buildomatic target deploy-webapp-pro the JDBC driver for your specified database is copied to your application server.

If there is a different or more up-to-date JDBC driver that you prefer to use, change the driver used by updating your default_master.properties file:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/default master.properties
```

In default_master.properties, set the maven.jdbc.artifactId and the maven.jdbc.version to point to the name of the driver you would like to use:

```
maven.jdbc.artifactId=<first-part-of-filename>
maven.jdbc.version=<version-part-of-filename>
```

Make sure that the property settings and the JDBC driver name exactly match, as shown in examples in the following sections.

Put new JDBC drivers in the same location as the existing JDBC drivers for your DB type. The buildomatic scripts will look in the default jdbc folder location described in **6.4.4**, "Buildomatic Location for JDBC Drivers," on page 59 that is associated with your DB type:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/conf source/db/<dbType>/jdbc
```

If you plan to run the js-import.bat/.sh, js-export.bat/.sh shell scripts, manually update the JDBC driver version found in the <js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/iePro/lib folder.

6.4.3.1 DB2 8.x Driver Example

The js-install or buildomatic Ant scripts install the db2jcc-9.7.jar (for DB2 9.x) by default. To change the driver installed by the scripts to db2jcc-8.2.jar (for DB2 8.x), uncomment the following lines at the bottom of the default_master.properties file and change 9.7 to 8.2:

```
maven.jdbc.artifactId=db2jcc
maven.jdbc.version=8.2
```

6.4.3.2 Oracle 5 Driver Example

The js-install or buildomatic Ant scripts install the ojdbc14.10.2.0.jar by default. To changed the driver installed by the scripts to ojdbc5.11.2.0.jar, uncomment the following lines at the bottom of the default_master.properties file:

```
maven.jdbc.artifactId=ojdbc5
maven.jdbc.version=11.2.0
```

To change the driver used, edit your default_master.properties file as follows:

```
maven.jdbc.artifactId=ojdbc14
maven.jdbc.version=10.2.0
```

Now, when you run deploy-webapp-pro, the version 14 driver is used.

6.4.3.3 SQL Server Driver Example

The js-install or buildomatic Ant scripts install the sqljdbc-1.6.jar (for Java 6) by default. To change the driver installed by the scripts to a difference JAR sqljdbc-1.x.jar (where x = some future version), uncomment the following lines at the bottom of the default_master.properties file and change 1.6 to 1.x:

```
maven.jdbc.artifactId=sqljdbc
maven.jdbc.version=1.x
```

The buildomatic Ant scripts will automatically copy the appropriate JDBC driver to your application server when you run the deploy-webapp-pro target. The js-install scripts will copy the appropriate JDBC driver to this location, also. Here are some typical locations where you can expect the JDBC driver to by copied:

Tomcat 5: <tomcat>/common/lib

Tomcat 6 and 7: <tomcat>/lib

JBoss: <jboss>/server/default/lib

GlassFish: <glassfish>/domains/domain1/lib/ext

6.4.3.4 PostgreSQL Driver Example

You can use the same logic above to deploy other JDBC drivers. For example, you want to use the JDBC4 PostgreSQL driver and automatically deploy the driver to your application server when you run the deploy-webapp-pro target. However, the default driver setting, shown in the following file, is JDBC3:

<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/postgresql/db.properties

```
maven.jdbc.artifactId=postgresql
maven.jdbc.version=9.0-801.jdbc3
So the driver used is: postgresql-9.0-801.idbc3.jar
```

To change the default driver setting, edit your default_master.properties file, add the following lines:

```
maven.jdbc.artifactId=postgresql
maven.jdbc.version=9.0-801.jdbc4
```

Now, when you run deploy-webapp-pro, the driver used is: postgresql-9.0-801.jdbc4.jar.

6.4.4 Buildomatic Location for JDBC Drivers

The installer provides the JDBC drivers for all databases listed in the following table except MySQL. If you use MySQL, obtain the JDBC driver (mysql-connector-java-5.1.17-bin.jar or later is recommended) and put it in the location shown in this table:

Database	Buildomatic JDBC Driver Location and Sample JARs
PostgreSQL	<pre><js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/postgresql/jdbc/postgresql-9.0-801.jdbc3.jar <js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/postgresql/jdbc/postgresql-9.0-801.jdbc4.jar</js-install></js-install></pre>
MySQL	<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/mysql/jdbc/mysql-connector-java-5.1.17-bin.jar (not provided)</js-install>
Oracle	<pre><js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/oracle/jdbc/ojdbc6.11.2.0.2.jar <js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/oracle/jdbc/ojdbc14.10.2.0.jar</js-install></js-install></pre>
DB2	<pre><js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/db2/jdbc/db2jcc-9.5.jar (for DB2 9.x) <js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/db2/jdbc/alt-drivers/db2jcc-8.2.jar (for DB2 8.x)</js-install></js-install></pre>
SQL Server	<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/sqlserver/jdbc/sqljdbc-1.6.jar (for Oracle/Sun Java 6)</js-install>
Vertica (as a data source only)	<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/vertica/jdbc/vertica_4.1.19_jdk_5.jar</js-install>

6.4.5 Buildomatic Location for JasperReports Server WAR File

Buildomatic takes the JasperReports Server WAR file from the root of the <js-install> directory:

```
<js-install>/jasperserver-pro.war
```

When you run the deploy-webapp-pro target, buildomatic takes the war archive and unpacks it into your application server. Next, the database configuration files needed by the application server are copied to the appropriate locations. For instance, in the case of Tomcat:

- <js-install>/jasperserver-pro.war
 Unpacked and copied to <tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro/*
- <js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/webapp/META-INF/context.xml
 Copied to <tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro/META-INF/context.xml
- <js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/webapp/WEB-INF/hibernate.properties
 Copied to <tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/hibernate.properties
- <js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/webapp/WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties Copied to <tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties
- <js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/db/postgres/jdbc/postgresql-9.0-801.jdbc4.jar
 Copied to <tomcat>/lib

6.4.6 Buildomatic Location for SQL Scripts

Buildomatic comes with SQL scripts and other utilities that support a number of databases. These files are in:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/install resources/sql/
```

For example, some key files are (same pattern for additional databases):

- <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/postgresql/js-pro-create.ddl
- <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/postgresql/quartz.ddl
- <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/postgresql/upgrade-postgresql-3.7.0-4.0.0-pro.sql
- <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/postgresql/js-pro-drop.ddl
- <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/postgresql/drop-quartz.ddl



You can run these scripts manually by copying them to a location where your database client software is located.

6.4.7 Buildomatic Location for Database Creation Scripts

For most databases the buildomatic scripts are able to create the metadata repository database used by JasperReports Server. This is the database where the data defining users, roles, data sources, reports, OLAP views, domains, and other data are stored. This database is normally named jasperserver.

Buildomatic attempts to create the jasperserver database via JDBC when the create-js-db target is executed.

The scripts and property files used to create the jasperserver database are here:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/
postgresql/scripts.properties
mysql/scripts.properties
oracle/scripts.properties
(same pattern for additional databases)
```

6.4.8 Buildomatic Location for Sample Data Catalog ZIP Files

Buildomatic includes export files which hold the JasperReports Server sample data (that have examples of new features). This sample data is loaded when you run the buildomatic target import-sample-data-pro, for instance. These export files along with other important export files are located here:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/export/
```

Here are some key files (same pattern for additional databases):

```
js-catalog-postgresql-minimal-pro.zip
js-catalog-postgresql-pro.zip
js-catalog-mysql-minimal-pro.zip
js-catalog-mysql-pro.zip
js-catalog-oracle-minimal-pro.zip
js-catalog-oracle-pro.zip
```

6.4.9 Hibernate Properties Settings

Your hibernate.properties settings are in the following directory after buildomatic has been run to automatically generate your configuration files:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/build conf/default/webapp/WEB-INF/hibernate.properties
```

Within the jasperserver-pro WAR file the hibernate properties file is found at the following location:

```
<appserver-path>/jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/hibernate.properties
```

The buildomatic scripts automatically create this configuration file. When you run the buildomatic target deploy-webapp-pro this file is copied to JasperReports Server in your application server.

Hibernate property values are:

6.4.10 Database Connection Configuration Files

6.4.10.1 Tomcat

After setting up the buildomatic configuration for your database, the Tomcat context.xml will be automatically created with the appropriate settings for JasperReports Server.

When the buildomatic target deploy-webapp-pro is run, the context.xml will be automatically copied into the jasperserver-pro WAR set of files.

You can view the automatically generated context.xml at the following location:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/webapp/META-INF/context.xml
```

The final location of the context.xml is:

```
<tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro/META-INF/context.xml
```

Tomcat will often create a copy of the context.xml file with a changed name that will be read instead of the one found in the jasperserver-pro war file. This is often a source of confusion for Tomcat users who attempt change their database settings. If you change your settings, delete the file in this location:

<tomcat>/conf/Catalina/localhost

6.4.10.2 JBoss

After setting up the buildomatic configuration for your database, the JBoss data source definition file will be automatically created with the appropriate settings for JasperReports Server.

When the buildomatic target deploy-webapp-pro is run, the js-jboss-ds.xml will be automatically copied into the JBoss instance.

You can view the automatically generated js-jboss-ds.xml at the following location:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/js-jboss-ds.xml (JBoss 5.1)
<js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/js-jboss7-ds.xml (JBoss 7.1)
```

The final location of the js-jboss-ds.xml is:

```
<jboss>/server/default/deploy/js-jboss-ds.xml (JBoss 5.1)
<jboss>/server/default/deploy/js-jboss7-ds.xml (JBoss 7.1)
```

When JasperReports Server is running under JBoss, there are a couple of INFO log messages and an XML/A connection error that might occur depending on the version of JBoss you are running with.

For more information, refer to troubleshooting section A.8.7, "JBoss Modifications," on page 151.

6.4.10.3 Glassfish

After setting up the buildomatic configuration for your database, the Glassfish data source definition file js-glassfish-ds.xml will be automatically created with the appropriate settings. When the buildomatic target deploy-webapp-pro is run, the file is automatically deployed to the Glassfish instance.

You can view the automatically generated js-glassfish-ds.xml at the following location:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/js-glassfish-ds.xml
```

To deploy the datasource definition manually, you can run a command similar to the following:

```
asadmin add-resources "<js-install>/buildomatic/build conf/default/js-glassfish-ds.xml"
```

6.5 Configuring Report Scheduling

The JasperReports Server report scheduling feature is powered by the Quartz scheduler tool. The configuration settings for Quartz-based report scheduling is automatically handled by buildomatic.

In a deployed JasperReports Server instance, you will find the js.quartz.properties file in the following location:

```
<app-server-path>/jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties
```

For mail server configuration, there is an additional property setting for authentication in the following file:

<app-server-path>/webapps/jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/applicationContext-report-scheduling.xml

There are four main configurations to be discussed in this section:

- Mail Server Configuration
- Quartz Driver Delegate Class
- Report Scheduler Web URI
- Quartz Table Prefix

6.5.1 Mail Server Configuration Settings

If you schedule reports or run them in the background, you can specify email addresses to notify when the report completes. To use this feature, configure JasperReports Server to contact an email server:

Configuration File		
<app-server>/<deployment>/WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties</deployment></app-server>		
Property		Description
report.scheduler.mail	sender.host	The name of the computer hosting the mail server
report.scheduler.mail.sender.username		The name of the user in the mail server that JasperReports Server can use
report.scheduler.mail.sender.password		The password of the mail server user
report.scheduler.mail.sender.from		The address that appears in the From field on email notifications
report.scheduler.mail.sender.protocol		The protocol that the mail server uses. JasperReports Server only supports SMTP. Note: Your entry must be lower case. For example: smtp
report.scheduler.mail.sender.port		The port number that the mail server uses. For SMTP, the default is typically 25 (values other than 25 may not work in earlier JasperServer versions).
Configuration File		
<app-server>/<deployment>/WEB-INF/applicationContext-report-scheduling.xml</deployment></app-server>		
Property	Bean	Description
javaMailProperties key="mail.smtp.auth"	reportScheduler MailSender	If your mail server requires authentication, change this property from false to true.

6.5.2 Database Settings for the Quartz Driver Delegate Class

Quartz uses the Quartz driver delegate class to interact with the JDBC driver.



If you used buildomatic to install JasperReports Server, the correct value of the Quartz driver delegate class is set automatically for your database.

If you didn't use buildomatic to install JasperReports Server, use this table to edit the js.quartz.properties file and set the value of the Quartz driver delegate class to the correct value for your database:

Configuration File		
<app-server>/<deployment>/WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties</deployment></app-server>		
Property	Database Value	
quartz.delegateClass	DB2	org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.DB2v8Delegate
	Oracle	org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.StdJDBCDelegate
	PostgreSQL	org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.PostgreSQLDelegate
	SQL Server	org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.StdJDBCDelegate
	MySQL	org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.StdJDBCDelegate

6.5.3 Settings for the Report Scheduler Web URI

JasperReports Server uses the Report Scheduler Web URI to construct the link it sends in the output from a scheduled job. This link must be correct for the user to access the report on the server.

The port on which you run JasperReports Server and context root of the deployed JasperReports Server web application determine the report scheduler Web URI. The default context root is jasperserver.

To set this value manually, edit the following file: <app-server>/<deployment>/WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties. Change the properties for your application server as shown in the following table.

Property	App Server	Example Value
report.scheduler. web.deployment.uri	Apache Tomcat	http://localhost:8080/jasperserver-pro
	JBoss	http://localhost:8080/jasperserver-pro
	GlassFish	http://localhost:8080/jasperserver-pro
	WebLogic	http://localhost:7001/jasperserver-pro
	WebSphere	http://localhost:9080/jasperserver-pro

6.5.4 Settings for the Quartz Table Prefix

For databases that support schemas, such as Oracle, SQL Server, and DB2, you can set the Quartz table prefix so that it includes the schema if you use one. In the default configuration, only DB2 requires an explicit schema name.



If you installed JasperReports Server using buildomatic the Quartz table prefix is set automatically.

To set this value, edit the file <app-server>/<deployment>/WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties. Change the following property:

Property	Description
quartz.tablePrefix	The prefix for the quartz table, including any schema name, for example <code>JSPRSRVR.QRTZ_</code> for DB2.

6.5.5 Settings for Import-Export

If you are manually configuring the import-export shell scripts instead of using the buildomatic, make sure your settings for the Quartz driver delegate class property are correct for the database you are using.



If you installed using buildomatic these settings are handled automatically (in buildomatic import-export).

To configure the import-export scripts manually, edit the following file:

<is-install>/buildomatic/conf source/iePro/js.quartz.properties

Change the following properties:

Property	Description
quartz.delegateClass	Set to the same value as described in section 6.5.2, "Database Settings for the Quartz Driver Delegate Class," on page 63.
quartz.tablePrefix	Set to the same value as described in section 6.5.4, "Settings for the Quartz Table Prefix," on page 64

6.6 Updating XML/A Connection Definitions

Sample XML/A connections are included with the JasperReports Server sample data. If you plan to use XML/A Web Services in your environment, then you may want to check and possibly update the hard coded values in the sample connections.

If you have Jaspersoft OLAP enabled (via your license), JasperReports Server is able to make XML/A connections over the Web Services interface. These HTTP-based connections use a user account for authentication. You may have different usernames and passwords than the defaults that get loaded from the sample data load in the sections above. Additionally, your application server hostnames and port values might be different than the default values. In such cases, the connections and any other resources that rely on them will fail.

There are two sample connections:

- Foodmart Sample XML/A connection
- SugarCRM Sample XML/A connection

If you would like to validate and update these resources, do the following:

- 1. Log into JasperReports Server as an administrator (such as jasperadmin).
- 2. Navigate to the Repository Management page by selecting the View > Repository menu item.
- 3. Click to expand the Analysis Components folder, then the Analysis Connections folder. Click to highlight the **Foodmart XML/A Connection** resource, then click **Edit**.
- 4. Edit the following information on this screen:
 - URI (hostname and port)
 - Login Username
 - · Login Password
- 5. Click **Next**, then **Save**.
- 6. Make the same updates for the **SugarCRM XML/A Connection** resource.

CHAPTER 7 INSTALLING THE WAR FILE FOR WEBSPHERE

JasperReports Server supports deployment on the IBM WebSphere Application Server, but requires its own database to store information such as users, organizations, and the repository. WebSphere users need the WAR file distribution to install JasperReports Server. Download the WAR file distribution from <u>Jaspersoft technical support</u> or contact your sales representative. The WAR file distribution comes in a file named jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip, the compressed ZIP format.

The WAR file distribution also includes two sample databases containing data for optional demos. For evaluation, Jaspersoft recommends you install the sample databases. In a production environment, you typically don't install the sample databases. You create and initialize the required repository database and the optional sample databases before JasperReports Server is deployed in WebSphere. Deployment is performed by the WebSphere administrator using the WebSphere Administrative Console.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Procedure for Installing and Deploying the WAR File in WebSphere
- Logging into JasperReports Server
- Configuring Report Scheduling
- Updating XML/A Connection Definitions (Optional)
- Troubleshooting your JasperReports Server Configuration

7.1 Procedure for Installing and Deploying the WAR File in WebSphere

Perform the procedures in this section to install and deploy the JasperReports Server WAR file in WebSphere.

7.1.1 Installing WebSphere and a Database

Install WebSphere and a database:

- 1. (If you are not using WebSphere 7.0, you can skip this step.) Apply WebSphere Fix 7.0.0.11 to WebSphere 7.0 or install WebSphere 7.0.0.11.
- 2. Check that the WebSphere installation created a JAVA_HOME system environment variable. The variable needs to be set to the JAVA directory in the WebSphere installation.
- 3. Install the PostgreSQL, MySQL, Oracle, SQL Server, or DB2 database.



The target database can be on a remote server. WebSphere should reside on the local machine.

4. If you use the MySQL database, go to the following web site and download the MySQL JDBC driver for your database:

http://dev.mysql.com/downloads/connector/j/

Save the driver in:

<js-install>\buildomatic\conf source\db\mysql\jdbc\

Next, prepare the JasperReports Server files.

7.1.2 Preparing JasperReports Server Files

To prepare JasperReports Server files:

- Unpack jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip to a top-level directory.
 Unpacking the ZIP file creates the directory jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.
- 2. Manually create and load the JasperReports Server database. Required.
- 3. Manually create and load the sample databases. Optional but recommended.

Section 6.1, "Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database," on page 45 contains instructions for manually creating the databases.

- 4. Manually import the default users and organization. Required.
 - a. Copy the <database>_master.properties file for your database from /sample_conf and paste it to /buildomatic:
 - Copy from <js-install>/buildomatic/sample_conf/
 - Paste to <js-install>/buildomatic

For example, copy postgresql_master.properties to <js-install>/buildomatic.

- b. Rename the file you copied to default_master.properties.
- c. Edit the default_master.properties file:
 - Set appServerType to skipAppServerCheck.
 - Change dbUsername, dbPassword, and dbHost to appropriate settings for your database.
 - If you are using a different port from the default for your database, or if you have installed the database on a remote machine, change the dbPort field under Custom Properties to the appropriate settings.

Each sample_conf.properties file contains appropriate sample values.

d. Start your database server.

e. Open a Command Prompt as Administrator and run these commands:

Table 7-1 Buildomatic Targets to Execute

Commands	Description
cd <js-install>/buildomatic</js-install>	Go to the buildomatic directory
js-ant init-js-db-pro	Initializes database. If the database has already been initialized, you may see messages that data already exists. You can safely ignore these messages.
js-ant import-minimal-pro	Loads core application data. Running js-ant import-minimal- pro is mandatory. The server cannot function without this data.
js-ant import-sample-data-pro	(Optional) Loads the demos that use the sample data.

5. Set up your license file. For information, refer to 6.3, "Setting Up the JasperReports Server License," on page 54. Next, configure Hibernate and Quartz information in the WAR file.

7.1.3 Configuring the Hibernate and Quartz Settings

Before deploying the JasperReports Server WAR file, update the Hibernate and Quartz settings that it contains, as described in this procedure.

To configure the Hibernate and Quartz settings in the WAR file:

1. The WAR file is an archive format in a single file. To access its configuration files, extract them using the following commands.

If you are using PostgreSQL, you do not need to extract the hibernate.properties file.

```
cd <js-install>
  "%JAVA_HOME%\bin\jar" xf jasperserver-pro.war WEB-INF/hibernate.properties
  "%JAVA_HOME%\bin\jar" xf jasperserver-pro.war WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties
```

The jar command creates the WEB-INF directory in the current location and places the extracted files there.

2. Open the file WEB-INF/hibernate.properties for editing and locate the metadata.hibernate.dialect property. Set its value according to your database.

If you are using PostgreSQL, you can skip this step.

```
MySQL 5.1 metadata.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLInnoDBDialect
MySQL 5.5 metadata.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5InnoDBDialect
DB2: metadata.hibernate.dialect=com.jaspersoft.ji.hibernate.dialect.DB2JICustomDialect
Oracle: metadata.hibernate.dialect=com.jaspersoft.ji.hibernate.dialect.OracleJICustom
Dialect
```

3. Open the file WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties for editing and locate the report.scheduler.web.deployment.uri property. Set its value to the hostname, port, and path where you intend to deploy JasperReports Server, for example:

```
report.scheduler.web.deployment.uri=http://localhost:9080/jasperserver-pro
```

If you are using PostgreSQL or DB2, set the Quartz delegate class in the js.quartz.properties file:

```
PostgreSQL: quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.PostgreSQLDelegate DB2: quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.DB2v8Delegate All others: quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.StdJDBCDelegate
```

- 4. If you want to configure JasperReports Server to automatically schedule and email reports, enter your mail server information in the js.quartz.properties file. Modify all report.scheduler.mail.sender.* properties as necessary for your mail server.
- 5. Now that you have modified the individual configuration files, you must replace them into the WAR file archive using the following commands.

If you are using PostgreSQL, you do not need to replace the hibernate.properties file.

```
cd <js-install>
   "%JAVA_HOME%\bin\jar" uf jasperserver-pro.war WEB-INF/hibernate.properties
   "%JAVA_HOME%\bin\jar" uf jasperserver-pro.war WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties
```

6. Delete the WEB-INF directory that you created, along with the edited files it contains.

Next, configure a JDBC Provider in WebSphere.

7.1.4 Configuring a JDBC Provider in WebSphere

To configure a JDBC Provider in WebSphere:

- 1. Launch the WebSphere Administrative Console and navigate to Resources > JDBC > JDBC Providers.
- 2. On the JDBC providers page, click the guided activity link at the top of the **JDBC Providers** page and follow Integrated Solutions Console instructions:
 - a. Configure credentials for a secure database. Use the J2C authentication aliases panel to create a new authenticated user. In Global Security, click **New** and enter the following user alias, user ID, and password. These are the credentials that WebSphere uses to access the database:

Table 7-2	J2C Authentication	Alias Settings
-----------	--------------------	-----------------------

	PostgreSQL	MySQL	Oracle	DB2	SQL Server
Alias	postgresql_jasperdb	mysql_jasperdb	jasperserver_user	db2admin_user	jasperserver_user
Example User ID	postgres	root	jasperserver	db2admin	sa
Example Password	postgres	password	password	password	sa

- a. Connect to a database panel. From the Scope drop-down, choose Node:<node_name>,Server=<server_name>
- b. Click the **New** button to create a new JDBC Provider.
- c. If you database is PostgreSQL or MySQL, select User-defined for the database type; otherwise, select DB2, Oracle, or SQL Server.
 - Different options appear depending on your database type.
- d. Select or enter these options, depending on your database type:

Database type	Implementation class name or type	Name
User-defined (PostgreSQL)	org.postgresql.jdbc2.optional.ConnectionPool	PostgreSQL JDBC Provider
User-defined (MySQL)	com.mysql.jdbc.jdbc2.optional.Mysql ConnectionPoolDataSource	MySQL JDBC Provider
DB2	Connection pool data source	DB2 Universal JDBC Driver Provider
Oracle	Connection pool data source	Oracle JDBC Driver
SQL Server	Connection pool data source	Microsoft SQL Server JDBC Driver

3. Click **Next** and enter the database classpath information for the JDBC provider:

<js-install>\buildomatic\conf source\db\<your database>\jdbc\

For example, enter:

C:\jasperreports-server-4.2-bin\buildomatic\conf_source\db\postgresql\jdbc\postgresql-9.0-801.jdbc3.jar Alternatively, you can copy the JAR file to a location in your WebSphere deployment and specify that location for the JDBC driver path.



If JasperReports Server is deployed on the same host as DB2, delete the following file to avoid conflicts: <db2>/SQLLIB/java/db2jcc.jar

- 4. Click Next to proceed to the next step.
- 5. Review the JDBC provider information you have entered and click Finish.
- 6. Configure data sources and custom properties using one of these procedures:
 - Section 7.1.4.1, "Defining a JNDI Name and Sample Data Sources for PostgreSQL and MySQL," on page 71
 - Section 7.1.4.2, "Defining a JNDI Name and Sample Data Sources for DB2," on page 72
 - Section 7.1.4.3, "Defining a JNDI Name and Sample Data Sources for Oracle," on page 73
 - Section 7.1.4.4, "Defining a JNDI Name and Sample Data Sources for SQL Server," on page 74

7.1.4.1 Defining a JNDI Name and Sample Data Sources for PostgreSQL and MySQL

To define the JDBC data source and expose it through JNDI:

- 1. Click the name of the JDBC provider that you just created. For example, PostgreSQL JDBC Provider.
- 2. Click **Data sources** under the Additional Properties of the JDBC provider details panel.
- 3. To create a new data source, click **New** and the new data source wizard appears.
- 4. Enter the data source name: jasperserver
- 5. Enter the JNDI name: jdbc/jasperserver
- 6. Click **Next**, choose **Select an existing JDBC provider**, then select PostgreSQL JDBC Provider or MySQL JDBC Provider from the drop-down list.
- 7. Click **Next** and accept the default helper class (com.ibm.websphere.rsadapter.GenericDataStoreHelper). Select the check box to use this data source in container managed persistence (CMP).
- 8. Click **Next** and select the Setup security aliases:

Field Name	PostgreSQL Value	MySQL Value
Component-managed authentication alias	<node>/postgresql_jasperdb</node>	<node>/mysql_jasperdb</node>
Mapping configuration alias	DefaultPrincipalMapping	DefaultPrincipalMapping
Container-managed authentication alias	<node>/postgresql_jasperdb</node>	<node>/mysql_jasperdb</node>

9. Click **Next**, review the summary information, and click **Finish**.

Next, define custom properties.

To define custom properties:

 In the list of JDBC data sources, select the check box for the newly created jasperserver data source, and click Test Connection.

In the Messages area a success or failure message appears. The failure message gives you information about which custom properties you need to define. For example, in the case of PostgreSQL 9.0 and MySQL, a message indicates that the error is related to a null database name.

2. Navigate to the jasperserver data sources General Properties page.

- In Additional Properties on the right side of the General Properties page of the jasperserver data source, click Custom properties.
- 4. Scroll down the list of properties and select **databaseName**. Set the value to jasperserver.
- 5. If you're using MySQL, create a new property called **url**. Enter the following value and save the change: jdbc:mysql://localhost/jasperserver?useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8
- 6. Click Save directly to the master configuration.

Next, if you installed sample databases, sugarcrm and foodmart, create data sources to use them.

To create optional sugarcrm and foodmart datasources:

1. If you plan to run the sample reports, use the following values to create the foodmart and sugarcrm JNDI data sources:

Field Name	Value	
Data source name	foodmart	sugarcrm
JNDI name	jdbc/foodmart	jdbc/sugarcrm

2. Click Save directly to the master configuration.

Next, deploy the WAR file in WebSphere as described in section 7.1.5, "Deploying the JasperReports Server WAR File in WebSphere," on page 75.

7.1.4.2 Defining a JNDI Name and Sample Data Sources for DB2

To define the JDBC data source and expose it through JNDI:

- 1. Click the name of the JDBC provider that you just created. For example, **DB2 Universal JDBC Provider**.
- 2. Click Data sources under the Additional Properties of the JDBC provider details panel.
- 3. To create a new data source, click New and the new data source wizard appears.
- 4. Enter the data source name: jasperserver
- 5. Enter the JNDI name: jdbc/jasperserver
- 6. Click **Next**, choose **Select an existing JDBC provider**, then select **DB2 Universal JDBC Provider** from the drop-down list.
- 7. Click **Next** and enter these values:

Field Name	Value
Driver type	4
Database name	jsprsrvr
Server name	localhost
Port number	50000

- 8. Select Use this data source in CMP and click Next.
- 9. In the Setup security aliases page, enter the following value for Component-managed authentication alias: <node>/db2admin_user
- $10. \;$ Click Next, review the summary information, and click Finish.

Next, define custom properties.

To define custom properties:

 In the list of JDBC data sources, select the check box for the newly created jasperserver data source, and click Test Connection.

- 2. In the Messages area a success or failure message appears. The failure message gives you information about which custom properties you need to define.
- 3. Edit the following properties and add the ones that don't exist, then save the changes:

Property Name	Value
currentSchema	JSPRSRVR
fullyMaterializeLobData	true
fullyMaterializeInputStreams	true
progressiveStreaming	2
progresssiveLocators	2

4. Go back to the list of JDBC data sources, select the check box for the **jasperserver** data source, and click **Test Connection**.

Next, if you installed sample databases, sugarcrm and foodmart, create data sources to use them.

To create optional sugarcrm and foodmart datasources:

1. If you plan to run the sample reports, use the following values to create the foodmart and sugarcrm JNDI data sources:

Field Name	Value	
Data source name	foodmart	sugarcrm
JNDI name jdbc/foodmart jd		jdbc/sugarcrm
Component-managed authentication alias	<node>/db2admin_user</node>	<node>/db2admin_user</node>

Field Name	Value	
Database name	foodmart	sugarcrm
Driver type	4	4
Server name	localhost	localhost
Port number	50000	50000
Use this data source in CMP	selected	selected

Property Name	Value	
currentSchema	FOODMART	SUGARCRM
resultSetHoldability	1	1

The other properties (fullyMaterializeLobData, fullyMaterializeInputStreams, progressiveStreaming, and progressiveLocators) are not needed for the sample databases.

2. Click Save directly to the master configuration.

Next, deploy the WAR file in WebSphere as described in section 7.1.5, "Deploying the JasperReports Server WAR File in WebSphere," on page 75.

7.1.4.3 Defining a JNDI Name and Sample Data Sources for Oracle

Before defining the data source, change the name of the driver:

- 1. On the JDBC Providers page, click the newly created **Oracle JDBC Driver** to edit it.
- 2. Locate the filename ojdbc14.jar and replace it with the filename ojdbc5-11.2.0.jar, then save the changes.

To define the JDBC data source and expose it through JNDI:

- 1. Click the name of the JDBC provider that you just created. For example, Oracle JDBC Driver.
- 2. Click Data sources under the Additional Properties of the JDBC provider details panel.
- 3. To create a new data source, click New and the new data source wizard appears.
- 4. Enter the data source name: jasperserver
- 5. Enter the JNDI name: jdbc/jasperserver
- 6. Click Next, choose Select an existing JDBC provider, then select Oracle JDBC Driver from the drop-down list.
- 7. Click **Next** and enter the following values:

Field Name	Value
URL	jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:orcl
Data store helper class name	Oracle11g data store helper
Use this data source in CMP	selected

3. Click **Next** and in Setup security alias, set Component-managed authentication alias to the following value:

<node>/jasperserver user

9. Click **Next**, review the summary information and click **Finish**.

Next, define custom properties.

To define custom properties:

 In the list of JDBC data sources, select the check box for the newly created jasperserver data source, and click Test Connection.

In the Messages area a success or failure message appears. The failure message gives you information about which custom properties you need to define.

- 2. Navigate to the jasperserver data sources General Properties page.
- In Additional Properties on the right side of the General Properties page of the jasperserver data source, click Custom properties, and define properties.

Next, if you installed sample databases, sugarcrm and foodmart, create datasources to use them.

To create optional sugarcrm and foodmart data sources:

1. If you plan to run the sample reports, use the following values to create the foodmart and sugarcrm JNDI data sources:

Field Name	Value	
Data source name	foodmart	sugarcrm
JNDI name	jdbc/foodmart	jdbc/sugarcrm
Component-managed authentication alias	<node>/foodmart_user</node>	<node>/sugarcrm_user</node>

2. Click Save directly to the master configuration.

Next, deploy the WAR file in WebSphere as described in section 7.1.5, "Deploying the JasperReports Server WAR File in WebSphere," on page 75.

7.1.4.4 Defining a JNDI Name and Sample Data Sources for SQL Server

To define a JDBC provider:

- 1. Click the name of the JDBC provider that you just created. For example, Microsoft SQL Server JDBC Driver.
- 2. Click Data sources under the Additional Properties of the JDBC provider details panel.
- 3. To create a new data source, click New and the new data source wizard appears.

- 4. Enter the data source name: jasperserver
- 5. Enter the JNDI name: jdbc/jasperserver
- 6. Click **Next**, choose **Select an existing JDBC provider**, then select **Microsoft SQL Server JDBC Driver** from the drop-down list.
- 8. Click **Next**, review the summary information and click **Finish**.

Next, define custom properties.

To define custom properties:

- In the list of JDBC data sources, select the check box for the newly created jasperserver data source, and click Test Connection.
 - In the Messages area a success or failure message appears. The failure message gives you information about which custom properties you need to define.
- 2. Navigate to the jasperserver data sources General Properties page.
- In Additional Properties on the right side of the General Properties page of the jasperserver data source, click Custom properties, and define properties.

Next, if you installed sample databases, sugarcrm and foodmart, create datasources to use them.

To create optional sugarcrm and foodmart data sources:

- 1. If you plan to run the sample reports, use the following values to create the foodmart and sugarcrm JNDI data sources:
- 2. In the list of JDBC data sources, click the link for the newly created **jasperserver** data source.
- 3. Click Save directly to the master configuration.

Next, deploy the WAR file in WebSphere.

7.1.5 Deploying the JasperReports Server WAR File in WebSphere

To deploy the JasperReports Server WAR file in WebSphere:

- In the Administrative Console, navigate to Applications > New Application and select New Enterprise Application.
 JasperReports Server is a modern application, based on Java Servlet version 2.4, so you do not select the older,
 WebSphere V4-compliant application type.
- Browse to <js-install>/jasperserver-pro.war on the local file system. Keep the default setting (Fast path selected) and click Next.
- 3. On the Select installation options page, accept all the default settings, and select Save. Click Next.
- 4. On the Map modules to servers page, make sure the JasperReports Server module is mapped to the cell, node, and server that you want. Click **Next**.
- 5. On the Map modules to servers page, select **jasperserver**. Click **Next**.
- 6. On the Map virtual hosts page, choose the JasperServer UI application module. Click Next.
- 7. In the Map context roots for Web modules, enter jasperserver-pro.
- 8. Click **Next**, review the summary information and start the installation process.
- 9. Click Save directly to the master configuration.

Next, set JVM Options. Required.

7.1.6 Setting JVM Options

To set the Java JVM Options:

For the JasperReports Server XML/A functionality to work, special Java JVM options need to be set to resolve class conflicts between the WebSphere and JasperReports Server web services implementation. JVM options also provide the optimal resources for running JasperReports Server.

To configure your Java JVM options:

- 1. Select Enterprise Applications > jasperserver-pro_war > Target specific application status > (server name).
- 2. Expand Java and Process Management > Process Definition > Java Virtual Machine > Generic JVM arguments.
- 3. In the text box named **Generic JVM Options**, paste in the following JVM options that explicitly specify JasperReports Server classes for AXIS and Xalan, as well as optimize JVM resources:



You can cut and paste these options from <js-install>/samples/extra/java-settings/java-settings-websphere.txt.

Generic JVN	Generic JVM Options on Windows	
Options for all databases	-Dclient.encoding.override=UTF-8 -Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:PermSize=32m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m -Xss2m -XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC -XX:+CMSClassUnloadingEnabled -Djavax.xml.soap.MessageFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.MessageFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPConnectionFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.transform.TransformerFactory=org.apache.xalan.processor.TransformerFactoryImpl	
For Oracle	set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS% -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=true	

Generic JVN	Generic JVM Options on Linux		
Options for all databases	-Dclient.encoding.override=UTF-8 -Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:PermSize=32m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m -Xss2m -XX:+UseConcMarkSweepGC -XX:+CMSClassUnloadingEnabled -Djavax.xml.soap.MessageFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.MessageFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPConnectionFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.transform.TransformerFactory=org.apache.xalan.processor.TransformerFactoryImpl		
For Oracle	export JAVA_OPTS="\$JAVA_OPTS -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=true"		



Setting the Oracle localization option, defaultNChar, can substantially impact the performance of JDBC queries. If you do not need to support UTF-8 for your Oracle database, you can omit this setting.

4. Click **Save** on the console task bar.

Next, start the jasperserver-pro application in WebSphere.

7.1.7 Starting and Restarting JasperReports Server

To start the jasperserver-pro application:

- Restart WebSphere.
- 2. In the Administrative Console, navigate to: Applications > Application Types > WebSphere Enterprise Application.
- 3. Select the check box next to the **jasperserver-pro** application, then click **Start** to start JasperReports Server. If you make configuration changes to your JasperReports Server instance, restart JasperReports Server.

4. Log into JasperReports Server.

7.2 Logging into JasperReports Server

If JasperReports Server started up cleanly you should be able to login.

1. Log in by going to the following URL:

http://<hostname>:9080/jasperserver-pro

Where <hostname> is localhost, a machine name, or an IP address. The login page should appear after some time to compile the necessary JSP files.

2. Use the following administrative identity to log into the system:

User ID	Password	Description
superuser	superuser	System-wide administrator
jasperadmin	jasperadmin	Administrator for the default organization

If you logged in successfully, the JasperReports Server home page appears. If you have trouble logging in and get the following error message, you may be running at a WebSphere patch level that needs a further configuration:

Page cannot be found, HTTP 404 error

Refer to troubleshooting section A.8.8, "WebSphere: Page Not Found Error on Login," on page 153.



The first time you log into JasperReports Server, you will be prompted to opt-in or opt-out of the JasperReports Server Heartbeat. For more information, refer to section **5.5.1**, "JasperReports Server Heartbeat," on page 38.

Refer to the JasperReports Server User Guide to begin adding reports and other resources to JasperReports Server.

7.3 Configuring Report Scheduling

The scheduled reporting feature of JasperReports Server allows reports to be run at pre-configured time intervals. Optionally, notification email can be sent to users to let them know that new reports are available.

7.3.1 Additional Fix for Scheduled Report with JNDI Data Source

Under the WebSphere application server, if you have a scheduled report that uses a JNDI data source you will need to make an additional configuration in order for the JNDI lookup to be resolved correctly.

There are special WebSphere specific configuration files included in the jasperserver-pro.war archive. These files are generated during the installation process. In order to enable this fix, you will need to rename the WebSphere specific files to remove the prefix webSphere. Two of the file rename operations will overwrite the existing configuration file names.

Rename: WEB-INF/webSphere-applicationContext-report-scheduling-wm.xml

To: WEB-INF/applicationContext-report-scheduling-wm.xml

Rename: WEB-INF/webSphere-js.quartz.base.properties

To: WEB-INF/js.quartz.base.properties (overwrite existing file)

Rename: WEB-INF/webSphere-js.scheduling.properties

To: WEB-INF/js.scheduling.properties (overwrite existing file)

Notes on this configuration change:

Since JasperServer 3.7 and 4.0, a new work manager class is used to run scheduled report jobs under WebSphere. The JNDI name of the work manager is configured in the WebSphere version of js.scheduling.properties. Also, for WebSphere, we need a different default value for the specified JNDI name (wm/default). This is also defined in the WebSphere version of js.scheduling.properites.

The number of threads that run report jobs is no longer configured in js.quartz.base.properties, but is instead provided by the work manager configuration.

7.3.2 Additional Change for Mail Server Authentication

If your mail server requires authentication, edit the applicationContext-report-scheduling.xml file after applying the changes above.

1. Extract the file from the WAR archive:

scheduling.xml

- $\verb|"%JAVA_HOME%\bin\jar|" xf jasperserver-pro.war WEB-INF/applicationContext-report-scheduling.xml|$
- 2. Open the file for editing and locate the reportSchedulerMailSender bean.
- 3. Set the javaMailProperties key="mail.smtp.auth" value to true.
- 4. Save the file and replace it in the archive:

 "%JAVA_HOME%\bin\jar" uf jasperserver-pro.war WEB-INF/applicationContext-report-
- 5. Delete the WEB-INF directory that was created, along with the file it contains.

For more information about setting up report scheduling, refer to section 6.5, "Configuring Report Scheduling," on page 62.

7.4 Updating XML/A Connection Definitions (Optional)

If you have loaded the JasperReports Server sample data, and you would like to run the Analysis XML/A examples, you will need to update the XML/A connection resources to use the correct web port.

The typical port used by WebSphere is 9080. Follow the procedure in section 6.6, "Updating XML/A Connection Definitions," on page 65.

7.5 Troubleshooting your JasperReports Server Configuration

7.5.1 Startup Problems

The most common problems are errors in the database configuration. These problems are typically incorrect configurations within the database configuration files or in the application server configuration files. For information about resolving these types of errors, refer to troubleshooting section **Appendix A**, "**Troubleshooting**," on page 141.

7.5.2 Error Running Report

If you have trouble running reports in your new JasperReports Server instance, refer to troubleshooting section A.7.13, "Error Running a Report," on page 149. If you are having trouble running the MDX example Topic or SugarCRM OLAP view, you need to update the port for XML/A connections. See section 7.4, "Updating XML/A Connection Definitions (Optional)," on page 78.

7.5.3 Filter Error Using MySQL

The following error could be caused by an incorrect ampersand setting on your data source configuration:

```
Error 500: Filter [characterEncodingProxyFilter]: cold not be initialized
```

The data source line needs to have & and not & and not & in order to be evaluated correctly. That is, the URL you enter in the procedure to define the JDBC data source and expose it through JNDI should look like the following:

```
jdbc:mysql://localhost/jasperserver?useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8
```

Note the ampersand string is & and not &.

7.5.4 Error Creating Internationalized Name

If you encounter errors in JasperReports Server when creating resources with internationalized names, and you have an Oracle database, configure your Oracle JDBC driver. Set the Oracle-specific option listed in the tables of section 7.1.6, "Setting JVM Options," on page 76.

7.5.5 Xerces Error

If you have a WebSphere log with the following error:

```
SRVE0068E: Uncaught exception thrown in one of the service methods of the servlet: jasperserver. Exception thrown: org.springframework.web.util.NestedServletException: javax.xml.validation.SchemaFactoryFinder$ConfigurationError: Provider org.apache.xerces.jaxp.validation.XMLSchemaFactory could not be instantiated: org.apache.xerces.impl.dv.DVFactoryException: DTD factory class org.apache.xerces.impl.dv.dtd.DTDDVFactoryImpl does not extend from DTDDVFactory.
```

It is caused by a conflict between the IBM JDK which is used by WebSphere and the xercesImpl-2.6.2 library which is bundled with JasperReports Server. There are two solutions:

Remove the xercesImpl library from the following location:

```
<websphere>\profiles\AppSrv<NN>\installedApps\<node>\jasperserver-pro_war.ear\
jasperserver-pro.war\WEB-INF\lib
```

• Update the xercesImpl library to a new version. For example, xercesImpl-2.8.1 does not cause the error.

7.5.6 OLAP View Fails With Exception

The following error could caused by AspectJ requiring class loaders to be tried out in a specific order:

```
java.lang.NoSuchMethodError: org/aspectj/runtime/reflect/Factory.makeMethodSig(
   java/lang/String;
   ...)
   org/aspectj/lang/reflect/MethodSignature;
```

Change the default class loader policy using the following procedure:

- 1. In the WebSphere Administrative Console, navigate to Applications > (app-name) > Manage Modules > JasperServer UI application.
- 2. Change the following setting:

Property Name	Value
Class loader order	Class loaded with local class loader first (parent last)

- 3. Click OK.
- 4. Save the master configuration.
- 5. Restart the WebSphere server.

CHAPTER 8 INSTALLING THE WAR FILE FOR WEBLOGIC

JasperReports Server supports deployment on the WebLogic Application Server, but requires its own database to store information such as users, organizations, and the repository. WebLogic users need the WAR file distribution to install JasperReports Server. Download the WAR file distribution from <u>Jaspersoft technical support</u> or contact your sales representative. The WAR file distribution comes in a file named jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip, the compressed ZIP format.

The WAR file distribution includes two sample databases containing data for optional demos. For evaluation, Jaspersoft recommends you install the sample databases. In a production environment, you typically don't install the sample databases. You create and initialize the required repository database and the optional sample databases before JasperReports Server is deployed in WebLogic. Deployment is performed by the WebLogic administrator using the WebLogic Administrative Console or domain config.xml.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Procedure for Installing the WAR File for WebLogic
- Setting Java Properties
- Configuring Other Database Connections
- Starting JasperReports Server
- Logging into JasperReports Server
- Configuring Report Scheduling
- Restarting JasperReports Server
- Updating XML/A Connection Definitions (Optional)
- Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration
- Troubleshooting Problems with OLAP Views

8.1 Procedure for Installing the WAR File for WebLogic

To meet prerequisites for installing the WAR file for WebLogic:

- 1. Check that the Oracle/Sun Java JDK 1.6 or 1.7 is installed.
- 2. Check that the JAVA_HOME system environment variable points to the JDK.
- 3. Install the PostgreSQL, MySQL, Oracle, SQL Server, or DB2 database.



The target database can be on a remote server.

To install the WAR file for WebLogic:

- 1. Extract all files in jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip. Choose a top-level directory, such as Program Files on Windows or /home/<user> on Linux, for the extracted files.
 - Unpacking the ZIP file creates the directory jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.
- 2. Check that WebLogic is installed in the default location on your local machine.
 - If WebLogic is not installed in the default location, or if you encounter problems using the buildomatic scripts, set up the database manually, as described in section 6.1, "Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database," on page 45. After setting up the database manually, skip step 3 through step 6, and proceed to step 7.
- 3. Copy the .properties file for your database:
 - From <js-install>/buildomatic/sample_conf/
 - To <js-install>/buildomatic
- 4. Rename the file you copied to default master.properties file.
- 5. Edit the default_master.properties file to add the settings that are specific to your database and your application server. **Table 8-1** shown example property settings.



When appServerType = skipAppServerCheck, buildomatic skips the application servertype validation. Use this setting when installing JasperReports Server with WebLogic. Backslashes in appServerDir must be doubled, for example c:\\WL\\Application_Server. Make sure there are no spaces in the appServerDir path.

Table 8-1 Sample Values for the default_master.properties File

Database	Sample Property Values
PostgreSQL	appServerType=skipAppServerCheck appServerDir=[path to WebLogic application server] dbUsername=postgres dbPassword=postgres dbHost=localhost
DB2	appServerType=skipAppServerCheck appServerDir=[path to WebLogic application server] dbUsername=db2admin dbPassword=password dbHost=localhost For DB2 8.x, change your deployed JDBC driver as described in section 6.4.3.1, "DB2 8.x Driver Example," on page 58.
MySQL	appServerType=skipAppServerCheck appServerDir=[path to WebLogic application server] dbUsername=root dbPassword=password dbHost=localhost

Table 8-1 Sample Values for the default_master.properties File

Database	Sample Property Values
Oracle	appServerType=skipAppServerCheck appServerDir=[path to WebLogic application server] sysUsername=system sysPassword=password dbUsername=jasperserver* dbPassword=password dbHost=hostname
SQL Server	appServerType=skipAppServerCheck appServerDir=[path to WebLogic application server] dbUsername=sa dbPassword=sa dbHost=localhost If your application server runs on Java 1.5, change your deployed JDBC driver as described in section 6.4.3.3, "SQL Server Driver Example," on page 59.

^{*} The dbUsername must be the same as the Oracle user name.

6. Setup the database and optional sample databases using the buildomatic Ant scripts. Enter commands in the following table to call buildomatic Ant scripts:



Exception: For DB2, skip this step and perform step 1 to step 3 in section 6.1.4, "DB2," on page 48, then go to the next step (step 7) of this procedure.

You call buildomatic Ant scripts from the command line using the following syntax:

```
Windows - js-ant <target-name>
Linux - ./js-ant <target-name>
```

Commands	Description
cd <js-install>/buildomatic</js-install>	Goes to the buildomatic directory.
js-ant create-js-db	Creates the JasperReports Server and sample databases.
js-ant create-sugarcrm-db	
js-ant create-foodmart-db	
js-ant load-sugarcrm-db	(Optional) Loads sample data into the sample databases.
js-ant load-foodmart-db	
js-ant init-js-db-pro	Initializes database, loads core application data.
js-ant import-minimal-pro	
js-ant import-sample-data-pro	(Optional) Loads the demos that use the sample data.



On non-Linux Unix platforms, the js-ant commands may not be compatible with all shells. If you have errors, use the bash shell explicitly. For more information, see section A.4, "Bash Shell for Solaris, IBM AIX, HP UX and FreeBSD," on page 143.

7. In WebLogic, open an Administrative Console window, and navigate to JDBC > Data Sources.

8. Click **New** for each of the data source columns in the following table, and enter the corresponding values for a PostgreSQL database:



To use a database other than PostgreSQL, configure the database connections using settings shown in section 8.3, "Configuring Other Database Connections," on page 88.

Parameter Name	JasperReports Server	Foodmart Example	Sugar CRM Example
Name	JasperServerDataBase	FoodmartDataBase	SugarcrmDataBase
JNDI Name	JasperServerDataBase	FoodmartDataBase	SugarcrmDataBase
Database Type	PostgreSQL		
Database Driver	PostgreSQL Driver Versions: using org.postgresql.Driver		
Supports Global Transactions	Selected		
One-Phase Commit	Selected		

9. Set connection properties. Sample properties for a PostgreSQL database are:

Parameter Name	JasperReports Server	Foodmart Example	Sugar CRM Example
Database Name	jasperserver	foodmart	sugarcrm
Host Name	localhost		
Port	5432		
Database User Name	postgres		
Password	postgres		
Confirm Password	postgres		

- 10. (If you are using Oracle or MySQL, you can skip this step.) Copy your JDBC driver to Weblogic and set your classpath. For example, for PostgreSQL:
 - a. Copy the JDBC jar from

<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/postgresql/jdbc

to

<weblogic_home>/server/lib

b. Add the following line to your <weblogic_home>/bin/setDomainEnv.cmd/sh file as follows:

set CLASSPATH=<weblogic_home>\server\lib\<jdbc-driver-name>.jar;%CLASSPATH% (Windows) export CLASSPATH=<weblogic_home>/server/lib/<jdbc-driver-name>.jar:\$CLASSPATH (Linux)

- c. Save the file.
- d. Restart WebLogic using the startWebLogic.cmd/sh.

Note that the Oracle and MySQL JDBC drivers are included in recent versions of WebLogic by default.

- 11. Test the database connection:
 - a. For SugarCRM and Foodmart, use the default connections:
 - jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/sugarcrm
 - jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/foodmart
 - b. Change the URL for the jasperserver database to:
 - jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/jasperserver

- 12. Select targets, and ensure that **AdminServer** is set for all data sources.
- 13. Using the Java jar tool or an unzip tool, unpack the jasperserver-pro.war file. For example, enter these commands to use the Java jar tool:

```
mkdir jasperserver-pro
cd jasperserver-pro
"%JAVA_HOME%/bin/jar" xvf ../jasperserver-pro.war
```

The jasperserver-pro.war file is unpacked to a folder.

- 14. Delete JARs to avoid conflict with WebLogic JARs:
 - a. Go to the WEB-INF/lib directory:

```
cd jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/lib
```

b. Delete the following conflicting JARs, but save a copy of them to a temporary location:

```
jaxb-api-<ver>.jar
jaxb-impl-<ver>.jar
serializer-<ver>.jar
stax-api-<ver>.jar
xalan-<ver>.jar
xercesImpl-<ver>.jar
xml-apis-<ver>.jar
xml-apis-ext-<ver>.jar
```

If you experience a problem with OLAP Views, you need these JARs for the workaround described in section 8.10, "Troubleshooting Problems with OLAP Views," on page 89.

- 15. Update your Hibernate, Quartz, and Mail Server configuration:
 - a. Open the file jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/hibernate.properties for editing and locate the metadata.hibernate.dialect property. Set its value according to your database:
 If you are using PostgreSQL, the information is already set correctly, so you can skip this step.

```
MySQL 5.1 metadata.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLInnoDBDialect
MySQL 5.5 metadata.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5InnoDBDialect
DB2: metadata.hibernate.dialect=com.jaspersoft.ji.hibernate.dialect.DB2JICustomDialect
Oracle: metadata.hibernate.dialect=com.jaspersoft.ji.hibernate.dialect.OracleJICustom
Dialect
```

SQL Server metadata.hibernate.dialect=com.jaspersoft.ji.hibernate.dialect.SQLServerJICustom Dialect

b. Open the file jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties for editing and locate the report.scheduler.web.deployment.uri property. Set its value to the hostname, port, and path where you intend to deploy JasperReports Server, for example:

```
report.scheduler.web.deployment.uri=http://localhost:7001/jasperserver-pro
If you're using DB2 or a database other than PostgreSQL, set the Quartz delegate class in the js.quartz.properties file:
```

```
DB2: \\ quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.DB2v8Delegate \\ All others: \\ quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.StdJDBCDelegate \\ Quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.StdJDBCDelegate \\ Quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.DB2v8Delegate \\ Quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.DB2v8Delegate \\ Quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.DB2v8Delegate \\ Quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.DB2v8Delegate \\ Quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.DB2v8Delegate \\ Quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.StdJDBCDelegate \\ Quartz.delegate \\ Quartz.
```

- c. If you want to configure JasperReports Server to automatically schedule and email reports, enter your mail server information in the js.quartz.properties file. Modify all report.scheduler.mail.sender.* properties as necessary for your mail server.
- 16. If your mail server requires authentication, edit the applicationContext-report-scheduling.xml file in the same manner:
 - a. Open the jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/applicationContext-report-scheduling.xml file for editing and locate the reportSchedulerMailSender bean.
 - b. Set the javaMailProperties key="mail.smtp.auth" value to true.

17. Now you can change to the jasperserver-pro folder and rearchive the jasperserver-pro.war file, using commands such as the following:

Commands	Description
cd/	Changes to the jasperserver-pro folder
mv/jasperserver-pro.war/BAK-jasperserver-pro.war	Renames the original jasperserver-pro.war file.
"%JAVA_HOME%/bin/jar" cvf/jasperserver-pro.war *	Rearchives the jasperserver- pro.war file.
cd mv jasperserver-pro BAK-jasperserver-pro	Renames the unneeded working folder to a backup location.



You now have a jasperserver-pro.war file that can be used for deploying to WebLogic.

18. Edit your WebLogic domain configuration file <wl-domain>/config/config.xml:



<wl-domain> is the path of the domain within WebLogic that contains your JasperReports Server deployment.
For example <weblogic>/samples/domains/wl_server.

a. Locate the server and security-configuration elements, and insert the following parameters:

```
<server>
...
    <stuck-thread-max-time>1200</stuck-thread-max-time>
    clisten-address></listen-address>
</server>

<security-configuration>
...
    <enforce-valid-basic-auth-credentials>false</enforce-valid-basic-auth-credentials>
</security-configuration>
```

- b. Check that the stuck-thread-max-time element appears above the listen-address element before the closing </server> tag.
- 19. (For WebLogic 10.3.2 and earlier you can skip this step.) If you are using WebLogic 10.3.3 or higher, copy the file <js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/iePro/lib/xercesImpl-2.7.1.jar to the folder <wl-domain>/lib.
- 20. Edit the setdomainEnv file to force WebLogic to use the correct version of the Joda time library, which is shipped with JasperReports Server. By default, the Joda time library is in <js-install>\buildomatic\conf_source\iePro\lib.
 - Windows: Edit the setdomainEnv.bat file and add the following line:
 set PATCH_CLASSPATH=\${PATH TO NEW JODA LIBRARY}\joda-time-1.6.jar
 - Linux: Edit the setdomainEnv.sh file and add the following line:
 export PATCH_CLASSPATH==\${PATH TO NEW JODA LIBRARY}/joda-time-1.6.jar
- 21. Set JVM options as described in section 8.2, "Setting Java Properties," on page 87.
- 22. Deploy JasperReports Server to WebLogic:
 - a. In the Administrative Console, click the **Lock & Edit** button and navigate to **Deployments**.
 - b. On the Deployments page click the **Install** button.
 - c. Select the path to <js-install>.
 - d. Select the servers or clusters to which you want to deploy JasperReports Server.

e. When prompted, enter the following parameter values:

Parameter Name	Example Value	
Name	jasperserver-pro	
Security	Custom Roles and Policies	
Source accessibility	Use the defaults defined by the deployment's targets	

8.2 Setting Java Properties

Edit your WebLogic startup script to include the settings described in the following tables, according to your platform. Substitute the location of your JasperReports Server license file where necessary:

WebLogic St	WebLogic Startup Settings on Windows		
Filename	<wl-domain>\bin\startWebLogic.cmd</wl-domain>		
Settings	set JAVA_OPTIONS=%JAVA_OPTIONS% -Djs.license.directory=C:\ <js-install>\ -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dcom.sun.xml.namespace.QName.useCompatibleSerialVersionUID=1.0 -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPConnectionFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.MessageFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.MessageFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPFactoryImpl -Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:PermSize=128m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m -Xss2m</js-install>		
For Oracle*	set JAVA_OPTIONS=%JAVA_OPTIONS% -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=true		

* Setting the Oracle localization option, defaultNChar, can substantially impact the performance of JDBC queries. If you do not need to support UTF-8 for your Oracle database, you can omit this setting.

WebLogic St	WebLogic Startup Settings on Linux		
Filename	<wl><wl-domain>/bin/startWebLogic.sh</wl-domain></wl>		
Settings	export JAVA_OPTIONS="\$JAVA_OPTIONS -Djs.license.directory=/home/ <user>/weblogic/jasperlicense/ -Dfile.encoding=UTF-8 -Dcom.sun.xml.namespace.QName.useCompatibleSerialVersionUID=1.0 -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPConnectionFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPConnectionFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.MessageFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.MessageFactoryImpl -Djavax.xml.soap.SOAPFactory=org.apache.axis.soap.SOAPFactoryImpl -Xms1024m -Xmx2048m -XX:PermSize=128m -XX:MaxPermSize=512m -Xss2m</user>		
For Oracle*	export JAVA_OPTIONS="\$JAVA_OPTIONS -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=true"		

^{*} Setting the Oracle localization option, defaultNChar, can substantially impact the performance of JDBC queries. If you do not need to support UTF-8 for your Oracle database, you can omit this setting.

8.3 Configuring Other Database Connections

Use these settings to connect to a database other than PostgreSQL.

Database Setting	MySQL	Oracle	DB2	SQL Server
Host	localhost	localhost	localhost	localhost
Name or SID	jasperserver	Orcl	jsprsrvr	jasperserver
User	root	jasperserver	db2admin	sa
Password	password	password	password	sa
Port	3306	1521	50000	1433
Hibernate Dialect	MySQLInnoDB Dialect	OracleJICustom Dialect	DB2JICustomDial ect	SQLServerJI CustomDialect
Quartz Driver Delegate	StdJDBCDelegate	StdJDBCDelegate	DB2v8Delegate	StdJDBCDelegate

8.4 Starting JasperReports Server

- 1. In the Administrative Console, navigate to **Deployments**.
- 2. Select the **jasperserver-pro** application with a checkmark, and click **Start**.
- 3. In the Start Application Assistant page, click Yes.

8.5 Logging into JasperReports Server

If JasperReports Server started up cleanly you should be able to login.

1. Login by going to the following URL:

http://<hostname>:7001/jasperserver-pro

Where <hostname> could be localhost, a machine name, or an IP address. The login page should appear after some time to compile the necessary JSP files.

2. Use the following credentials to log into the system:

User ID	Password	Description	
superuser	peruser superuser System-wide administrator		
jasperadmin	jasperadmin	Administrator for the default organization	

If you logged in successfully, the JasperReports Server home page appears.



The first time you log into JasperReports Server, you will be prompted to opt-in or opt-out of the JasperReports Server Heartbeat. For more information, refer to section 5.5.1, "JasperReports Server Heartbeat," on page 38.

Refer to the JasperReports Server User Guide to begin adding reports and other resources to JasperReports Server.

8.6 Configuring Report Scheduling

The scheduled reporting feature of JasperReports Server allows reports to be run at pre-configured time intervals. Optionally, notification emails can be set to users to let them know that new reports are available.

For more information about setting up report scheduling, refer to section 6.5, "Configuring Report Scheduling," on page 62.

8.7 Restarting JasperReports Server

If you made configuration changes to your JasperReports Server instance, restart JasperReports Server.

8.8 Updating XML/A Connection Definitions (Optional)

If you loaded the JasperReports Server sample data and would like to run the XML/A examples, update the XML/A connection resources to use the correct web port.

The typical port used by WebLogic is 7001. Follow the procedure in section 6.6, "Updating XML/A Connection Definitions," on page 65.

8.9 Troubleshooting Your JasperReports Server Configuration

If you have problems running buildomatic scripts that set up the database, set up the database manually. For more information, see section 6.1, "Manually Creating the JasperReports Server Database," on page 45.

8.9.1 Startup Problems

When trying to run a new JasperReports Server instance, most typical problems encountered are errors in the database configuration.

These problems are typically related to having incorrect configurations within the database configuration files or in the application server configuration files. For more information about resolving these types of errors, refer to troubleshooting section Appendix A, "Troubleshooting," on page 141.

8.9.2 Error Running Report

If you have trouble running reports in your new JasperReports Server instance, refer to troubleshooting section A.7.13, "Error Running a Report," on page 149.

8.10 Troubleshooting Problems with OLAP Views

If you are using WebLogic 10.3.2 or lower, and you encounter a 404 Error when attempting to change a data cube in an OLAP View, follow these steps to work around the problem:

1. Add the following java option to startWebLogic.cmd or startWebLogic.sh:

On Windows:

```
set JAVA_OPTS=%JAVA_OPTS%
-Djavax.xml.transform.TransformerFactory=org.apache.xalan.processor.TransformerFactoryImpl
On Linux:
export JAVA OPTS=$JAVA OPTS$
```

 $- \texttt{Djavax.xml.trans} for \texttt{merFactory} = \texttt{org.apache.xalan.processor.Trans} for \texttt{merFactoryImplex} = \texttt{org.apache.xalan.processor.Trans} for \texttt{org.apache.xalan.pro$

2. Set EXT_PRE_CLASSPATH in setDomainEnv.cmd:

On Windows:

```
EXT_PRE_CLASSPATH=%DOMAIN_HOME%/lib/serializer-2.7.1.jar;
%DOMAIN_HOME%/lib/js-1.6R5.jar;
%DOMAIN_HOME%/lib/xalan-2.7.1.jar;
%DOMAIN_HOME%/lib/xercesImpl-2.7.1.jar;
%DOMAIN_HOME%/lib/dom4j-1.6.1.jar;
%DOMAIN HOME%/lib/jdom-1.1.jar;
%EXT_PRE_CLASSPATH%
On Linux:
export
EXT PRE CLASSPATH=$DOMAIN HOME/lib/serializer-2.7.1.jar:
$DOMAIN_HOME/lib/js-1.6R5.jar:
$DOMAIN_HOME/lib/xalan-2.7.1.jar:
$DOMAIN HOME/lib/xercesImpl-2.7.1.jar:
$DOMAIN_HOME/lib/dom4j-1.6.1.jar:
$DOMAIN_HOME/lib/jdom-1.1.jar:
$EXT PRE CLASSPATH$
```

3. Copy the JAR files listed in the previous step from the jasperserver-pro.war/WEB-INF/lib folder to %DOMAIN_HOME%/lib or \$DOMAIN_HOME/lib.

CHAPTER 9 PLANNING YOUR 4.7 AND 5.0 UPGRADE

Some of the new and enhanced features in JasperReports Server 4.7 and 5.0 can significantly affect your deployment and you should plan your upgrade accordingly. Prior to upgrading to you should make sure to:

- · Review this chapter carefully and determine how the changes described affect your deployment.
- Make sure to back up your current JasperReports Server installation and repository before upgrading.

This chapter describes only those changes that can significantly impact your existing deployment. For an overview of new features, improvements, and bug fixes see the release notes in the root directory of the distribution. For information on how to use the new features, see the *JasperReports Server User Guide* or the *JasperReports Server Administrator Guide*.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Understanding the Changes in 4.7
- Migrating Ad Hoc Reports to Ad Hoc Views
- Upgrading Themes in 4.7
- Data Snapshots
- Understanding the Changes in 5.0
- Upgrading Preserving Custom Settings
- XML/A Connections to Servers with Multiple Organizations

9.1 Understanding the Changes in 4.7

The following changes in 4.7 can significantly affect your deployment:

- Ad Hoc Reports: The workflow of the Ad Hoc Editor has been modified to distinguish between Ad Hoc views, which allow you to interact with the data and perform data analysis, and reports generated from Ad Hoc views, which allow you to view the data and generate reports. In addition, you can create multiple reports from a single Ad Hoc view; you can then modify the Ad Hoc view and see your changes reflected in dependent reports. This upgrade makes fundamental changes to the architecture of Ad Hoc objects, and migrates all existing Ad Hoc reports to a new Ad Hoc view format. You may encounter the following when you migrate an Ad Hoc report to an Ad Hoc view:
 - (Affects all deployments with Ad Hoc reports) To ensure that your Ad Hoc reports continue to appear in any dashboards where they are used, the Ad Hoc migration process creates two objects for each Ad Hoc report: an Ad Hoc view that contains your data analysis and a report that refers to the data and contains any additional formatting that has been applied using iReport or Jaspersoft Studio. This means that the upgrade will double the number of Ad Hoc-related objects in your JasperReports repository. For example, if you have 10 Ad Hoc reports prior to the 5.0 upgrade, after migration you will have 20 objects 10 Ad Hoc views and 10 related reports. Unwanted reports can be manually deleted unless they are used in dashboards.

- (Affects tabular Ad Hoc Reports) The widths of columns in a tabular report are not perservered. Use the interactive report viewer to reset the column widths and save the report again.
- (Affects Ad Hoc reports modified in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio) Modifications made to an Ad Hoc report in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio are not persevered. The JRXML of the original Ad Hoc report is attached to the converted report for reference. Reports created directly in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio are not affected.
- (Affects OLAP Ad Hoc reports against XML/A clients) Ad Hoc OLAP reports against XML/A clients must be migrated manually using a menu selection.
- (Affects some Ad Hoc reports with customizations) Some reports with customizations may not migrate.

See "Migrating Ad Hoc Reports to Ad Hoc Views" on page 92 for more information.

- Themes: An upgraded user interface eliminates unnecessary white space and lets users see more on a single screen. There have been changes to the resources and CSS used by themes, which make it easier to build and maintain new themes. However, existing themes will have to be redesigned in order to work in 5.0. See "Upgrading Themes in 4.7" on page 95 for details on how to upgrade themes.
- Data Snapshots: Reports stored in JasperReports Server can now be configured to store snapshots of the report data in
 the repository resource. Data snapshots load quickly without querying the data source, thus increasing performance and
 reducing database load. If data snapshots are turned on, size requirements for your repository may increase dramatically.
 Data snapshots are disabled globally by default. See "Migrating Ad Hoc Reports to Ad Hoc Views" on page 92 for
 more information on data snapshots.

9.2 Migrating Ad Hoc Reports to Ad Hoc Views

The workflow of the Ad Hoc Editor has been modified to distinguish between Ad Hoc views and the reports generated from them. Jaspersoft has deprecated the ambiguous Ad Hoc report resource in favor of an Ad Hoc view resource equivalent to an interactive data source. Ad Hoc views may only be opened in the Ad Hoc Editor, and reports created from Ad Hoc views open in the interactive report viewer.

You may see the following problems when you upgrade Ad Hoc reports:

- Ad Hoc reports migrate, but have formatting problems.
- Changes made to an Ad Hoc Report in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio are not persevered.
- Ad Hoc OLAP reports against XML/A clients must be migrated manually using a menu selection.
- Migration fails for some Ad Hoc reports. You can locate problematic reports in the repository using a simple search.

9.2.1 Changes to Ad Hoc

Table 9-1 summarizes the differences between Ad Hoc reports and Ad Hoc views.

Table 9-1 Comparison of Ad Hoc Reports and Ad Hoc Views

Ad Hoc 4.5.1 and earlier	Ad Hoc in 4.7
Ad Hoc report can be opened in interactive viewer.	Ad Hoc view can be opened in display mode in Ad Hoc Editor.
Ad Hoc report can be opened in interactive viewer, iReport, and Jaspersoft Studio.	Reports created from Ad Hoc views can be opened in interactive viewer, iReport, and Jaspersoft Studio.
In order to Export the results, user must open report in interactive viewer, iReport, or Jaspersoft Studio.	User can Export results directly from Ad Hoc Editor.
Ad Hoc reports can be directly included in dashboards.	Reports created from Ad Hoc views can be included in dashboards.
Results of Ad Hoc analysis tied to a single report.	Multiple reports can be created from a single Ad Hoc view.

Table 9-1 Comparison of Ad Hoc Reports and Ad Hoc Views

Ad Hoc 4.5.1 and earlier	Ad Hoc in 4.7
Ad Hoc report can be directly modified in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio.	Reports created from an Ad Hoc view can be modified in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio. A single view can be presented in multiple ways. For example, a chart in a dashboard and a detailed PDF report
	can be created from the same Ad Hoc view.
Modifications made in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio are lost when Ad Hoc report is reopened in Ad Hoc Editor.	When an Ad Hoc view is updated in Ad Hoc Editor, changes are reflected in reports created from that view. However, not all changes can be supported in all reports. A warning is displayed whenever changes are made to an Ad Hoc view with dependent reports.
	Table components in reports created from Ad Hoc views are interactive. Future enhancements will extend Ad Hoc interactivity.
Ad Hoc reports prior to 4.5.0 could apply Ad Hoc styles.	As of 4.5.0, Ad Hoc styles are no longer supported.
Incompatible with future versions of JasperReports Server.	Updated architecture supports future feature enhancements to Ad Hoc.

9.2.2 Output of Migration Process

When you upgrade, each Ad Hoc report from 4.5.1 or earlier is transformed to a pair of objects as follows:

- Ad Hoc view: An Ad Hoc view in 5.0 provides functionality corresponding to an Ad Hoc report opened in Design Mode in earlier versions. You can think of an Ad Hoc view as a window into a data set, along with tools that allow you to perform data analysis, such as determining the main layout and selecting fields and filters. The name of the Ad Hoc view is the name of the Ad Hoc report with AdHocDataView appended:
 - filename: <filename>_AdhocDataView for example, Western_Region_Sales_AdhocDataView
 - label: <report_name> Ad Hoc view for example, Western Region Sales Ad Hoc View
 - description: Ad Hoc view created from the <report_name> report for example, Ad Hoc view created from the Western Region Sales report
- Report: Contains any modifications made in the interactive report viewer. The path, name in the repository, and description of the upgraded report are identical to those of the Ad Hoc report prior to upgrade. This ensures the report still appears wherever it is used, such as dashboards, job schedules, or reference links from JasperReports Server or an external system. If you do not need this report, it can be manually deleted from the repository.
 - filename: <filename> for example, Western_Region_Sales
 - label: <report name> for example, Western Region Sales
 - description: <description> for example, This report shows sales numbers for the Western Region grouped by product class, store location and month

9.2.3 Ad Hoc Migration Process

The JasperReports Server upgrade includes a migration script that performs the conversion from Ad Hoc reports to Ad Hoc views and their associated reports.



Report migration information is written to the log. You can get more information about the results of migration by turning on debug mode; this will impact the performance of the upgrade process.

• If you upgrade your repository by running the upgrade scripts on the existing repository database, the script to migrate Ad Hoc reports runs when the new JasperReports Server starts for the first time. Because the conversion process is part of JasperReports Server initialization, it may take longer than usual for the JasperReports Server web application to accept logins. The time required for conversion depends on the speed of your system and the number of Ad Hoc reports that need to be converted.

You can observe the progress of the report conversion process in the log file:

<js-install>/buildomatic/logs/js-upgrade-<date>-<number>.log

• If you start with a clean 5.0 installation and import repository data from your previous JasperReports Server installation, the script to migrate Ad Hoc reports runs as part of the import process. If some reports fail to migrate, the script also runs during server initialization as described above. Running the script a second time migrates reports that depend on environment variables or services that are not configured during import. For example, Ad Hoc reports that use a JNDI data source configured inside the application server cannot be migrated while the application server is turned off for import.

9.2.4 Issues in Migrated Reports

Some Ad Hoc reports may migrate automatically but exhibit formatting issues or other problems. These include:

- Ad Hoc styles: Ad Hoc styles applied in JasperReports Server 4.5.0 or earlier are not perservered.
- Table columns: The widths of columns in an Ad Hoc table report are not perservered in the associated report. Use the interactive viewer to reset the column widths and save the report again.
- Modifications in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio: Ad Hoc reports that have been modified in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio should be accessible in 5.0 but will lose the modifications. Examples of such reports include Ad Hoc reports that have been edited to resize a column, apply a style, or add a logo, as well as Ad Hoc reports that have had custom filters, custom multi-level sorting, fusion charts, or input controls added in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio.

9.2.4.1 Working with Reports Modified in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio

During migration, the pre-5.0 JRXML is attached to the new upgraded report as a local resource. This JRXML, named oldAdhocJRXML, can be opened from iReport or Jaspersoft Studio for reference and compared with the new report. This can help you see report content that did not migrate, and help you understand how best to manually correct the automatically-generated report. Note that the attached JRXML is not used during upgrade in any way.

To better understand the changes that you made in iReport or Jaspersoft Studio, you can work with the Ad Hoc report in your current (pre-upgrade) version of JasperReports Server. You can save a copy of the Ad Hoc report, open this copy in the Ad Hoc editor, and then save it. This copy should contain information similar to the Ad Hoc view you get during migration. You can then compare the JRXML of the copy with the JRXML of the modified report.

9.2.5 Unsuccessful Migration

Ad Hoc reports that did not migrate successfully show up in the repository with the old **Ad Hoc Report** type. You can locate these reports using the log or via a special search in the repository. Reports which may not migrate automatically include:

- Ad Hoc OLAP reports against XML/A clients must be manually migrated after the server has been upgraded and has been successfully restarted. This does not affect reports against Mondrian clients.
- Ad Hoc reports that did not work correctly in the existing version of JasperReports Server will not migrate. To mitigate this, you need to modify the report in your current version and ensure that it is working correctly prior to migrating it.
- Ad Hoc reports with a custom data source or other custom components may not migrate successfully.

9.2.5.1 Finding Ad Hoc Reports Using the Log

The auto-upgrade script creates an output log that captures standard output and error output. The output log file is located here: <js-install>/buildomatic/logs/js-upgrade-<date>-<number>.log

The migration process writes the following information to the log:

- If migration is successful for all Ad Hoc reports, you will see a message such as the following:
 - Upgrade process for AdhocReportUnit objects completed successfully.
- If some reports did not migrate successfully, you will see an error such as the following:

Upgrade process for AdhocReportUnit objects completed. There are Y objects of X for which there were some errors during the conversion. Switch on debug for more information.

A stack trace is generated for each report that cannot be migrated:

Error converting AdhocReportUnit (URL=PATH_TO_ADHOC_REPORT_UNIT) to AdhocDataView + ReportUnit

For Ad Hoc OLAP reports against XML/A clients, conversion is skipped. You will see a message such as the following:
 Current AdhocReportUnit cannot be converted during upgrade process because it has XML/A data source.
 Conversion skipped. Refer to the documentation for details.

See "Migrating Ad Hoc OLAP Reports Against XML/A Clients" on page 95 for information on how to migrate these reports manually.

9.2.5.2 Finding Ad Hoc Reports in the Repository

Reports that did not migrate successfully show up in the 5.0 repository with the old Ad Hoc report type. A special search allows you to locate these reports:

- 1. Select View > Search Results.
- 2. In the **Filters** section at the left, click **More choices...** (under **All types**), then click **Deprecated Reports**. You will see all the Ad Hoc reports that you have permission to view.

9.2.5.3 Working with Scheduled Reports

When migration fails for an Ad Hoc report with a scheduled run, the schedule for the report is perservered. At the scheduled runtime, JasperReports Server detects that the report is in the old Ad Hoc report format and does not attempt to run the report. Instead the scheduler writes an error to the log and also sends a notification message, which can be accessed by selecting **View > Messages** from the menu.

9.2.6 Troubleshooting

9.2.6.1 Migrating Ad Hoc OLAP Reports Against XML/A Clients

Ad Hoc OLAP reports can only be migrated when the server is running and able to respond to requests from the XML/A data source, which means they cannot be migrated during upgrade. They can be migrated manually as follows:

- 1. Locate the Ad Hoc OLAP report you want to migrate in the repository.
- 2. Right-click the report name and select Migrate report.

9.2.6.2 Working with Reports That Fail to Migrate

When a report fails to migrate, the first thing to do is to open it in the previous version of JasperReports Server. In most cases, investigation shows that reports that fail to migrate do not work in the previous version.

Remember that reports that worked at one time can cease to work when the data source they use changes in some way. For example, if a report has not been used for some time, a schema change such as an updated column name may not be reflected in the report.

You can simplify the upgrade process and reduce the time it takes to migrate your Ad Hoc Reports by deleting unused Ad Hoc reports from your repository prior to upgrade. If auditing is enabled in your current, pre-5.0 version of JasperReports Server, you can use the audit data to locate Ad Hoc reports that have not been accessed for a specified amount of time. You can then delete the reports you no longer want. If desired, you can export each unwanted report individually prior to deletion. See the *JasperReports Server Administrator Guide* for more information about auditing and about import/export.

9.3 Upgrading Themes in 4.7

The look and feel of the JasperReports Server web interface has been redesigned to increase usable space and be more compatible across browsers. In addition, navigation has been improved with simplified menus and a new Library page that provides quick access to all reports, dashboards, and views a user may access. To accomplish this, images, markup, and styles have been modified and many elements and images are smaller in size. As a result of these modifications, custom themes developed for the previous interface will need to be updated for the new interface.

This section details the changes made to the user interface and describes some of the steps necessary to update custom themes. For information on developing new themes, see the *JasperReports Server Administrator Guide*.

9.3.1 Banner and Toolbar Modifications

Banner settings have changed in 4.7, which means you will need to modify your theme to work with the new banner. **Table 9-2** shows the elements you need to modify and their default locations. The default values are for these elements are in the default.css file.

Table 9-2 Banner and Toolbar Settings

Element	Classname and Modification	File	Notes
Banner	.banner Give custom value to height.	containers.css	Default value: height:26px
Banner Logo	#logo Give custom values to height and width that match the dimensions of your logo.	theme.css	Default values: height: 20px width: 115px
Banner Main Navigation	.menu.primaryNav .wrap Set height and line-height to the same measurement as .banner.	containers.css	Default values: height: 26px line-height: 26px
Banner Main Navigation	.menu.primaryNav .wrap.over .menu.primaryNav .wrap.pressed If you already have values for these defined in your alternate theme, then you need to change height and line-height to match the height of .banner.	containers.css	Not explicitly defined, but a value of 26px for both elements is cascaded from .menu.primaryNav .wrap If the over and pressed effects fill the banner height after applying the modifications to .menu.primaryNav .wrap, then this step is not necessary.
Banner Main Navigation Home icon	.menu.primaryNav #main_home .wrap > .icon Set height to be 2px shorter than the height of .banner. Set values for width and background-position to fit your image.	containers.css	Default value: background-position: left -166px. Height should be two pixels shorter than banner height. Height is not explicitly defined, but a value of 24px is cascaded from .button .icon in buttons.css Width is not explicitly defined, but a value of 14px is cascaded from .menu.primaryNav #main_ home .wrap > .icon in the containers.css file.
Banner Main Navigation Item arrow icon	.menu.primaryNav .node > .wrap > .icon Set height to your desired value, with the maximum value being the same height measurement as the .banner element. Set background-position to a value that properly displays the default or your custom image.	containers.css	Default values: height: 30px; background-position: 0 -78px background-position: 0 -78px (IE8-9) background-position: 0 -79px (Ch+Saf) If you are using Chrome or Safari, the classname that you apply background position to must be preceded by "body:nth-of-type(1)".
Banner Main Navigation Item arrow icon	.menu.primaryNav .wrap.over .menu.primaryNav .wrap.pressed Set background-position to a value that properly displays the default or your custom image.	containers.css	background-position is not explicitly defined. The value is cascaded from .menu.primaryNav .node > .wrap > .icon This only needs to be adjusted if you want a different color disclosure indicator for the pressed and over states of the main menu links.

Table 9-2 Banner and Toolbar Settings

Element	Classname and Modification	File	Notes
Banner Metadata	#metalinks li Set line-height to the desired value that will vertically center it within the banner.	theme.css	Default value: line-height: 9px
Banner Search container	#globalSearch.searchLockup Set margin-top to desired value that will vertically center it within the banner.	controls.css	Default value: margin-top:3px
Body	#frame Set a custom top value that positions the body of the application below the banner.	containers.css	Default value: top: 28px This value needs to be greater than the value you apply to the height of .banner.
Toolbar	.toolbar Set custom height value that will fit your capsule buttons.	containers.css	Default value: height: 28px This is only necessary if you have customized capsule buttons that differ in height from the default images.

9.3.2 Changes to IE Overrides

All style rules have been moved out of the IE-specific CSS files and into the base CSS files. IE-specific notations have been applied to these rules so they can be condensed into the class declarations with the other style rules for a given element. IE-specific styles are commented as shown below:

• The following comment indicates a general IE style rule:

```
\* IE \*
```

• The following comment indicates a style rule specific to IE7:

```
\* IE7 \*
```

• The following comment indicates a style rule specific to IE8 and IE9:

```
\* IE8 and IE9 \*
```

Table 9-3 shows an example of an IE7 style rule that has been combined into the base style rules in 5.0.

Table 9-3 Changes to Implementation for IE Style Rules

IE overrides (4.5.1 and earlier)	lists.css (4.5.1 and earlier)	lists.css (4.7)
.stepIndicator .icon {	.stepIndicator .icon {	.stepIndicator .icon {
*top: 2px;	margin: 0;	position: relative;
}	top: 1px;	margin: 0px;
	margin-right: 3px;	top: 1px;
	}	*top: 2px; * IE7 \\
		margin-right: 3px;
		}

9.3.3 Images in JasperReports Server 4.7

Images for navigation, buttons, and backgrounds in the default theme have changed in version 5.0. Some images have been deleted or moved into a sprite file with a different name, other images have been modified and their properties (such as height

and width) may have changed. You need to ensure your custom themes refer to these images. If you have used custom images, you may need to adjust them to work with the new default scheme. This section lists the image files and indicates the changes.

Table 9-4 lists the images that have been added in the 4.7 default theme.

Table 9-4 New Images in 4.7 Default Theme

Image	Usage	Notes
banner_bkgd.png	Background gradient image for application banner	
column_header_bkgd.png	Background gradient image for .header elements in columns and dialogs	Replaces panel_dialog_header_sprite.png image used for dialog box headers in 4.5.1.
inner_pagination_sprite.png	Pagination icons (next, previous, etc) for dashboard report widgets	
spacer.gif	Icon that appears in the column header of spacer columns in Ad Hoc Editor	
viewer_toolbar_buttons_sprite.png	Button icons for the Ad Hoc Editor toolbar	

Table 9-5 lists the images that have been modified for the 5.0 default theme.

Table 9-5 Modified Images in 4.7 Default Theme

Image	Usage	Notes
adhoc_toolbar_buttons_sprite.png	Button icons for the Ad Hoc Editor toolbar	Some icons are new. All icons have new shadow effect.
button_action_primary_sprite.png	Background gradient images for the three states of .action.primary buttons	Removed rounded corners. Colors were adjusted.
button_action_sprite.png	Background gradient image for the up, over, and pressed states of action buttons	Removed rounded corners. Colors were adjusted.
button_action_square_icons_sprite.png	Button icons for the .action.square buttons	All icons have new shadow effect.
button_capsule_sprite.png	Background images with rounded corners for capsule buttons	Rounded corners have a smaller radius. Colors adjusted. Buttons are shorter in height.
button_options_sprite.png	Background images for the up, over, and pressed states of options buttons	Removed rounded corners. Added a shadow-only image for the pressed state.
disclosure_indicators_sprite.png	Small icons that disclose functionality in various parts of the application (within buttons, menus, lists, and forms)	Shadow effect added to icons for .button.capsule.indicator .
home_bkgd.png	Large background image on home page	Image refactored.
home_icons_sprite.png	Large icons for .action.jumbo button on home and admin home pages	Icons for View Reports and Create Ad Hoc View refactored.
input_bkgd.png	Top inner shadow background image for text inputs	Shadow lightened. Image height changed from 2px tall to 3px tall.

Table 9-5 Modified Images in 4.7 Default Theme

Image	Usage	Notes
login_welcome_bkgd.jpg	Main image on login page of pro edition	Image refactored.
login_welcome_ce_bkgd.jpg	Main image on login page of community edition	Image refactored.
logo.png	Logo used in the banner of the application	Image is smaller.
menu_primaryNav_sprite.png	Sprite containing background gradients for mouse over effects and the home icon used in the main menu	Home icons reduced in size and shadow effect added.
panel_inset_inset_bkgd.png		
search_sprite.png	Icons used in search controls (search and clear search)	Images refactored. Input background removed.
tabs_horizontal_sprite.png	Background gradient images for the over and pressed states of horizontal tabs	Removed rounded corners. Colors adjusted.
tabs_vertical_sprite.png	Background gradient images for the up, over and pressed states of vertical tabs	Removed rounded corners. Colors adjusted.

Table 9-6 lists the images that have not been affected by the refactoring of themes in 5.0.

Table 9-6 Images With No Modifications in 4.7

Image	Usage
adhoc_datatree_icons_sprite.png	Node and leaf images for fields, measures, and dimensions in the ad hoc data tree
floatingMenu_sprite.png	Popup menu icons for dashboard widgets
grid_20x20_bkgd.png	Grid background for dashboard designer canvas
list_node_animation.gif	Miniature "please wait" animation used in list nodes
list_pressed_bkgd.png	Background image for the top inner shadow that appears for the pressed state of a .list.filter list item
lists_sprite.png	Small icons used in various lists throughout the application. Also used for tokens, menus and OLAP cell sorting
loadinfo.gif	"Please wait" animation used for iPad only
message_icons_sprite.png	Sprite containing a single icon used for alert message
panel_sizer_sprite.png	Sprite containing icons for resizing panels and dialogs
report_load_animation.gif	Animation used in the toolbar of the interactive viewer when a report is loading
sort_indicators_sprite.png	Sprite containing icons used for the up, over, and pressed states of sortable lists (ascending and descending)
tabs_horizontal_buttons_bkgd.png	Image used as the top drop shadow for .tabSet.horizontal.buttons
wait_animation_large.gif	"Please wait" animation used in dialog boxes on page loads and in dashboard iframes when widgets are loading

Table 9-7 shows images used in the earlier themes that have been removed in 5.0, as well as images that have been refactored by placing them in the file inner_pagination_sprite.png.

Table 9-7 Images from Previous Default Theme Removed in 4.7

Image	Usage	Notes
ajax-loader.gif	Animation used in the "please wait" dialog for printing dashboards that contain charts	replaced with wait_animation_large.gif
body_bkgnd.png	Gradient background image used as the body background for all pages	
button_action_jumbo_sprite.png	Background images with rounded corners used for up, over, and pressed states of jumbo buttons	
column_bkgd_corners.png	Background image used for rounded corners with drop shadow on column decorated elements	
column_bkgd_edges_rl.png	Background image used for right and left borders with drop shadow on column decorated elements	
column_bkgd_edges_tb.png	Background image used for top and bottom borders with drop shadow on column decorated elements	
first-d.gif	Disabled state of "go to first" icon used for pagination controls inside report dashboard widgets	Image placed in sprite file inner_pagination_sprite.png
first.gif	"Go to first" icon used for pagination controls inside report dashboard widgets	Image placed in sprite file inner_pagination_sprite.png
frame_background_sprite.png	Gradient background image for the #frame element	
frame_bkgd_corners.png	Background image used for rounded corners with drop shadow on the #frame element	
frame_bkgd_edges_rl.png	Drop shadow image used for right and left edges of the #frame element	
frame_bkgd_edges_tb.png	Drop shadow image used for top and bottom edges of the #frame element	
frame_header_sprite.png	Gradient background image with rounded corners used for the header of the #frame element.	#frame header element holds the main navigation.
last-d.gif	Disabled state of "go to last" icon used for pagination controls inside report dashboard widgets	Image moved to sprite file inner_pagination_sprite.png.
last.gif	"Go to last" icon used for pagination controls inside report dashboard widgets	Image placed in sprite file inner_pagination_sprite.png.
login_welcome_bkgd_ipad.jpg	Main image on login page for iPad	
logo_small.png	Logo used in the frame header/main navigation bar for iPad	

Table 9-7 Images from Previous Default Theme Removed in 4.7

Image	Usage	Notes
menu_context_bkgd_corners.png	Background image used for rounded corners with drop shadow on .menu.context elements	
menu_context_bkgd_edges_rl.png	Background image used for right and left borders with drop shadow on .menu.context elements	
menu_context_bkgd_edges_tb.png	Background image used for top and bottom borders with drop shadow on .menu.context elements	
menu_dropDown_bkgd_corners.png	Background image used for rounded corners with drop shadow on .menu.dropDown elements	
menu_dropDown_bkgd_edges_rl.png	Background image used for right and left borders with drop shadow on .menu.dropDown elements	
menu_dropDown_bkgd_edges_tb.png	Background image used for top and bottom borders with drop shadow on .menu.dropDown elements	
menu_vertical_bkgd.png	Background for .menu.vertical	
next-d.gif	Disabled state of next icon used for pagination controls inside report dashboard widgets	Image placed in sprite file inner_pagination_sprite.png.
next.gif	Next icon used for pagination controls inside report dashboard widgets	Image placed in sprite file inner_pagination_sprite.png.
panel_bkgd_corners.png	Background image of rounded corners with drop shadow used for the .dialog.overlay element	
panel_bkgd_edges_rl.png	Background image of right and left borders with drop shadow used for the .dialog.overlay element	
panel_bkgd_edges_tb.png	Background image of top and bottom borders with drop shadow used for the .dialog.overlay element	
panel_dialog_header_sprite.png	Background for dialog headers	
panel_info_bkgd_corners.png	Background image of rounded corners with drop shadow used for the .info element	
panel_info_bkgd_edges_rl.png	Background image of right and left borders with drop shadow used for the .info element	
panel_info_bkgd_edges_tb.png	Background image of top and bottom borders with drop shadow used for the .info element	
panel_info_system_bkgd_corners.png	Background image of rounded corners used for the .info.system element	

Table 9-7 Images from Previous Default Theme Removed in 4.7

Image	Usage	Notes
panel_info_system_bkgd_edges_rl.png	Background image of right and left borders used for the .info.system element	
panel_info_system_bkgd_edges_tb.png	Background image of top and bottom borders used for the .info.system element	
panel_info_tooltip_bkgd_corners.png	Background image of rounded corners used for the .panel.tooltip.info element	
panel_info_tooltip_bkgd_edges_rl.png	Background image of right and left borders used for the .panel.tooltip.info element	
panel_info_tooltip_bkgd_edges_tb.png	Background image of top and bottom borders used for the .panel.tooltip.info element	
panel_inlay_bkgd_corners.png	Background image of rounded corners with drop shadow used for the .dialog.inlay element	
panel_inlay_bkgd_edges_rl.png	Background image of left and right borders with drop shadow used for the .dialog.inlay element	
panel_inlay_bkgd_edges_tb.png	Background image of top and bottom borders with drop shadow used for the .dialog.inlay element	
panel_inlay_gradient_left.png	Left background image with gradient and rounded corners used for the .dialog.inlay .footer element	
panel_inlay_gradient_right.png	Right background image with gradient and rounded corners used for the .dialog.inlay .footer element	
panel_inset_bkgd_corners.png	Background image of rounded corners with drop shadow used for the .groupBox element	
panel_inset_bkgd_edges_rl.png	Background image of left and right borders with drop shadow used for the .groupBox element	
panel_inset_bkgd_edges_tb.png	Background image of top and bottom borders with drop shadow used for the .groupBox element	
panel_widget_header_sprite.png	Background gradient with rounded corners used for the headers of the .panel.widget and .dialog.overlay.widget elements	
prev-d.gif	Disabled state of Previous icon used for pagination controls inside report dashboard widgets	Image placed in sprite file inner_pagination_sprite.png

Table 9-7 Images from Previous Default Theme Removed in 4.7

Image	Usage	Notes
prev.gif	Previous icon used for pagination controls inside report dashboard widgets	Image placed in sprite file inner_pagination_sprite.png
toolbar_bkgd.png	Background gradient image for the .toolbar element	

9.4 Data Snapshots

Reports in JasperReports Server can now store snapshots of the report data as part of the report unit in the repository. Data snapshots load quickly without querying the data source, thus increasing performance and reducing database load. Data snapshots can be refreshed on-demand, by scheduling, or by setting server-wide or report-specific policies. Existing installations should also resolve any upgrade issues before enabling data snapshots.

Data snapshots are stored in the JasperReports Server repository, which may significantly increase the size of the repository. Before enabling data snapshots, you may want to analyze the effect of snapshots on your repository size and upgrade your storage. For most installations, the benefits from reducing the overall number of queries should outweigh the cost of additional storage.

The actual effect on your repository size depends on the nature of your reports and how many snapshots you enable. It is difficult to give a standard estimate, because snapshot size depends on factors such as the number of columns and the complexity of the report. For a given report, the overall snapshot size is usually proportional to the number of rows. For example, if you have a report of 100,000 records, with 20 records per page, and the snapshot size for one page is 2KB, the overall size of the snapshot will be $(100,000 \div 20) \times 2KB$, or 10MB.

Data snapshots are turned off globally by default in 5.0. If you enable data snapshots, they can be turned on or off for each individual report.

See the *JasperReports Server Administrator Guide* for more information about enabling data snapshots in your JasperReports Server deployment. *See the JasperReports Server User Guide* for more information about using data snapshots with individual reports.

9.4.1 Using Data Snapshots

Enabling data snapshots has the following benefits:

- Queries are only run when a new data snapshot is enabled, when the snapshot is refreshed, and automatically when the server detects that the snapshot is out of date. This allows multiple users to look at the same report without running multiple queries.
- Sharing data snapshots means everyone sees identical data. A data snapshot is a static entity that reflects the state of the data at the time the snapshot was created. This eliminates differences sometimes experienced when data has changed in the repository, or queries are run in different time zones.
- Users can refresh a snapshot and view the latest data by clicking a **Refresh** button. Non-administrative users do not have permissions to overwrite the snapshot after refresh.
- You can turn off snapshots for reports that need to be dynamic, such as real-time reports in dashboards.

9.5 Understanding the Changes in 5.0

The following changes in 5.0 can significantly affect your deployment:

Upgrading preserving global properties: If you perform an upgrade using the WAR file scripts, you might be able to
preserve any custom global settings you have set. See 9.6, "Upgrading Preserving Custom Settings," on page 104 for
more information about this feature.

XML/A Connections to Servers with Multiple Organizations: If you use Jaspersoft OLAP as an XML/A provider for remote clients, and the server hosts cubes for multiple organizations, you must take additional steps during upgrade. See 9.7, "XML/A Connections to Servers with Multiple Organizations," on page 104 for more information about this procedure.

9.6 Upgrading Preserving Custom Settings

If you perform an upgrade using the WAR file scripts, there is no specific action you need to take. However, you need to be aware that the js-upgrade-samedb script will automatically preserve any custom global properties you have set, whereas the js-upgrade-newdb script will not preserve your custom global properties.

9.7 XML/A Connections to Servers with Multiple Organizations

Unless your JasperReports Server instance includes both Jaspersoft OLAP XML/A connections and multiple organizations, you can skip this section.

If you use Jaspersoft OLAP as an XML/A provider for remote clients, and the server hosts cubes for multiple organizations, you must take additional steps during upgrade.

In previous versions, an XML/A connection pointing to another JasperReports Server that hosted multiple organizations could pass an organization's ID to the remote server as an argument in the **Data Source** field. In this release, this configuration is no longer supported. If your XML/A connections pass organization IDs using the tenantID argument in the **Data Source** field, you must edit the XML/A connections and remove the tenantID argument. You must still pass a user's organization along with the user name and password when connecting in this configuration; the user's organization determines the cube that is queried.

Note that, if you connect to a specific organization's XML/A source in a remote server as superuser, you must still pass the tenantID argument in the XML/A connection's **Data Source** field. However, Jaspersoft recommends that you instead connect as jasperadmin or as a non-administrative user of the specific organization. For more information, refer to the *Jaspersoft OLAP User Guide*.

CHAPTER 10 UPGRADING FROM 3.7 - 4.7 TO 5.0

This chapter describes the recommended procedure for upgrading from JasperReports Server 3.7, 3.7.1, 4.0, 4.0.1, 4.1, 4.2, 4.2.1, 4.5, or 4.5.1 to JasperReports Server 5.0. The upgrade procedures described in this chapter use the JasperReports Server WAR File Distribution ZIP release package and the included buildomatic scripts.

The procedure in this chapter can also be used to upgrade JasperReports Server 4.7 and 4.7.1. However, we recommend you use the procedures in Chapter 11, "Upgrading from 4.7 to 5.0," on page 115.

The examples in this chapter use JasperReports Server 4.5.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Standard Upgrade Steps
- Planning Your Upgrade
- Backing Up Your Previous JasperServer Instance
- Exporting Old Repository Data
- Preparing the JasperReports Server 5.0 WAR File Distribution
- Configuring Buildomatic for Your Database and Application Server
- Upgrading to JasperReports Server 5.0
- Starting and Logging into JasperReports Server 5.0
- Additional Tasks to Complete the Upgrade
- Old Manual Upgrade Steps

10.1 Standard Upgrade Steps

This section lists the standard upgrade steps. In general, perform these steps when upgrading to any new JasperReports Server release.

- 1. Plan your upgrade and evaluate how changes in JasperServer 5.0 impact your existing deployment.
- 2. Back up your current JasperReports Server instance. For example, back up your JasperReports Server 4.5.
- 3. Export your existing repository data. For example, export your 4.5 data.
- 4. Download and set up the 5.0 JasperReports Server WAR file distribution zip.
- 5. Run the js-upgrade script as described in section 10.7, "Upgrading to JasperReports Server 5.0," on page 110.

If your previous instance of JasperReports Server has any custom modifications or extensions, keep track of these and reintegrate them into your 5.0 instance after upgrading.

10.2 Planning Your Upgrade

JasperReports Server version 4.7 made fundamental changes to the architecture of Ad Hoc objects, and migrates all existing Ad Hoc reports to a new Ad Hoc view format. In addition, custom themes need to be modified to work properly in JasperReports Server versions 4.7 and later. Prior to upgrading, review Chapter 9, "Planning Your 4.7 and 5.0 Upgrade," on page 91 carefully and determine how these changes affect your deployment.

You can simplify the upgrade process and reduce the time it takes to migrate your Ad Hoc Reports by deleting unused Ad Hoc reports from your repository prior to upgrade. If auditing is enabled in your current, pre-4.7 version of JasperReports Server, you can use the audit data to locate Ad Hoc reports that have not been accessed for a specified amount of time. You can then delete the reports you no longer want. If desired, you can export each unwanted report individually prior to deletion. See the *JasperReports Server Administrator Guide* for more information about auditing and about import/export.

If you are upgrading Ad Hoc reports, you can turn on debug mode to log more information about any Ad Hoc reports that do not migrate successfully. Turning on debug mode will impact upgrade performance.

10.3 Backing Up Your Previous JasperServer Instance

First, back up your old JasperServer WAR file and jasperserver database. For example, back up your JasperReports Server 4.5 WAR file and 4.5 jasperserver database, so you can restore them in the event of an upgrade problem. Perform these steps from the command line in a Windows or Linux shell.

The following instructions are for the PostgreSQL and MySQL databases in Tomcat. For other databases, consult the administration documentation for your database for backup information.

1. Back up the jasperserver-pro directory in Tomcat to a backup directory. For example:

```
cd <tomcat>
Windows: rename <tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro <tomcat>/js-4.5-war-backup
Linux: mv <tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro <tomcat>/js-4.5-war-backup
```

- 2. Back up the jasperserver database. Go to the location where you originally unpacked WAR file distribution zip for the previous version or installed the previous version from the JasperReports Server installer (or create a new local folder to hold your backup file):
 - a. Navigate to the location of your previous, unpacked WAR file distribution, for example:

```
cd <js-install-4.5>
```

- b. Back up the MySQL or PostgreSQL database using one of the following commands:
 - PostgreSQL

```
cd <js-install-4.5>
pg_dump --username=postgres jasperserver > js-db-4.5-dump.sql
```

MySQL

If you installed the previous release from the installer, specify --user=jasperdb in this command.



If you receive a packet size error, see section A.7.4, "Maximum Packet Size in MySQL," on page 146. Jaspersoft has tested the mysqldump utility for backing up and restoring MySQL databases, but there are other MySQL backup mechanisms, some of which may work better for your JasperReports Server installation.

10.4 Exporting Old Repository Data

You need to export your old repository data, for example your 4.5 repository data, using the JasperReports Server export utility. There are two ways to export:

- Use the buildomatic scripts (if you originally installed using buildomatic).
- Use the js-export.bat/.sh script found in the <js-install>/buildomatic directory.

10.4.1 Using Buildomatic Scripts to Export Data

If you configured buildomatic and your default_master.properties file as described in section 15.3.1, "Creating a default_master.properties File," on page 136, you can export your old repository data. For example, to export 4.5 repository data, use the following commands:

1. Navigate to the buildomatic directory:

```
cd <js-install-4.5>/buildomatic
```

2. Run buildomatic with the export target:

```
Windows: js-ant.bat export-everything -DexportFile=js-4.5-export.zip Linux: ./js-ant export-everything -DexportFile=js-4.5-export.zip
```

This operation uses the export option --everything which exports all your repository data.



Note the location of this export file so that you can use it during the 5.0 upgrade process.

10.4.2 Using the js-export Script to Export Data

To use the js-export.bat/.sh script, navigate to the buildomatic folder of your previous release, for example, the <js-install-4.5>/buildomatic folder. If you are using the PostgreSQL database then the js-export script should already be configured to run. If you are using a different database, or you have changed database passwords, you need to update the js-export configuration.

The import-export utility for JasperServer 3.7 needs additional configuration. See section 15.6, "Configuring the Import-Export Utility for JasperServer 3.7," on page 139 for more information.

Run the following commands:

1. Navigate to the buildomatic directory:

```
cd <js-install-4.5>/buildomatic
```

2. Run the js-export script:

```
Windows: js-export.bat --everything --output-zip js-4.5-export.zip Linux: js-export.sh --everything --output-zip js-4.5-export.zip
```

This operation uses the export option --everything which exports all your repository data.



Note the location of this export file so that you can use it during the 5.0 upgrade process.

10.5 Preparing the JasperReports Server 5.0 WAR File Distribution

Use the buildomatic js-upgrade scripts included in the 5.0 WAR file distribution ZIP release package to carry out the upgrade. Follow these steps to obtain and unpack the WAR file distribution ZIP file:

- 1. The WAR file distribution comes in a file named jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip in the compressed ZIP format. Download the WAR file distribution from <u>Jaspersoft technical support</u> (http://support.jaspersoft.com) or contact your sales representative.
- 2. Extract all files from jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip. Choose a destination, such as a C:\Jaspersoft folder on Windows, /home/<user> on Linux, or /Applications on Mac OSX.

This document refers to the location where you unpacked the 5.0 WAR File Distribution ZIP as:

```
<js-install-5.0>
```

10.6 Configuring Buildomatic for Your Database and Application Server

The upgrade procedure in this chapter uses the js-upgrade-newdb shell script.



For Unix, the bash shell is required for the js-upgrade scripts. If you are installing to a non-Linux Unix platform such as HP-UX, IBM AIX, FreeBSD or Solaris, you need to download and install the bash shell. See "Bash Shell for Solaris, IBM AIX, HP UX and FreeBSD" on page 143 for more information.

This section contains example configurations for the PostgreSQL, MySQL, and Oracle databases. Other databases are similar.

10.6.1 Example Buildomatic Configuration

The upgrade configuration is handled by the default_master.properties file. Jaspersoft provides a sample configuration file for each database, for example, postgresql_master.properties. You must specify your database credentials and your application server location, and rename the file to default_master.properties.

10.6.1.1 PostgreSQL Example

This section shows how to configure default_master.properties for PostgreSQL.

1. Locate the postgresql_master.properties sample configuration file:

Database	Master Properties File
PostgreSQL	<js-install-5.0>/buildomatic/sample_conf/postgresql_master.properties</js-install-5.0>

2. Copy the file to <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic.

- 3. Rename the file default master.properties.
- 4. Edit default_master.properties for your database and application server:

Database	Sample Property Values
PostgreSQL	<pre>appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat5, jboss, glassfish2, glassfish3] appServerDir=c:\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat 6 dbUsername=postgres dbPassword=postgres dbHost=localhost</pre>

10.6.1.2 MySQL Example

This section shows how to configure default_master.properties for MySQL.

1. Locate the mysql_master.properties sample configuration file:

Database	Master Properties File
MySQL	<js-install-5.0>/buildomatic/sample_conf/mysql_master.properties</js-install-5.0>

- 2. Copy the file to <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic.
- 3. Rename the file default master.properties.
- 4. Edit default_master.properties for your database and application server:

Database	Sample Property Values
MySQL	<pre>appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat5, jboss, glassfish2, glassfish3] appServerDir=C:\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat 6 dbUsername=root dbPassword=password dbHost=localhost</pre>

10.6.1.3 Oracle Example

This section shows how to configure default_master.properties for Oracle.



For Oracle, the upgrade scripts use PL/SQL to get the names of the constraints that must be modified in the 5.0 upgrade. Make sure that PL/SQL is enabled in your Oracle database before running the upgrade.

1. Locate the oracle_master.properties sample configuration file:

Database	Master Properties File
Oracle	<js-install-5.0>/buildomatic/sample_conf/oracle_master.properties</js-install-5.0>

- 2. Copy the file to <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic.
- 3. Rename the file to default master.properties.
- 4. Edit default_master.properties for your database and application server:

Database	Sample Property Values
Oracle	<pre>appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat6, jboss, glassfish2, glassfish3] appServerDir=c:\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat-6 (for example) dbUsername=root dbPassword=password dbHost=localhost</pre>

10.7 Upgrading to JasperReports Server 5.0

Once your buildomatic scripts have been configured, you can complete the upgrade.



Make sure you have backed up your jasperserver database before proceeding.

Make sure you have backed up your old JasperReports Server WAR file before proceeding.

- 1. Stop your application server.
- 2. Start your database server.
- 3. Run the following commands:

Commands	Description
cd <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic</js-install-5.0>	Change to buildomatic directory
js-upgrade-newdb.bat <path>/js-4.5-export.zip</path>	(Windows) Upgrade jasperserver-pro war file, drop and recreate the database, import data file from previous version.
./js-upgrade-newdb.sh <path>/js-4.5-export.zip</path>	(Linux) Upgrade jasperserver-pro war file, drop and recreate the database, import data file from previous version.



On MySQL, if you receive an error about packet size, see section A.7.4, "Maximum Packet Size in MySQL," on page 146.



If you have auditing enabled, see section A.11.2, "Include Audit Events on Upgrade," on page 156 for information on including auditing events.

10.7.1 is-upgrade Test Mode

You can run the js-upgrade script in test mode using the test option. For example, on Window, enter:

```
cd <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic
js-upgrade-newdb.bat test <path>/js-4.5-export.zip
```

In test mode, the js-upgrade scripts check your default_master.properties settings. The application server location and the capability to connect to the specified database are validated. Using test mode can help debug issues such as an incorrect database password. Your system will not be altered when executing the script in test mode.

10.7.2 Output Log Location

The js-upgrade script creates an output log that captures standard output and error output. If there are any problems during the execution of the script, or if you want to remember which options you chose, you can open the output log file.

The output log file is located here:

<js-install>/buildomatic/logs/js-upgrade-<date>-<number>.log

10.7.3 Errors

If you encounter errors during the js-upgrade script execution, first look at the output log to see if you can spot any errors. Also, refer to the Troubleshooting section **Appendix A**, "**Troubleshooting**," on page 141. The information in this section applies to js-upgrade scripts as well as js-install scripts.

If you need to modify values in your default_master.properties file, you can simply edit the file. When you run the js-upgrade script again, the new values are used.

10.8 Starting and Logging into JasperReports Server 5.0

Start your Tomcat, JBoss, or GlassFish application server. Your database should already be running.



If you have Ad Hoc reports in your earlier repository, they are migrated to Ad Hoc views on server start up. This process may be very time-consuming, depending on the number of Ad Hoc reports in your repository. See Chapter 9, "Planning Your 4.7 and 5.0 Upgrade," on page 91 for more information.

10.8.1 Clearing Your Browser Cache

Before you log in, make sure you and your end users clear the browser cache. JavaScript files, which enable UI elements of JasperReports Server, are typically cached by the browser. Clear the cache to ensure that the newer files are used.

10.8.2 Logging into JasperReports Server

Log in to your updated JasperReports Server instance using the following URL, user IDs, and passwords:

URL: http://localhost:8080/jasperserver-pro

User ID	Password	Description
superuser	<pre><your-password></your-password></pre>	System-wide administrator
jasperadmin	<pre><your-password></your-password></pre>	Administrator for the default organization



Your jasperadmin password might be reset to the default setting by the upgrade operation. For example, the jasperadmin password might be reset to jasperadmin. For security reasons, you should change your jasperadmin and superuser passwords to non-default values.

Your JasperReports Server instance has now been upgraded to 5.0. In the event of startup or login problems, refer to Appendix A, "Troubleshooting," on page 141.

10.9 Additional Tasks to Complete the Upgrade

10.9.1 Handling JasperReports Server Customizations

If you made modifications or customizations to the old JasperReports Server application, JasperReports Server 4.5 for example, these configurations are typically found in the WEB-INF/applicationContext-*.xml set of files.

Configuration modifications, such as client-specific security classes or LDAP server configurations, need to be hand-copied from your previous environment and re-integrated into the new 5.0 environment.

10.9.2 Clearing the Application Server Work Folder

Application servers have work folders where JasperReports Server files are compiled and cached and other objects are stored. When you update the WAR file or license, the buildomatic deploy-webapp-pro target should automatically clear the application server's work directory, but it's a good practice to double-check. A permission problem, or some other problem, could prevent the clearing of the work folder.

To clear the work folder in Tomcat:

- Change directory to <tomcat>/work.
- 2. Delete all the files and folders in this directory.

10.9.3 Clearing the Application Server Temp Folder

JasperReports Server uses caching to speed operations within the application. Caching files are created and stored in the application server to support this functionality. Typically, these cached files are stored in a temp folder. Clear this temp folder to avoid any conflicts after the upgrade is complete. Typically, the temp folder used by an application server corresponds to the path pointed at by the java.io.tmpdir Java system property. For Apache Tomcat the temp folder is <tomcat>/temp.

To clear the temp folder in Apache Tomcat:

- 1. Change directory to <tomcat>/temp
- 2. Delete all the files and folders in this directory

10.9.4 Clearing the Repository Cache Database Table

In the jasperserver database, compiled JasperReports Library resources are cached in the JIRepositoryCache table for increased efficiency at runtime. In some cases, you may encounter errors running reports after an upgrade. Because the JasperReports Library JAR is typically updated with each new JasperReports Server release, old cached items can get out of date and thus cause errors at runtime. If you encounter errors that mention a JasperReports Library "local class incompatible," check your repository cache table. You can clear your jasperserver database cache table whether there are errors or not as part of this upgrade process.

To manually clear the repository cache database table, run a SQL command similar to one shown in this example:

```
update JIRepositoryCache set item_reference = null;
delete from JIRepositoryCache;
```

10.9.5 Updating the XML/A Connections (Optional)

When you upgrade your sample data to 5.0, your XML/A connection sample data is updated. XML/A connections use JasperReports Server login accounts for authentication. Because of this, and because you would normally modify your default jasperadmin password as a standard security procedure, your sample XML/A connection may fail due to a mismatched password.

To update your sample XML/A connections, refer to section 6.6, "Updating XML/A Connection Definitions," on page 65.

10.9.6 Upgrading the Liferay Portal

JasperReports Server can be configured to run with the Liferay Portal. If your JasperReports Server is set up to run with Liferay, you must do the following as part of the upgrade process.

- 1. Delete the webapps/Jaspersoft folder of the application server hosting Liferay. This deletes libraries used in older versions that conflict with libraries in the latest version.
- 2. Deploy the new portlet WAR.

For more information, refer to the JasperReports Server Administrator Guide.

10.10 Old Manual Upgrade Steps

This section has the older, manual upgrade steps that were in place before the js-upgrade shell scripts were implemented in JasperReports Server release 4.0. These are provided in the following table as a reference, mainly for internal use. The js-upgrade shell scripts execute these buildomatic targets "behind the scenes." We recommend using the js-upgrade scripts described in the beginning of this upgrade chapter instead of these manual steps.

Older buildomatic upgrade steps for this chapter are the following (using a 4.5 to 5.0 upgrade as an example):

Commands	Description
cd <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic</js-install-5.0>	
<pre>js-ant drop-js-db js-ant create-js-db js-ant init-js-db-pro</pre>	This will delete and recreate your jasperserver db. Make sure your original database is backed up.
js-ant import-minimal-pro	
<pre>js-ant import-upgrade -DimportFile="<path-and-filename>"</path-and-filename></pre>	The -DimportFile should point to the <path> and <filename> of the js-4.5-export.zip file you created earlier. On Windows, you must use double quotation marks (") if your path or filename contains spaces. On Linux, you must use double quotation marks, escaped with a backslash (\") in this case.</filename></path>
js-ant import-sample-data-upgrade-pro	(Optional) This step is optional; it loads the 5.0 sample data. The old sample data is overwritten, so you may need to redo certain changes such as configuring the sample data sources for your database.
js-ant deploy-webapp-pro	Delete the existing older war file, deploy the 5.0 war file.



On MySQL, if you receive an error about packet size, see section A.7.4, "Maximum Packet Size in MySQL," on page 146.

CHAPTER 11 UPGRADING FROM 4.7 TO 5.0

This chapter describes how to upgrade from JasperReports Server 4.7 or 4.7.1 to JasperReports Server 5.0.

The examples describe how to use the js-upgrade shell scripts to carry out the upgrade from JasperReports Server 4.7 or 4.7.1 to 5.0. The steps are similar to the js-upgrade steps used in the previous chapter except the jasperserver database is not dropped and recreated. Instead, a SQL script upgrades the database to a 5.0 database.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Upgrade Steps Overview
- Backing Up Your Old JasperReports Server Instance
- Preparing the JasperReports Server 5.0 WAR File Distribution
- Configuring Buildomatic for Your Database and Application Server
- Upgrading to JasperReports Server 5.0
- Starting and Logging into JasperReports Server 5.0
- Additional Tasks to Complete the Upgrade
- Old Manual Upgrade Steps

11.1 Upgrade Steps Overview

These are the general steps used in this section.

- 1. Back up your old JasperReports Server instance.
- 2. Download and set up the new 5.0 JasperReports Server WAR file distribution zip.
- 3. Run the js-upgrade script as described in 11.5, "Upgrading to JasperReports Server 5.0," on page 118.

If your old instance of JasperServer has any custom modifications or extensions, keep track of these and re-integrate them into your 5.0 instance after the upgrade is complete.

11.2 Backing Up Your Old JasperReports Server Instance

First you must backup your JasperReports Server WAR file and jasperserver database so that they can be restored in case there is a problem with the upgrade. These steps are performed from the command line in a Windows or Linux shell.

The following instructions are for the PostgreSQL and MySQL databases. For other databases, consult your DB administration documentation for back up information.

11.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server WAR File

Back up the jasperserver-pro directory in Tomcat to a backup directory.

- 1. Go to the <tomcat> directory.
- Make a new backup directory, named js-4.7-war-backup, for example.
- 3. Copy <tomcat>/webapps/ jasperserver-pro to <tomcat>/js-4.7-war-backup.
- 4. Delete the <tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro directory.

11.2.2 Backing Up Your Jasperserver Database

Go to the location where you originally unpacked the WAR file distribution zip of the old release that you're upgrading, <js-install-4.7>, for example. (Or create a new local folder to hold your backup file.)

- 1. Go to <js-install-4.7> (the location of your original unpacked 4.7 WAR file distribution).
- 2. Run the following commands for either PostgreSQL or MySQL:
 - PostgreSQL

```
cd <js-install-4.7>
pg_dump --username=postgres jasperserver > js-db-4.7-dump.sql
```

MySQL



If you receive an error about packet size, see section A.7.4, "Maximum Packet Size in MySQL," on page 146.

11.3 Preparing the JasperReports Server 5.0 WAR File Distribution

Use the buildomatic js-upgrade scripts included in the 5.0 WAR file distribution ZIP release package to carry out the upgrade. Follow these steps to obtain and unpack the WAR file distribution ZIP file:

- 1. The WAR file distribution comes in a file named jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip in the compressed ZIP format. Download the WAR file distribution from <u>Jaspersoft technical support</u> (http://support.jaspersoft.com) or contact your sales representative.
- 2. Extract all files from jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip. Choose a destination, such as the C:\Jaspersoft folder on Windows, /home/<user> on Linux, or /Applications on Mac OSX.

After you unpack the WAR File Distribution Zip, the resulting location will be known as:

```
<js-install-5.0>
```

11.4 Configuring Buildomatic for Your Database and Application Server

This upgrade procedure uses the js-upgrade-samedb shell scripts.



For Unix, the bash shell is required for the js-upgrade scripts. If you are installing to a non-Linux Unix platform such as HP-UX, IBM AIX, FreeBSD or Solaris, you need to download and install the bash shell. See "Bash Shell for Solaris, IBM AIX, HP UX and FreeBSD" on page 143 for more information.

The following section contains example configurations using the PostgreSQL and MySQL databases.

11.4.1 Example Buildomatic Configuration

The upgrade configuration is handled by the default_master.properties file. Jaspersoft provides a sample configuration file for each database. You must specify your database credentials and your application server location, and rename the file to default_master.properties.

11.4.1.1 PostgreSQL Example

This example uses PostgreSQL (the same general logic applies to other databases).

1. Locate the postgresql_master.properties sample configuration file:

Database	Master Properties File
PostgreSQL	<js-install-5.0>/buildomatic/sample_conf/postgresql_master.properties</js-install-5.0>

- 2. Copy the file to <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic.
- 3. Rename the file to default_master.properties.
- 4. Edit default_master.properties for your database and application server:

Database	Sample Property Values
PostgreSQL	<pre>appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat6, jboss, glassfish2, glassfish3] appServerDir=c:\\apache-tomcat-6.0.26 (for example) dbUsername=postgres dbPassword=postgres dbHost=localhost</pre>

11.4.1.2 MySQL Example

This example uses MySQL (the same general logic applies to other databases).

1. Locate the mysql_master.properties sample configuration file:

Database	Master Properties File
MySQL	<js-install-5.0>/buildomatic/sample_conf/mysql_master.properties</js-install-5.0>

- Copy the file to <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic.
- 3. Rename the file to default_master.properties.
- 4. Edit default_master.properties for your database and application server:

Database	Sample Property Values
MySQL	<pre>appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat6, jboss, glassfish2, glassfish3] appServerDir=c:\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat-6 (for example) dbUsername=root dbPassword=password dbHost=localhost</pre>

11.4.1.3 Oracle Example

This example uses Oracle.

1. Locate the oracle_master.properties sample configuration file:

Database	Master Properties File
Oracle	<js-install-5.0>/buildomatic/sample_conf/oracle_master.properties</js-install-5.0>

- 2. Copy the file to <is-install-5.0>/buildomatic.
- 3. Rename the file to default master.properties.
- 4. Edit default_master.properties for your database and application server:

Database	Sample Property Values	
Oracle	<pre>appServerType=tomcat6 [tomcat7, tomcat6, jboss, glassfish2, glassfish3] appServerDir=c:\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat-6 (for example) dbUsername=root dbPassword=password dbHost=localhost</pre>	

11.5 Upgrading to JasperReports Server 5.0

Now that your buildomatic scripts have been configured, you can complete the upgrade.



Make sure you have backed up your jasperserver database before proceeding.

Make sure you have backed up your old JasperReports Server WAR file before proceeding.

- 1. Stop your application server.
- 2. Start your database server.
- 3. Run these commands to upgrade a commercial version of JasperReports Server 4.7 or 4.7.1 to a commercial version of JasperReports Server 5.0:

Commands	Description
cd <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic</js-install-5.0>	
js-upgrade-samedb.bat	(Windows) Upgrade jasperserver-pro war file, upgrade jasperserver database to 5.0, add 5.0 repository resources into the database
./js-upgrade-samedb.sh	(Linux) Upgrade jasperserver-pro war file, upgrade jasperserver database to 5.0, add 5.0 repository resources into the database

11.5.1 js-upgrade Test

You can run the js-upgrade scripts in test mode using the test option. For example, in Windows enter:

```
cd <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic
js-upgrade-samedb.bat test
```

In test mode, the js-upgrade scripts check your default_master.properties settings. The application server location is validated and the capability to connect to the specified database is validated. Using test mode can help debug issues, such as an incorrect database password. Your system is not altered when executing the script in test mode.

11.5.2 Output Log Location

The js-upgrade script creates an output log that captures standard output and error output. If there are any problems during the execution of the script or if you want to remember which options you chose, you can open the output log file.

The output log file is located here:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/logs/js-upgrade-<date>-<number>.log
```

11.5.3 Errors

If you encounter errors during the js-upgrade script execution, look at the output log to see if you can spot any errors. Additionally, you should refer to **Appendix A**, "**Troubleshooting**," on page 141. The information in this section applies to both js-upgrade scripts and the js-install scripts.

If you need to modify values in your default_master.properties file, you can simply edit the file. When the js-upgrade script is run again, the new values will be used.

11.6 Starting and Logging into JasperReports Server 5.0

Start your Tomcat, JBoss, or GlassFish application server. Your database should already be running.

11.6.1 Clearing Your Browser Cache

Before you log in, make sure you and your end-users clear the browser cache. JavaScript files, which enable UI elements of JasperReports Server, are typically cached by the browser. Clear the cache to ensure that the newer files are used.

11.6.2 Logging into JasperReports Server

Log in using the following URL, user IDs, and passwords:

URL: http://localhost:8080/jasperserver-pro

User ID	Password	Description
superuser	<pre><your-password></your-password></pre>	System-wide administrator
jasperadmin	<pre><your-password></your-password></pre>	Administrator for the default organization

Your JasperReports Server instance has now been upgraded to 5.0. In the event of startup or login problems, refer to Appendix A, "Troubleshooting," on page 141

11.7 Additional Tasks to Complete the Upgrade

For additional information about optional steps after you complete the main upgrade steps are complete, see section 10.9, "Additional Tasks to Complete the Upgrade," on page 111.

11.7.1 Clearing the Application Server Temp Folder

JasperReports Server uses caching to speed operations within the application. In the application server, caching files are created and stored for this caching functionality. Typically, these cached files are stored in a temp folder. Clear this temp folder to avoid any conflicts after the upgrade is complete. For Apache Tomcat the temp folder is <tomcat>/temp. (In general, the temp folder used by an Application Server corresponds to the path pointed at by the java.io.tmpdir Java system property.)

To clear the temp folder in Apache Tomcat:

1. Change directory to <tomcat>/temp

Delete all the files and folders in this directory

11.7.2 Clearing the Repository Cache Database Table

In the jasperserver database, compiled JasperReports Library resources are cached in the JIRepositoryCache table for increased efficiency at runtime. In some cases, you may encounter errors running reports after an upgrade. Because the

JasperReports Library JAR is typically updated with each new JasperReports Server release, old cached items can get out of date and thus cause errors at runtime. If you encounter errors that mention a JasperReports Library "local class incompatible," check your repository cache table. In summary, you can clear your jasperserver database cache table whether there are errors or not as part of this upgrade process.

To manually clear the repository cache database table, run a SQL command similar to one shown in this example:

```
update JIRepositoryCache set item_reference = null;
delete from JIRepositoryCache;
```

11.8 Old Manual Upgrade Steps

This section has the older, manual upgrade steps that were in place before the js-upgrade shell scripts were implemented in JasperReports Server release 4.0. These are provided in the following table as a reference, mainly for internal use. The js-upgrade shell scripts execute these buildomatic targets "behind the scenes." We recommend using the js-upgrade scripts described in the beginning of this upgrade chapter instead of these manual steps.

Older buildomatic upgrade steps for this chapter are the following:

Commands	Description
cd <js-install-5.0>/buildomatic</js-install-5.0>	
js-ant upgrade-4.7-5.0-pro	Execute SQL script to upgrade database to 5.0. Executes script buildomatic/install_resources/sql/ <dbtype>/ upgrade-<dbtype>-4.7.0-5.0.0-pro.sql</dbtype></dbtype>
js-ant import-minimal-for-upgrade-pro	Loads themes and other core resources for 5.0.
js-ant import-sample-data-upgrade-pro	(Optional) This step is optional. Loads the 5.0 sample data.
js-ant deploy-webapp-pro	Delete old 4.7 war file, deploy the 5.0 war file.

CHAPTER 12 UPGRADING JASPERSERVER 3.5

If you are running JasperServer version 3.5, you must upgrade to 3.7 before you can upgrade to 4.7. Upgrading directly from JasperServer 3.5 to 4.7 is not a certified (fully Jaspersoft-tested) procedure. To upgrade to 3.7, download the WAR File Distribution zip package for 3.7 (jasperserver-3.7-bin.zip).

The steps to perform this upgrade are documented in the *JasperServer Installation Guide* for the 3.7 release. Download the JasperServer 3.7 WAR file distribution zip package to get the relevant files and documentation. The Installation Guide is in the docs folder.

Download the JasperServer 3.7 WAR file distribution zip package from <u>Jaspersoft technical support</u> or contact your sales representative.

If you are running a JasperServer version earlier than 3.5, first upgrade to 3.7, then to 4.7.

CHAPTER 13 UPGRADING FROM COMMUNITY PROJECT

If you are currently running a Community Project (CP) instance of JasperReports Server and you would like to upgrade to a commercial version of JasperReports Server, follow the instructions in this chapter.

The steps in this section use the JasperReports Server commercial WAR File Distribution release package and the included buildomatic scripts to carry out the upgrade.



This CP to commercial upgrade procedure is only valid for upgrade within a major JasperReports Server release, for example 5.0 CP to 5.0 commercial.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- General Procedure
- Backing Up Your JasperReports Server CP Instance
- Exporting Your CP Repository Data
- Preparing the JasperReports Server 5.0 WAR File Distribution
- Configuring Buildomatic for Your Database and Application Server
- Upgrading to the Commercial Version of JasperReports Server 5.0
- Starting and Logging into JasperReports Server 5.0
- Re-Configuring XML/A Connections (Optional)

13.1 General Procedure

The upgrade procedure consists of the following main steps:

- 1. Back up your JasperReports Server CP instance.
- 2. Export your CP repository data.
- 3. Upgrade your instance to JasperReports Server Commercial.
- 4. Import your CP repository data.

If you customized or extended JasperReports Server CP, you need to keep track of these modifications and re-integrate them into your JasperReports Server commercial instance after completing the upgrade.

13.2 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server CP Instance

First, backup the old JasperReports Server CP WAR file and jasperserver database in the event of a problem with the upgrade. These steps are performed from the command line in a Windows or Linux shell.

These instructions assume you have Tomcat application server and the PostgreSQL or MySQL database. You perform a similar procedure if you have another application server. If you have another database, consult your DB administration documentation for back up information.

13.2.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server CP WAR File

For example, for Apache Tomcat, back up the jasperserver directory from the <tomcat>/webapps folder:

- 1. Go to the <tomcat> directory.
- 2. Make a new directory named js-cp-war-backup.
- 3. Copy <tomcat>/webapps/ jasperserver to <tomcat>/js-cp-war-backup.
- 4. Delete the <tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver directory.

13.2.2 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server Database

Go to the location where you originally unpacked your CP WAR file distribution zip. (Or create a new local folder to hold your backup file.)

- 1. Go to the <js-install-cp> directory.
- 2. Run one of the following commands:
 - For PostgreSQL on Windows or Linux:

```
cd <js-install-cp>
pg dump --username=postgres jasperserver > js-db-cp-dump.sql
```

For MySQL on Windows:

```
mysqldump --user=root --password=<password> jasperserver > js-db-cp-dump.sql
For MySQL on Linux:
    mysqldump --user=root --password=<password> --host=127.0.0.1 jasperserver >
    js-db-cp-dump.sql
```



If you installed JasperReports Server CP from the installer, specify -user=jasperdb in this command.

If you receive an error about packet size, see section A.7.4, "Maximum Packet Size in MySQL," on page 146.

13.3 Exporting Your CP Repository Data

Before exporting your CP repository data, check to see that you have the default_master.properties file in this directory.

```
<js-install-cp>/buildomatic/default_master.properties
```

If you do not have a default_master.properties file, see section 13.5.1, "Example Buildomatic Configuration," on page 125. This file holds the settings that are specific to your JasperReports Server instance, such as your application server location and your database type and location.

To export your CP repository data:

1. Navigate to the buildomatic directory:

```
cd <js-install-cp>/buildomatic
```

2. Run buildomatic with the export target:

```
Windows: js-ant.bat export-everything-ce -DexportFile=js-cp-export.zip Linux: ./js-ant export-everything-ce -DexportFile=js-cp-export.zip
```

This operation uses the export option --everything, which collects all your repository data.

Remember the path to your exported file. You need to specify it when you import into your commercial JasperReports Server repository.

13.4 Preparing the JasperReports Server 5.0 WAR File Distribution

Use the buildomatic scripts included in the commercial 5.0 WAR file distribution release package to carry out the upgrade. Follow these steps to obtain and unpack the commercial 5.0 WAR file distribution ZIP file:

- 1. The WAR file distribution comes in a file named jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip in the compressed ZIP format. Download the WAR file distribution from <u>Jaspersoft technical support</u> or contact your sales representative.
- 2. Extract all files from jasperreports-server-5.0-bin.zip. Choose a destination, such as C:\Jaspersoft on Windows, /home/<user> on Linux, or /Applications on Mac OSX.

After you unpack the WAR File Distribution Zip, the resulting location is known as:

```
<js-install-pro>
```

13.5 Configuring Buildomatic for Your Database and Application Server

This upgrade procedure uses the buildomatic scripts included with the WAR File Distribution ZIP release package to carry out the upgrade.

13.5.1 Example Buildomatic Configuration

The upgrade configuration is handled by the default_master.properties file. Jaspersoft provides a sample configuration file for each database. You must specify your database credentials and your application server location, and rename the file to default_master.properties.

13.5.1.1 PostgreSQL Example

This example uses PostgreSQL (the same general logic applies to other databases).

1. Copy postgresql_master.properties from:

```
<js-install-pro>/buildomatic/sample_conf
```

2. Paste the file to:

```
<js-install-pro>/buildomatic
```

- 3. Rename the file to: default_master.properties
- 4. Edit default_master.properties for your database and application server. Sample property values are:

```
appServerType=tomcat6 (or tomcat7, tomcat5, jboss, glassfish)
appServerDir=c:\\Apache Software Foundation\\tomcat-6.0.26 (for example)
dbUsername=postgres
dbPassword=postgres
dbHost=localhost
```

13.5.1.2 MySQL Example

This example uses MySQL (the same general logic applies to other databases).

1. Copy mysql_master.properties from:

<js-install-pro>/buildomatic/sample_conf

2. Paste the file to:

<js-install-pro>/buildomatic

- 3. Rename the file to: default master.properties
- 4. Edit default_master.properties for your database and application server. Sample property values are:

```
appServerType=tomcat6 (or tomcat7, tomcat5, jboss, glassfish)
appServerDir=c:\\Apache Software Foundation\\tomcat-6.0.26 (for example)
dbUsername=root
dbPassword=password
dbHost=localhost
```

13.6 Upgrading to the Commercial Version of JasperReports Server 5.0

After configuring the default_master.properties file, you can complete the upgrade.



Make sure you have backed up your jasperserver database before proceeding.

Make sure you have backed up your old JasperReports Server WAR file before proceeding.

- 1. Stop your application server.
- 2. Start your database server.
- 3. Run the following commands:

Commands	Description
cd <js-install-pro>/buildomatic</js-install-pro>	
<pre>js-ant drop-js-db js-ant create-js-db js-ant init-js-db-pro</pre>	The first command will delete your jasperserver db. Make sure it is backed up. The other commands will recreate and initialize the database.
js-ant import-minimal-pro	Adds superuser, Themes, and default tenant structure.
<pre>js-ant import-upgrade -DimportFile=<path>/js-cp-export.zip</path></pre>	The -DimportFile argument should point to the js-cp-export.zip file you created earlier. On Windows, you must use double quotation marks (") if your path or filename contains spaces. On Linux, you must use double quotation marks escaped with a backslash (\") in this case.
js-ant import-sample-data-upgrade-pro	(Optional) This step is optional. Loads the 5.0 commercial sample data.
js-ant deploy-webapp-ce-to-pro	Delete the CP war file, and deploy the commercial (pro) war file.



On MySQL, if you receive an error about packet size, see section A.7.4, "Maximum Packet Size in MySQL," on page 146.

13.7 Starting and Logging into JasperReports Server 5.0

Before starting the server:

- 1. Copy the <js-install-pro>/jasperserver.license file to the C:\Users\<user> directory (Windows 7 example)
- 2. Delete any files that might exist in the <tomcat>\temp folder.
- 3. Delete any files, directories, or sub-directories that exist in the folder: <tomcat>\work\Catalina\localhost.
- 4. Delete any jasperserver*.xml files that might exist in the folder: <tomcat>\conf\Catalina\localhost.
- 5. Move any existing <tomcat-install>\logs files into a backup directory to clean up old CP log data. (optional).
 For information about how to clear directories, see sections 10.9.2, "Clearing the Application Server Work Folder," on page 111, 10.9.3, "Clearing the Application Server Temp Folder," on page 112, and 10.9.4, "Clearing the Repository Cache Database Table," on page 112.
- Set up the JasperReports Server License.
 For information about how to set up the license, see section 6.3, "Setting Up the JasperReports Server License," on page 54.

Now, start your Tomcat, JBoss, or GlassFish application server. Your database should already be running.

13.7.1 Clearing Your Browser Cache

Before you log in, make sure you and your end-users clear the Browser cache. JavaScript files, which enable UI elements of JasperReports Server, are typically cached by the browser. Clear the cache to ensure that the newer files are used.

13.7.2 Logging into the Commercial Version of JasperReports Server 5.0

Log in using the following URL, user IDs, and passwords:

URL: http://localhost:8080/jasperserver-pro

User ID	Password	Description
superuser	superuser	System-wide administrator
jasperadmin	jasperadmin	Administrator for the default organization



Your jasperadmin password might be reset to the default setting by the upgrade operation. For example, the jasperadmin password might be reset to jasperadmin. For security reasons, you should change your jasperadmin and superuser passwords to non-default values.

Your JasperReports Server instance has now been upgraded from Community Project (CP) to commercial. In the event of startup or login problems, refer to **Appendix A**, "**Troubleshooting**," on page 141.

13.8 Re-Configuring XML/A Connections (Optional)

XML/A connection definitions contain a username and password definition in order to make the Web Services connection to the server. A commercial edition of JasperReports Server supports multi-tenancy, which allows multiple organizations to coexisting on a single instance. JasperReports Server users must belong to a specific organization (except for superuser). The default organization in JasperReports Server is organization_1.

After upgrading from the CP to commercial version of JasperReports Server, users belong to the default organization that is part of the core data setup in the commercial version. You need to update any XML/A connection definitions to include the organization that the user belongs to.

In addition, the XML/A connection specifies an instance URI. This URI will need to be updated to point to a commercial URI.

If you are using XML/A connections, edit your XML/A connections as shown in the following examples:

• User IDs

```
Change "jasperadmin" to "jasperadmin|organization_1" Change "joeuser" to "joeuser|organization_1"
```

URI values

```
Change:
```

```
http://localhost:8080/jasperserver/xmla
to
http://localhost:8080/jasperserver-pro/xmla
```

CHAPTER 14 PASSWORD ENCRYPTION IN JASPERREPORTS SERVER

By default, password encryption is enabled in JasperReports Server and passwords are stored as cipher text in the database. System administrators can change the encryption algorithm and specify the salt key used to initiate the encryption algorithm.

This chapter describes the procedure to enable password encryption if you have a JasperReports Server instance without encryption turned on. For more information about encryption options, see the *JasperReports Server Administrator Guide*.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Backing Up Your JasperReports Server Database
- Stopping Your Application Server
- Running the Repository Export Utility
- Specifying Encryption Settings in the JasperReports Server WAR
- Specifying Encryption Settings for the Import Utility
- Recreating the JasperReports Server Database
- Importing Your Repository Data
- Starting the Application Server
- Logging into JasperReports Server

14.1 Backing Up Your JasperReports Server Database

As a precaution, you must back up your jasperserver database in the event of a problem while enabling encryption.

To back up the default PostgreSQL database, go to the <js-install> directory and run the following command:

```
pg_dump -U postgres jasperserver > js-backup.sql
```

To back up DB2, Oracle, Microsoft SQL Server, and MySQL databases, refer to your database product documentation.

14.2 Stopping Your Application Server

You can now stop your application server. You should leave your database running.

14.3 Running the Repository Export Utility

The repository export utility writes the JasperReports Server repository objects to a set of XML and binary files. The output of the export operation is known as an export catalog.

To create the export catalog, go to the <js-install>/buildomatic directory and run the following commands. Note that there are two dashes (--) in front of the command options:

```
Windows: js-export.bat --everything --output-dir js-backup-catalog Linux: js-export.sh --everything --output-dir js-backup-catalog
```

For information about running the export utility, refer to Chapter 15, "Configuring the Import-Export Utilities," on page 135.

14.4 Specifying Encryption Settings in the JasperReports Server WAR

JasperReports Server uses the Spring configuration and security to enable and configure encryption. Use these options to set up strong encryption. This section is focused on the minimal configuration for enabling encryption.

- Open the following file for editing: <tomcat/webapps/jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/ApplicationContext-security.xml
- 2. In the definition of the daoAuthenticationProvider bean, there is a commented-out reference to the passwordEncoder bean. Look for the section of the XML file that starts with:

```
<bean id="daoAuthenticationProvider"</pre>
```

In this bean definition, uncomment the reference to passwordEncoder. This causes the passwordEncoder logic to be used. After removing the commenting characters the line should look like this:

3. Enable encryption in the passwordEncoder bean by modifying the allowEncoding property. Change the value from false to true so that it looks like this:

4. If the default DESede algorithm is used, the secretKey represents the salt key and must be 24 characters. By default, the keyInPlainText property is true, meaning the key can be in plain text to make it easier to enter, for example:

```
<property name="keyInPlainText"><value>true</value>c/property>
<property name="secretKey"><value>jaspersoftInSanFrancisco</value>c/property>
```



The text jaspersoftInSanFrancisco is 24 characters long, therefore the two properties above work with their default values. However, for better security, we recommend that they be changed.



The secretKey, secretKeyAlgorithm, and cipherTransformation property settings must be consistent with each other. For example, different algorithms expect different key lengths.

6. Save and close the file. Encryption is now enabled for the JasperReports Server application upon the next restart.

14.4.1 Specifying Encryption Settings - Reference Table

The information in the **Table 14-1** is a summary of the available password encryption configuration options described in the previous section.

Table 14-1 Password Encryption Configuration Options

Configuration File			
\WEB-INF\applicationContext-security.xml			
Property	Bean	Description	
passwordEncoder	daoAuthentication Provider	Comment this property out to disable the encryption of passwords.	
allowEncoding	passwordEncoder	Determines whether JasperReports Server should encrypt the passwords it writes to the database. Set it to TRUE to use encrypted passwords.	
secretKey	passwordEncoder	The salt key to use as a pass phrase when encrypting passwords. This string is used to encrypt passwords. This value can be a simple string or a numeric representation that can be parsed by Integer.decode(). For example: String: This is my secret key Numeric representation: 0xC8,0x43,0x29,0x49,0xAE,0x25,0x2F,0xA1,0xC1	
keyInPlainText	passwordEncoder	Determines whether the secret key is a simple string or a numeric representation. Set this parameter to TRUE if the secretKey is a string; set it to FALSE if the key is a numeric representation.	
secretKeyAlgorithm	passwordEncoder	The name of the algorithm to use, such as DESede.	
cipherTransformation	passwordEncoder	The name of the transformation, such as DES/CBC/PKCS5Padding.	

The secretKeyAlgorithm, and cipherTransformation must be consistent with each other. For example, if the secretKeyAlgorithm is DESede, the secretKey must be 24 bytes long. For more information about secretKey, secretKeyAlgorithm, and cipherTransformation, see Sun's javax.crypto documentation.

14.5 Specifying Encryption Settings for the Import Utility

Before starting JasperReports Server, you must convert the plain text passwords that are currently stored in the repository export catalog that you created in section 14.3, "Running the Repository Export Utility," on page 130. These plain-text passwords need to be converted to cipher text and reloaded into the database in order to successfully login after the server restarts. To do this, you must add the same encryption settings to the configuration file that is used by the import and export utilities.

- 2. This file contains the passwordEncoder bean definition, the same as in the JasperReports Server WAR, only by itself. Modify this file to specify the encryption settings as described in section 14.4, "Specifying Encryption Settings in the JasperReports Server WAR," on page 130.

14.6 Recreating the JasperReports Server Database

Next, drop your existing jasperserver database and recreate an empty jasperserver database.

14.6.1 Dropping and Recreating the Database in PostgreSQL

- 1. Change directory to <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/postgresql.
- 2. Start psql using an administrator account such as postgres:

```
psql -U postgres
```

3. Drop the jasperserver database, create a new one, and load the jasperserver schema:

```
drop database jasperserver;
  create database jasperserver encoding='utf8';
  \c jasperserver
  \i js-pro-create.ddl
  \i quartz.ddl
```

14.6.2 Dropping and Recreating the Database in MySQL

- 1. Change directory to <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/mysql.
- 2. Log into your MySQL client:

```
mysql -u root -p
```

3. Drop the jasperserver database, create a new one, and load the jasperserver schema:

```
mysql>drop database jasperserver;
mysql>create database jasperserver character set utf8;
mysql>use jasperserver;
mysql>source js-pro-create.ddl;
mysql>source quartz.ddl;
```

14.6.3 Dropping and Recreating the Database in Oracle

- 1. Change directory to <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/oracle.
- 2. Log into your SQLPlus client, for example:

```
sqlplus sys/sys as sysdba
```

3. Drop the jasperserver database, create a new one, and load the jasperserver schema:

```
SQL> drop user jasperserver cascade;
SQL> create user jasperserver identified by password;
SQL> connect jasperserver/password
SQL> @js-pro-create.ddl
SQL> @quartz.ddl
```

14.6.4 Dropping and Recreating in the Database in Microsoft SQL Server

1. Change directory to <js-install>/buildomatic/install_resources/sql/sqlserver.

2. Drop the jasperserver database, create a new one, and load the jasperserver schema using the SQLCMD utility:

```
cd <js-install>\buildomatic\install_resources\sql\sqlserver

sqlcmd -S ServerName -Usa -Psa
1> DROP DATABASE [jasperserver]
2> GO

1> CREATE DATABASE [jasperserver]
2> GO

1> USE [jasperserver]
2> GO

1> :r js-pro-create.ddl
2> GO

1> :r quartz.ddl
2> GO
```

14.7 Importing Your Repository Data

The import utility reloads all of your repository data. As the data is being saved to the repository, the password fields that were plain text are encrypted using the encryption settings you made in the previous sections.

To import your backup catalog to the repository:

- 1. Change directory to <js-install>/buildomatic.
- 2. Run the import utility with the command for your platform. Note that there are two dashes (--) in front of the command options:

```
Windows: js-import.bat --input-dir js-backup-catalog Linux: js-import.sh --input-dir js-backup-catalog
```

For information about running the import utility, see Chapter 15, "Configuring the Import-Export Utilities," on page 135.

14.8 Starting the Application Server

You can now start your application server. Your database should already be running.

14.9 Logging into JasperReports Server

You can now log into JasperReports Server.

Enter your user ID and password in the same manner as you did before encryption was turned on. You can check the contents of the <code>JIUser</code> table in the <code>jasperserver</code> database and examine the password column to see that the password is no longer stored in plain text.

CHAPTER 15 CONFIGURING THE IMPORT-EXPORT UTILITIES

The import and export utilities add resources to or extract resources from the JasperReports Server repository. Typically, users export data from their previous instance and import it into their new installation when upgrading JasperReports Server. The import utility is also used at installation time to load the sample data into the repository.

This chapter covers the basic importing and exporting commands. For more information about command options, see the *JasperReports Server Administrator Guide*.

This chapter contains the following sections:

- Introduction
- Import-Export Configuration Files
- Changing Your Configuration Settings
- Deploying a JDBC Database Driver
- Running Import or Export
- Configuring the Import-Export Utility for JasperServer 3.7

15.1 Introduction

You can import and export resources by running either of these types of scripts:

Туре	Example Command	Description
Buildomatic	js-ant export-everything -DexportFile=js-catalog-exp.zip	Auto-configured buildomatic Ant script
Shell Script	js-export.sheverythingoutput-file=js-catalog-exp.zip	Import-export shell scripts

Both types of scripts are located in:

<js-install>/buildomatic



In Release 4.0, the js-import.sh/bat and js-export.sh/bat shell scripts have been moved to the <js-install>/buildomatic folder. (The old location was <js-install>/scripts.)

You use the same commands, regardless of operating system, to run the buildomatic Ant scripts. The shell scripts, on the other hand, have different names:

Windows Commands	Linux and Mac OSX Commands
js-import.bat	js-import.sh
js-export bat	js-export.sh

The redundant sets of commands are being merged, and eventually, all database configuration will be done automatically from the buildomatic/default_master.properties. However, as of JasperReports Server version 5.0, this merging work is not complete.

If you are running the js-import.sh/bat or js-export.sh/bat shell scripts, you might have to manually configure some databases as described in the following section.

15.2 Import-Export Configuration Files

The import-export utility files are in the buildomatic folder. Use or modify these files to make configuration changes.

File or Location	Purpose
<js-install>/buildomatic/js-import.bat and .sh</js-install>	Import scripts for Windows and Linux, respectively
<js-install>/buildomatic/js-export.bat and .sh</js-install>	Export scripts for Windows and Linux, respectively
<js-install>/buildomatic/default_master.properties</js-install>	File that you must edit (already in place if you installed from the binary installer)
<js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/ js.jdbc.properties</js-install>	Database and hibernate dialect settings file (put in place after you run js-ant gen-config)
<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/iePro/log4j.properties</js-install>	log4j.properties file controls output logging levels
<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/iePro/ applicationContext-*.xml</js-install>	Spring configuration files
<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/iePro/lib</js-install>	All of the JasperReports Server jar files and the JDBC driver location

15.3 Changing Your Configuration Settings

If you are running the js-import.bat/.sh or js-import.bat/.sh shell scripts, then this section applies.

When you install JasperReports Server from the installer binary, the import and export shell scripts are automatically configured. However, if you are installing the WAR file distribution you must modify the default_master.properties configuration file to include your database settings and perform other configuration tasks.

15.3.1 Creating a default_master.properties File

If you don't have a <js-install>/buildomatic/default_master.properties file in place, create one. For instance, copy and rename buildomatic/sample_conf/postgresql_master.properties to buildomatic/default_master.properties.

Perform the following steps:

Edit: <js-install>/buildomatic/default_master.properties.
 Perform step 2 to step 4 of the procedure "To install the WAR file using js-install scripts:" on page 35 with the following exception for Oracle users.



Exception: To use the js-import and js-export scripts, Oracle users can set the sysUsername and sysPassword to the same name as dbUsername and dbPassword in the default_master.properties. The system user name and password are not required because js-import and js-export don't drop or create any database or schema.

2. Run: js-ant gen-config.

15.3.2 Location of Properties Files and JDBC Driver

Paths and file names for properties files are:

- <js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/js.jdbc.properties
- <js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/js.quartz.properties (only for DB2 and PostgreSQL)

The JDBC driver file must be in this directory:

<js-install>buildomatic/conf_source/iePro/lib
 Copy your DB type JDBC driver to this folder.

The JDBC drivers are not in place for the MySQL database.

15.3.3 Checking the js.jdbc.properties File

Table 15-1 and Table 15-2 contain sample settings for each database.

The js.jdbc.properties file will be automatically configured by buildomatic. Check the file to make sure the settings are correct for your environment. You may specify an encrypted password instead of the clear-text password by default by modifying js.jdbc.properties. For instructions on how to encrypt passwords, see the System Configuration chapter of the *JasperReports Server Administration Guide*.

Table 15-1 JDBC Settings in the js.jdbc.properties File

Database	Sample Property Values
PostgreSQL	metadata.hibernate.dialect=
	com.jaspersoft.hibernate.dialect.PostgresqlNoBlobDialect
	metadata.jdbc.driverClassName=org.postgresql.Driver
	metadata.jdbc.url=jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/jasperserver
	metadata.jdbc.username= postgres
	metadata.jdbc.password= postgres or
	metadata.jdbc.encryptedPassword= encrypted-postgres
MySQL	metadata.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLInnoDBDialect (MySQL 5.1)
	metadata.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5InnoDBDialect (MySQL 5.5)
	metadata.jdbc.driverClassName=com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
	metadata.jdbc.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/
	jasperserver?useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8
	metadata.jdbc.username=root
	metadata.jdbc.password= password or
	metadata.jdbc.encryptedPassword= encrypted-password

Table 15-1 JDBC Settings in the js.jdbc.properties File, continued

Database	Sample Property Values
Oracle	metadata.hibernate.dialect=com.jaspersoft.ji.hibernate.dialect.OracleJI CustomDialect metadata.jdbc.driverClassName=oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver
	metadata.jdbc.url=jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:orcl
	metadata.jdbc.username=jasperadmin
	metadata.jdbc.password=password or
	metadata.jdbc.encryptedPassword=encrypted-password
DB2	metadata.hibernate.default_schema= JSPRSRVR
	metadata.hibernate.dialect=com.jaspersoft.ji.hibernate.dialect.DB2JI CustomDialect
	metadata.jdbc.driverClassName=com.ibm.db2.jcc.DB2Driver
	<pre>metadata.jdbc.url=jdbc:db2://localhost:50000/jsprsrvr:driverType=4;</pre>
	<pre>fullyMaterializeLobData=true;fullyMaterializeInputStreams=true;</pre>
	<pre>progressiveStreaming=2;progresssiveLocators=2;currentSchema=JSPRSRVR;</pre>
	metadata.jdbc.username=db2admin
	metadata.jdbc.password= password or
	metadata.jdbc.encryptedPassword=encrypted-password
	metadata.jndi=jdbc/jasperserver
	metadata.upperCaseNames=true
SQL Server	metadata.hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.SQLServerJICustom Dialect
	metadata.jdbc.driverClassName=com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServer Driver
	<pre>metadata.jdbc.url=jdbc:sqlserver://localhost:1433;databaseName= jasperserver;SelectMethod=cursor</pre>
	metadata.jdbc.username=sa
	metadata.jdbc.password= sa or
	metadata.jdbc.encryptedPassword=encrypted-sa

15.3.4 Checking the js.quartz.properties File

If your database is DB2 or PostgreSQL, check your js.quartz.properties file. This file will be automatically configured by buildomatic and is located in:

 $<\!\!js\text{-}install\!\!>\!\!/buildomatic/build_conf/default$

Table 15-2 Quartz Settings in the js.quartz.properties File

Database	Sample Property Values
PostgreSQL	quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.PostgreSQLDelegate quartz.tablePrefix=QRTZ_
DB2	<pre>quartz.delegateClass=org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.DB2v8Delegate quartz.tablePrefix=JSPRSRVR.QRTZ_</pre>

15.4 Deploying a JDBC Database Driver

To run the import-export shell scripts, you need the proper JDBC driver. This allows a connection to be made to the JasperReports Server repository database.

Put the appropriate JDBC driver JAR into the following directory:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/conf source/iePro/lib
```

All Jaspersoft distributed JDBC drivers can be found at this location:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/<db-type>/jdbc
```

15.5 Running Import or Export

To see that the import and export shell scripts are properly configured, you can run the scripts using the --help option (with two dashes --) that displays the command options.

On Windows and Linux, run these commands:

```
Windows: js-import.bat --help
js-export.bat --help
Linux: js-import.sh --help
js-export.sh --help
```

If your repository contains international characters, you may need to perform additional configuration for the import and export utilities. See section A.10.1, "Exporting a Repository That Contains UTF-8," on page 155.

For complete information on the standard import-export options refer to the JasperReports Server Administrator Guide.



When importing with js-import, the server must be stopped to avoid issues with caches, configuration, and security. In addition, Jaspersoft strongly recommends you stop the server instance before running the js-export utility.

15.6 Configuring the Import-Export Utility for JasperServer 3.7

You may need to configure your 3.7 import-export utility as part of the upgrade to 4.7 process.

In 3.7, the import-export shell scripts and configurations are located in the <js-install-3.7>/scripts folder.

There are two sub-folders that hold the configuration property files and the required jar files:

```
<js-install-3.7>/scripts/config
<js-install-3.7>/scripts/lib
```

To configure import-export for your database type and to handle database password changes you have made in your system, check and correct settings in this file:

```
<js-install-3.7>/scripts/config/js.jdbc.properties
```

Additionally, you will need to deploy the appropriate JDBC driver to the following folder:

```
<is-install-3.7>/scripts/lib
```

For more information about checking and correction the js.jdbc.properties file, see section 15.3.3, "Checking the js.jdbc.properties File," on page 137.

APPENDIX A TROUBLESHOOTING

This appendix contains the following sections:

- Binary Installer Freezes
- Error Running Buildomatic Scripts
- Unable to Edit Files on Windows 7
- Bash Shell for Solaris, IBM AIX, HP UX and FreeBSD
- Linux Installer Issue with Unknown Host Error
- Problem Starting JasperReports Server on the Mac
- Database-related Problems
- Application Server-related Problems
- License-related Errors
- Problems Importing and Exporting Data from the Repository

A.1 Binary Installer Freezes

If you run the JasperReports Server installer on any platform and the installer freezes, the following resources can help you find the source of the error.

A.1.1 Installer Log Files

If you run the JasperReports Server installer on any platform and the installer freezes, it is helpful to look at the log file created by the installer. This log file records the status and completion of installer operations. If your installer has had an explicit error, there may be a specific error message in the log. At a minimum, the log file should help narrow where the error has occurred even if there is not a specific error message.

You can find the installer log in the following locations:

Windows: <js-install>/installation.log
Linux: <js-install>/installation.log
Mac <js-install>/installation.log

If you have tried multiple installs, make sure you view the most recent install log file.

A.1.2 Installer DebugTrace Mode

If you run the JasperReports Server installer on any platform and have a problem, you can run the installer a second time using the --debugtrace option. The --debugtrace option creates a binary output file that gives precise details about the execution of the installer and any problems encountered; this file can be analyzed by Jaspersoft Technical Support.

To use the --debugtrace option, you must run the installer from the command line and specify an output filename. The precise command depends on your platform (Linux, Windows, or Mac OSX). For example, you can execute the installer with a command similar to the following:

```
jasperreports-server-<ver>-linux-x64-installer.run --debugtrace install-trace-out.bin
```

When you run the installer in --debugtrace mode, the installer will take extra time to write the binary output file. The final size of the output file is approximately 10 mg. Contact Jaspersoft Technical Support for help reading the contents of this file.

A.2 Error Running Buildomatic Scripts

The buildomatic scripts depend on both Java and Apache Ant. There are two common configuration errors when attempting to do an installation using these scripts (if you are not using the included, bundled Apache Ant).

A.2.1 Missing Java JDK

If you have the Java JRE (Java Runtime Environment) instead of the JDK, you will not have the additional utilities that are required. In particular, an error referring to the tools.jar might occur, as in the following message:

```
[exec] [ERROR] BUILD FAILURE

[exec] [INFO] ------

[exec] [INFO] Compilation failure

[exec] Unable to locate the Javac Compiler in:

[exec] c:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.6.0_10\jre\..\lib\tools.jar

[exec] Please ensure you are using JDK 1.6 or above and

[exec] not a JRE (the com.sun.tools.javac.Main class is required).

[exec] In most cases you can change the location of your Java

[exec] installation by setting the JAVA_HOME environment variable.
```

The solution is to download and install the Sun Java JDK, labeled as the Java SE Development Kit on the Sun web site.

If you are upgrading JasperReports Server, you can also use the Java 1.6 JDK bundled in the previous version, as described in section 10.9.1, "Handling JasperReports Server Customizations," on page 111.

A.2.2 Forgot to Copy the File ant-contrib.jar

If you are using your own version of Ant and your Ant instance does not have the ant-contrib.jar in the lib directory, you will get an error similar to the following:

```
BUILD FAILED
c:\js-builds\jasperserver\buildomatic\install.xml:6:
```

Ant failed to create a task or type. To correct the error, copy <js-install>/buildomatic/extra-jars/ant-contrib.jar to your apache-ant-fib directory.

A.2.3 Failure with '\$' Character in Passwords in Buildomatic Scripts

Ant is unable to accept more than one consecutive '\$' character in passwords in buildomatic scripts.

This issue only occurs when two dollar signs are used in a row. For example, "\$password\$" or "pas\$word\$" will not fail. If you have two consecutive dollar signs, escape each with 4 dollar signs. For example, if you use "pa\$\$word" you would need to set it as "pa\$\$\$\$\$\$word" in the configuration file. Once you do this, JRS will have all data connections set to "pa\$\$word".

A.2.4 Older Apache Ant Version

As of the release of JasperReports Server 4.0, Apache Ant version 1.8.1 or higher is required. There are improvements to error handling routines in the buildomatic js-install scripts which required the higher level of Ant. If you are using an older version of Ant, you will get an error similar to the following:

```
BUILD FAILED
c:\js-builds\jasperserver\buildomatic\install.xml:37:
Problem: failed to create task or type componentdef
```

To check your version of Ant and verify that it is at a high enough level, enter:

```
ant -version
```

If you have a lower version of Ant, check to see if it is set in your class path by entering:

```
echo $CLASSPATH
```

To use the JasperReports Server version of Ant, update your CLASSPATH variable to point at the <js-install>/apache-ant/bin directory.

A.3 Unable to Edit Files on Windows 7

In some cases, you may want to manually edit files under your C:/Program Files directory during or after installation. For security reasons, Windows 7 doesn't allow normal processes to change files in the Program Files folder. When you attempt to edit these files, you may see an error such as the following:

You don't have permission to save in this location. Contact the administrator to obtain permission.

You can edit these files by running as administrator. For example, to edit these files with Notepad on Windows 7:

Click Start > All Programs > Accessories, right-click Notepad, and click Run as administrator.

A.4 Bash Shell for Solaris, IBM AIX, HP UX and FreeBSD

To execute the js-install shell scripts described in Section 5 of this guide, the bash shell is required. The js-install and js-upgrade scripts which are found in the buildomatic folder are the following:

```
js-install.sh
js-upgrade-newdb.sh
js-upgrade-samedb.sh
```

The bash shell is not included by default in all Unix platforms. In the case where the bash shell is not available, it is necessary to download and install the bash shell. Bash shells are available for the following platforms:

Solaris

IBM AIX

HP UX

FreeBSD

Alternatively, you can manually run the same "buildomatic" Ant targets that are run by the js-install script. These Ant targets are listed in Section 5.4 "Installing WAR File Manually".

Also, check that you have updated your local Ant to include the ant-contrib.jar which supports conditional logic in Ant. The ant-contrib.jar in found in the location below and it should be copied to your <ant home>/lib folder:

buildomatic/extra-jars/ant-contrib.jar

For updating your local Ant instance with the ant-contrib.jar see Section A.2.2 above ("Forgot to Copy the File ant-contrib.jar").

If you try and use the bundled ant that is included with the JasperServer WAR file Distribution ZIP package, you may get the same non-bash syntax error. You may get the error below, for example:

```
js-ant help-install
ANT HOME=../apache-ant: is not an identifier
```

If you have the bash shell installed, you can try executing the js-ant command by calling bash explicitly, for example:

```
bash js-ant help-install
```

A.5 Linux Installer Issue with Unknown Host Error

If a Linux server does not have proper hostname entries in the /etc/hosts file, it is possible to get installer errors.

The installer carries out an import operation in order to load the core, minimal data into the repository database. This import operation can fail if the host is not configured.

If the import operation fails during installation, the installation will also fail. However, there should be an installation.log in the root of the installation folder to help debug the problem. The installation.log is located here:

```
<js-install>/installation.log
```

An improperly configured hosts file typically causes the log, or error messages displayed on the console, to contain error messages such as these:

```
Caused by: java.net.NoRouteToHostException: No route to host com.mysql.jdbc.exceptions.jdbc4.CommunicationsException: Communications link failure ERROR Cache:145 - Unable to set localhost. This prevents creation of a GUID java.net.UnknownHostException org.quartz.SchedulerException: Couldn't get host name!
```

To fix the hosts file:

1. Include entries that look similar to these:

```
127.0.0.1 localhost.localdomain localhost
172.17.5.0 myserver.mydomain.com myserver
```

2. After fixing the hosts file, reinstall JasperReports Server.

A.6 Problem Starting JasperReports Server on the Mac

Jaspersoft has seen some issues caused by the improper shutdown of the Tomcat included with the JasperReports Server. This could be related to the machine being shutdown while Tomcat is running.

When the Tomcat scripts start Tomcat, they write a pid (Process ID) file to the Tomcat folder. Tomcat uses this to determine whether the Tomcat instance is already running. When Tomcat is shutdown, this pid file is removed. However, if the pid file is not removed on shutdown, Tomcat will fail to start up.

You may see this when you double-click the jasperServerStart.app startup. It will seem like JasperReports Server is starting up but it never actually starts up.

In order to recover from this issue, you will need to manually delete the pid file.

Delete catalina.pid using Finder:

- Navigate to the <js-install>/tomcat/temp folder.
 For instance: /Applications/jasperreports-server-<ver>/tomcat/temp
- 2. Delete catalina.pid.

Delete the catalina.pid file using Terminal shell:

- 1. Open a Terminal shell (Finder > Go > Utilities > Terminal Icon)
- 2. Navigate to the <js-install>/tomcat/temp folder.

For instance: /Applications/jasperreports-server-<ver>/tomcat/temp.

3. Enter the following command:

```
rm catalina.pid
```

To start and stop the PostgreSQL and Tomcat components separately from the command line shell:

- 1. Open a Terminal shell (Finder > Go > Utilities > Terminal Icon).
- 2. Navigate to the <js-install> folder.

For instance: /Applications/jasperreports-server-<ver>.

3. To Start:

```
./ctlscript start postgresql
./ctlscript start tomcat
4. To shutdown:
    ./ctlscript stop
    or
    ./ctlscript stop tomcat
```

./ctlscript stop postgresql

A.7 Database-related Problems

A.7.1 Installation Error Using PostgreSQL 8.1

During installation using the installer, if you select the option to use an existing database and it's PostgreSQL 8.1, the installer displays error messages about granting privileges, and then finishes installing all the files.

The problem is caused by this difference in the grant command syntax in PostgreSQL 8.1 and other PostgreSQL 8.x versions:

PostgreSQL 8.1

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON hibernate_sequence TO jasperdb;
```

Other PostgreSQL 8.x

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON SEQUENCE hibernate sequence TO jasperdb;
```



If you install the server from the WAR file distribution, using either js-install or buildomatic scripts, there is no problem.

To work around this problem:

1. On the PostgreSQL 8.1 command line, enter the correct command to grant privileges to the single sequence object in the server repository:

```
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON hibernate sequence TO jasperdb;
```

2. To use the optional sugarcrm sample database and reports, enter similar grant commands for the sugarcrm sequences.

The sample foodmart database contains no sequences.

A.7.2 Database Connectivity Errors

The most common problems encountered with a new JasperReports Server instance are database configuration problems. If the connection fails, perhaps the application server cannot find the driver for the data source. For example, in a default installation of JasperReports Server, Tomcat looks for data source drivers in <js-install>/apache-tomcat/lib. If the driver is not there, put a copy of the driver in this directory and restart Tomcat.

This section contains information that may help resolve other connectivity issues.

A.7.2.1 Testing the Database Connection

The simplest database configuration problem is an incorrect user name or password. If you encounter database problems upon startup or login, check the user name and password by logging directly into your RDBMS as described in the following sections.

You can connect to your database using the database configuration settings that are found in JasperReports Server. This validates the database hostname, port, username, and password that are being used.

If you are having trouble logging into JasperReports Server on the login page, you can check the users and passwords that exist by viewing the contents of the jasperserver.JIUser table.

A.7.2.2 Logging into MySQL

Start MySQL from the command line and try to log in directly using the jasperdb user, for example:

```
<mysql>/bin/mysql -u jasperdb -p
or
<mysql>/bin/mysql -u root -p
```

You are prompted for a password for the user you specified on the command line. Enter the appropriate password to login. The default password used in the sample configuration scripts is password (jasperadmin in 2.1 and earlier).

A.7.2.3 Logging into Oracle

Start SQL*Plus and try to log into Oracle directly. Three users are created during installation:

- jasperserver schema user for the JasperReports Server metadata.
- sugarcrm schema user for the SugarCRM sample data.
- foodmart schema user for the foodmart sample data.

To log in as each of these users, supply the password specified during installation.

A.7.2.4 Logging into Microsoft SQL Server

Run the sqlcmd and try to log into MSSQL Server directly. For example:

```
sqlcmd -S localhost\jasperserver -d jasperserver -U jasperadmin -P password
```

A.7.3 Case Sensitive Collation in SQL Server

In Microsoft SQL Server, setting the collation to be case-sensitive is not supported. When collation is case-sensitive in SQL Server, column and table names are also treated as case-sensitive. This can happen when setting a locale that includes case-sensitive collation and will cause an error:

```
[sql] Failed to execute:
INSERT INTO JIUserRole (userId,roleId) select u.id, r.id
from JIUser u, JIRole r
where u.username = \'anonymousUser\' and r.roleName = \'ROLE_ANONYMOUS\'
[sql] com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerException: Invalid column name \'roleName\'
```

Use a different locale or remove the case-sensitivity setting.

A.7.4 Maximum Packet Size in MySQL

If you are upgrading or importing into a MySQL database and your repository contains large objects such as images, you may see an error such as:

```
ERROR 1153 (08S01): Got a packet bigger than 'max allowed packet' bytes
```

The default max_allowed_packet on the MySQL server is 1M (one Megabyte = 1,048,576 bytes). The most effective fix is to change this value in the server configuration to accommodate the largest resource stored in your repository. The server configuration file is typically named my.cnf (or my.ini) and is located in the MySQL root directory, although this may vary. Change the configuration setting to a larger value, for example:

```
max allowed packet = 16M
```

For more information, see http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.0/en/packet-too-large.html.

After changing this value, restart the MySQL server. Then perform the upgrade or import step again.

A.7.5 Database Error after Changing Database Port Number

The default ports for supported databases are:

Database Setting	DB2	MySQL	Oracle	PostgreSQL	SQL Server
Port	50000	3306	1521	5432	1433

If you entered a different port when you installed your database, the JasperReports Server installer prompts you for the port number, and configures the server to communicate properly. If the port number has changed, or if you encounter a problem, check the database configuration files to verify your port number.

If it is incorrect, change it to the correct port number, save the file, and restart the application server. For more information, see section A.8.3, "Configuration File Locations," on page 150.

A.7.6 Case Sensitivity for Table and Column Names

Some databases are case-sensitive with respect to table names and will consider "customer" and "Customer" to be two different tables. If JasperReports Server is using a case-sensitive database, it's important that the table names specified in query strings in the JRXML file of a saved report match the actual table names found in the database. A mismatch may occur if you are transferring data from one database to another, which may cause the capitalization of table names to change.

Under Windows MySQL, table and column names are *not* case-sensitive.

Under Linux MySQL, table and column names are case-sensitive. Linux MySQL can be configured to be non-case-sensitive by setting the configuration parameter <code>lower_case_table_names</code> to 1 in the my.ini or my.cnf file. For more information search the MySQL documentation for a section about identifier case sensitivity.

Table and column names in Oracle and PostgreSQL are case-sensitive.

A.7.7 PostgreSQL: Job Scheduling Error

If the Quartz settings under the PostgreSQL database have not been updated to specify the driver delegate class specific to PostgreSQL you will get errors when you try and run a scheduled report. The errors would look similar to the following:

```
Error while fetching Quartz runtime information org.quartz.JobPersistenceException: Couldn't obtain triggers: Bad value for type int org.postgresql.util.PSQLException: Bad value for type int
```

If you see this error you will need to check your Quartz properties file found at the following location:

```
<tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro/WEB-INF/js.quartz.properties
```

Make sure that the following property does not have the standard driver delegate, but instead has the PostgreSQL specific driver delegate. It should look like the following for PostgreSQL:

```
\verb"quartz.delegateClass=""org.quartz.impl.jdbcjobstore.PostgreSQLDelegate" and the control of t
```

A.7.8 Oracle js-install Script Hangs with Oracle 10g

If you plan to run the js-install script when installing to an Oracle database instance, check for the appropriate JDBC driver version. The default JDBC driver used for Oracle tends to be specific for newer Oracle versions. If you are installing to an older version of Oracle then the newer JDBC driver can cause execution to hang.

The default JDBC driver for Oracle can be seen in your buildomatic/default_master.properties file:

The settings for the default JDBC driver for Oracle are:

```
# maven.jdbc.artifactId=ojdbc5
# maven.jdbc.version=11.2.0
```

The settings above are commented out. Nevertheless, this is the JDBC driver that is used by default. These settings are appropriate for an Oracle version 11.2 instance.

If you are using Oracle 10.2, remove the comments from these settings and change them to:

```
maven.jdbc.artifactId=ojdbc14
maven.jdbc.version=10.2.0
```

The location of the Oracle JDBC drivers is here:

<js-install>/buildomatic/conf_source/db/oracle/jdbc

A.7.9 Performance Issues with Oracle JDBC Queries

Setting the Oracle database localization option defaultNChar to true can substantially impact the performance of JDBC queries. When defaultNChar is set to true, the database will implicitly convert all CHAR data into NCHAR when you access CHAR columns. If you do not need to support UTF-8 for your Oracle database, you can omit this setting.

The option you need and how to set it depends on your version of Java, your application server, and how it is deployed. For information about changing a JVM option setting for your particular environment, see your application server documentation.

To change this setting on Windows, enter a command such as the following at the command line:

```
set JAVA OPTS=%JAVA OPTS% -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=false
```

To change this setting on Linux, enter a command such as the following at the command line:

```
export JAVA OPTS="$JAVA OPTS -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=false"
```

A.7.10 Using an Oracle Service Name

If your Oracle database is configured to use a service name instead of an Oracle system identifier (SID), set up the service name by updating your default_master.properties file before using buildomatic:

```
<js-install>/buildomatic/default_master.properties
```

In default_master.properties, uncomment the serviceName property and enter your Oracle service name, for example: serviceName=ORCL

When you are using an Oracle service name, make sure not to set the SID or dbPort in the default_master.properties file.

A.7.11 Oracle Error on Upgrade when PL/SQL Not Enabled

If you are upgrading to JasperReports Server version 5.0 using the js-upgrade-samedb.sh/bat script, you can encounter an error if Oracle's Procedural Language (PL/SQL) is not enabled.

The upgrade script used to upgrade to a 4.7 database from a 4.5 database requires the PL/SQL language to be enabled. The script is located here:

buildomatic/install_resources/sql/oracle/upgrade-oracle-4.5.0-4.7.0-pro.plsql

The error you encounter might look something like the following:

```
[advanced-sql] PLS-00103: Encountered the symbol "end-of-file"
```

If your PL/SQL language is not enabled please consult the documentation for your Oracle database to enable PL/SQL.

A.7.12 Error Running Scheduled Report

If you setup a scheduled report, chose to run it, and chose to save it as HTML or RTF, the report size can potentially get quite large. If you are running MySQL and you get the following error:

```
JDBC exception on Hibernate data access org.hibernate.exception.GenericJDBCException: could not insert
```

the problem may be the default size of the MySQL blob datatype. You can increase the size of this datatype by updating your my.ini or my.cnf MySQL configuration file with the following setting:

```
max_allowed_packet=32M
```

A.7.13 Error Running a Report

If you can log into JasperReports Server but encounter an error when running a report within it, you can browse the repository to identify and resolve the problem.

One common problem with an individual report is the data source being used. To validate a data source connection:

- 1. Log into JasperReports Server as a user with administrative permissions and locate the report unit that returns errors.
- 2. Select the report and click the **Edit** button in the toolbar to identify the data source the report uses. The data source name is found on the fourth edit page.
- 3. Select this data source in the repository and click the **Edit** button in the toolbar.
- 4. Review the information specified for this data source.
- 5. Click the **Test Connection** button in order to validate the connection.
 - If the connection fails, perhaps the application server cannot find the driver for the data source. For example, in a default installation of JasperReports Server, Tomcat looks for data source drivers in <js-install>/apache-tomcat/lib.
- 6. Click **Save** or **Cancel** when you are done.
- 7. Test your report. If it still returns errors, edit the data source again and try checking other values, such as the port used by the database.

A.8 Application Server-related Problems

A.8.1 Memory Issues Running Under Tomcat

If you experience problems related to the release of memory or to container tag pooling, the following steps might solve the problem:

- 1. Set the following parameter in the global \$CATALINA_BASE/conf/web.xml: enablepooling = false
- 2. Restart Tomcat.

A.8.2 Java Out of Memory Error

If you encounter a Java out of memory error, try increasing your Java heap size setting. See section 6.2, "Setting JVM Options for Application Servers," on page 50. As a minimum, add -Xms1024m -Xmx1280m to your JAVA_OPTS setting, but you may increase that to -Xms1024m -Xmx2048m, assuming your server can support these settings.

This Java option is set within the application server, so you must set it then restart your application server.

A.8.3 Configuration File Locations

JasperReports Server configuration properties are found in the following files, depending on your application server.

The following list shows the location of the properties for supported application servers:

A.8.4 Context.xml under Tomcat: Special Case

If you deploy multiple instances of JasperServer to Tomcat, the context.xml (database connection configuration) can be superseded by a file in this location: <tomcat>/conf/Catalina/localhost/jasperserver-pro.xml file.

When JasperServer is deployed, the context.xml will be copied to <tomcat>/conf/Catalina/localhost/jasperserver-pro.xml (Tomcat does this by default).

Now, if you make changes to your <tomcat>/webapps/jasperserver-pro/META-INF/context.xml, Tomcat will not "see" them. Instead, the jasperserver-pro.xml will be used. This is confusing, but is the way that Tomcat operates.

If you edit your context.xml to fix a database problem:

```
<\!\!tomcat\!\!>\!\!/webapps/jasperserver\!\!-\!pro/META\text{-}INF/context.xml
```

Remember to delete the jasperserver-pro.xml file:

<tomcat>/conf/Catalina/localhost/jasperserver-pro.xml (delete this file)

A.8.5 Tomcat 6 Installed Using apt-get

If you are installing JasperReports Server to an instance of Tomcat that has been installed using a package managers such as apt-get, yum, or rpm then you can use the CATALINA_HOME and CATALINA_BASE properties found in your default_master.properties file.

Go to the section of the default_master.properties that looks like this:

```
# Tomcat app server root dir
appServerDir = C:\\Program Files\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat 7.0
# appServerDir = /home/devuser/apache-tomcat-7.0.26
# if linux package managed tomcat instance, set two properties below
# CATALINA_HOME = /usr/share/tomcat6
# CATALINA_BASE = /var/lib/tomcat6

and change it to the following:
# Tomcat app server root dir
# appServerDir = C:\\Program Files\\Apache Software Foundation\\Tomcat 7.0
# appServerDir = /home/devuser/apache-tomcat-7.0.26
# if linux package managed tomcat instance, set two properties below
```

```
CATALINA_HOME = /usr/share/tomcat6
CATALINA_BASE = /var/lib/tomcat6
```

Note that you must set both CATALINA_HOME and CATALINA_BASE.

A.8.6 GlassFish Modifications

A.8.6.1 Ad Hoc for OLAP Problems Under GlassFish 2

Conflicting JAR files can cause problems with Ad Hoc for OLAP when the application is hosted by GlassFish version 2. The workaround is:

- 1. Remove <glassfish>/lib/jackson-asl-0.9.4.jar
- 2. Copy the jackson-core-lgpl-1.7.4.jar and jackson-mapper-lgpl-1.7.4.jar files from:

to:

<glassfish>/lib

A.8.6.2 Using a Custom Domain

If your application server is GlasFish and you're using a custom domain, set up the following authentication information in the default_master.properties:

```
# Glassfish domain name (default is domain1)
glassfishDomain=domain1

# Glassfish domain port (default is 4848), user (default is admin) and password.
# Uncomment and set up next parmeters if you install JasperServer to the custom Glassfish domain (not default)
#glassfishPort=4848
#glassfishUser=admin
#AS ADMIN PASSWORD=adminadmin
```

A.8.6.3 Using GlassFish 3.1.0

There is a known issue with GlassFish 3.1.0 where Java JVM options are not properly set. This issue is fixed in GlassFish 3.1.1 and later.

To set the JVM options in GlassFish 3.1.0:

- 1. Open this buildomatic property file:
 - <js-install>/buildomatic/default_master.properties
- 2. Add the glassfishPort property as follows:

glassfishPort=4848

A.8.7 JBoss Modifications

A.8.7.1 JBoss 7 Startup Error

JBoss 7 has a default startup time period. If your JBoss 7 takes longer than 60 seconds to startup or deploy, you may receive the following error:

"(DeploymentScanner-threads - 1) Did not receive a response to the deployment operation within the allowed timeout period [60 seconds]. Check the server configuration file and the server logs to find more about the status of the deployment".

To fix this, you need to increase your deployment-timeout setting as follows:

1. Change to the JBoss standalone configuration directory.

```
cd <jboss>/standalone/configuration
```

- 2. Open the standalone.xml file.
- 4. Edit this to add or set the attribute deployment-timeout to the desired amount of time in seconds, for example:

```
<subsystem xmlns="urn:jboss:domain:deployment-scanner:1.1">
    <deployment-scanner path="deployments" relative-to="jboss.server.base.dir" scan-
interval="5000" deployment-timeout="600"/>
</subsystem>
```

5. Save the file.

On server restart, your system will have the specified amount of time to start up.

A.8.7.2 JBoss Large INFO Log Message on Drill-through

JBoss has an internal mechanism to track and log information on unclosed JDBC connections. Jaspersoft OLAP Views leaves a connection open for performance reasons when doing a drill-through. In this case, JBoss puts a large INFO level message into the server.log.

To silence this INFO message, perform these steps:

- Open the JBoss log4j configuration file for editing: <jboss>/server/default/conf/jboss-log4j.xml
- 2. Set the logging level for the CachedConnectionManager class to the following value:

```
<category name="org.jboss.resource.connectionmanager.CachedConnectionManager">
    <priority value="WARN"/>
    </category>
```

A.8.7.3 JBoss 5.0.1 and 5.1.x Error

With JBoss 5.0.1 and 5.1.x, you may see the following error:

```
org.jboss.xb.binding.JBossXBRuntimeException: Failed to create a new SAX parser Caused by: java.lang.ClassCastException
```

This is a class conflict with the xercesImpl-2.7.1.jar in JasperReports Server. To correct it, delete the following file:

<jboss>/server/default/deploy/jasperserver-pro.war/WEB-INF/lib/xercesImpl-*.jar



When running the buildomatic scripts to deploy to JBoss, the xercesImpl-3.7.jar file is automatically deleted in order to fix this problem.

A.8.7.4 Using a Non-default JBoss Profile

If your application server is JBoss and you're using a profile other than the default, you need to set the jboss.profile property before running the js-install script in section 5.2, "Installing the WAR File Using js-install Scripts," on page 34:

- 1. Open this buildomatic property file:
 - <js-install>/buildomatic/build_conf/default/app.srv.properties
- 2. Uncomment the jboss.profile property and change the profile name as follows:

from

```
# jboss.profile = default
to
    jboss.profile = <your_profile>
```

A.8.7.5 Using JBoss with Non-Latin Characters

If your application server is JBoss, and your organization is created with non-Latin characters, you will need to edit the standalone.xml configuration file.

- 1. Edit <jboss-home>/standalone/configuration/standalone.xml
- 2. Add after <extensions> tag new tag:

A.8.7.6 JBoss 4.2 XML/A Connection Fix

JBoss 4.2 includes the JBossWS service as a standard, default feature. JasperReports Server has web services support for XML/A connections.

The web services classes in JasperReports Server and JBoss can conflict and cause the following error when attempting to utilize a JasperReports Server XML/A connection:

```
javax.xml.soap.SOAPException: Unable to create message factory for
SOAP: org.jboss.ws.core.soap.MessageFactoryImpl
```

To prevent the web services class conflict, set the special Java JVM options for JBoss 4.2, as described in section 6.2.1, "Tomcat and JBoss JVM Options," on page 50.

A.8.8 WebSphere: Page Not Found Error on Login

This error is seen during a WebSphere installation when the user attempts to log into JasperReports Server. After typing in a correct user ID and password, the user sees an error page: Page cannot be found, HTTP 404

Some WebSphere versions or fix packs have modified code that processes web server filters incorrectly. Components with the /* url pattern get affected by this. JasperReports Server uses the Acegi framework for authentication and it is mapped using a filter chain with the /* url pattern. You need to set a special property that WebSphere provides to solve this problem.

To solve the Page Not Found Error on Login:

- 1. Login into WebSphere Administrative Console.
- 2. Navigate to Application Servers > <server> > Web Container Settings > Web Container > Custom Properties.
- 3. Create a new property with the following attributes:

```
name: com.ibm.ws.webcontainer.invokefilterscompatibility
value: true
```

- 4. Save the master configuration.
- 5. **Restart** the WebSphere server.

A.8.9 Disabling User Session Persistence in Application Servers

JasperReports Server stores non-serializable data in its user sessions, which can cause errors after restarting your application server:

```
Exception loading sessions from persistent storage Cause: java.io.NotSerializableException ...
```

The errors appear in the JasperReports Server log when users log in after the application server has been restarted. The errors do not appear to users, and they have no impact on JasperReports Server operations.

Because JasperReports Server user sessions are not persistent, you can configure your application server to disable persistence and avoid the error. For example, in Apache-Tomcat 5.5, 6, and 7 edit the file <tomcat>/conf/context.xml and locate the following lines:

```
<!-- Uncomment this to disable session persistence across Tomcat restarts -->
<!--
<Manager pathname="" />
-->
```

Remove the comment markers from lines 2 and 4 above, then restart Apache-Tomcat for the change to take effect. For other application servers, refer to the product documentation.

A.8.10 Session Error Using JasperReports Server and Tomcat 7

On some versions of Tomcat 7, a session error might occur while running reports, with the log error "A request has been denied as a potential CSRF attack." This is due to a known conflict between security settings in Direct Web Remote library (DWR) 2.x and some versions of Tomcat 7.0.x:

- Tomcat 7 sets httpOnly on session ID cookies to safeguard against cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks.
- DWR 2.x uses session ID cookies to safeguard against cross-site request forgery (CSRF).

To work around this problem, you must modify these safeguards by doing one of the following:

Disabling httpOnly for cookies in Tomcat

OR

• Allowing requests from other domains in DWR

For more information on the security impact and relative risks of these two choices, see, for example, the Cross-site Scripting and Cross-site Request Forgery pages at the Open Web Application Security Project (OWASP).

A.8.10.1 Disabling httpOnly for Cookies in Tomcat

The application server that hosts JasperReports Server handles the session cookie. To prevent malicious scripts on a client from accessing the session cookie, and thus the user connection, Tomcat 7 is set to use httpOnly cookies. This tells the browser that only the server may access the cookie, not scripts running on the client. When enabled, this setting safeguards against XSS attacks.

You can disable this by setting httpOnly in the file <tomcat>/conf/context.xml:

```
<Context useHttpOnly="false">
...
</Context>
```

A.8.10.2 Allowing Requests from Other Domains in DWR

DWR is a server-side component used for Input Controls. By default, DWR uses session ID cookies to prevent against cross-site request forgery. You can disable the protection in DWR by setting the crossDomainSessionSecurity parameter for the dwr servlet in the file <tomcat>\webapps\jasperserver-pro\WEB-INF\web.xml:

A.9 License-related Errors

A.9.1 License Not Found Errors

Normally, the JasperReports Server installer includes an evaluation license file that you replace with a commercial license file, as described in section 2.10.3, "Installing a New License File," on page 23. If JasperReports Server returns an error after you replace the license file, the most likely causes are:

- You did not clear your application server's work directory, as explained in section **2.10.3**. Delete the work directory, restart the application server, and try logging into JasperReports Server again.
- The Djs.license.directory property in your application server startup environment is incorrectly set:

For example, in Windows the correct setting looks like this:

```
-Djs.license.directory=<js-install>
In Linux, the correct setting looks like this:
    -Djs.license.directory=/opt/jasperreports-server-5.0
```

The specified directory must contain the license file, named jasperserver.license. The property is typically set for your application server in the environment startup script. It must contain the location of your license file, which is typically in the <js-install> directory:

Tomcat: <tomcat>/bin/setclasspath.bat/.sh or bin/setenv.bat/.sh JBoss: <jboss>/bin/run.bat or .sh

A.9.2 License Not Found or License Corrupt Error with Tomcat as a Service

If you have an existing Tomcat running as a service under Windows, the installer attempts to make the proper updates so that the JasperReports Server license file is found at application server startup time. If the installer is unsuccessful, be sure that you took the steps described in section 2.10.4, "License File for Existing Tomcat as Windows Service," on page 23.

A.10 Problems Importing and Exporting Data from the Repository

A.10.1 Exporting a Repository That Contains UTF-8

The following errors may happen when you have international characters in repository objects, for example, in user IDs.

A.10.1.1 Error During Export

Upgrading typically requires doing an export operation on your database. If you are using MySQL and getting this null pointer exception, it may be due to an incorrect character in the file js.jdbc.properties:

```
java.lang.NullPointerException
ResourceExporter.exportResource(ResourceExporter.java:258)
```

Check the URL in this file in <js-install>buildomatic/build_conf/default/; it should look like the following:

```
jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jasperserver?useUnicode=true&characterEncoding=UTF-8
```

Note the ampersand & character. It is incorrect if it appears as & The & is only correct in an HTML or XML context. It is incorrect in a properties file.

A.10.1.2 Error During Export from Repository on Oracle

Oracle requires a specific JVM property to handle UTF-8 characters properly. When this error happens, the export is empty and an error occurs when attempting to compress the result:

```
ERROR ExporterImpl:129 - java.util.zip.ZipException: ZIP file must have at least one entry
```

If you have stored your repository database on an Oracle RDBMS, modify the last line of both <js-install>/buildomatic/js-export.* files as follows:

```
From: java -classpath ...

To: java -Doracle.jdbc.defaultNChar=true -classpath ...
```

A.11 Problems with Upgrade

A.11.1 DB2 Script Error on Upgrade

If you are upgrading from 4.7 to 5.0, and you use the js-upgrade-samedb.bat/sh script, it is possible to get an error related to an inadequate PAGESIZE setting. The recommended minimal PAGESIZE setting for 5.0 is 16384. If the PAGESIZE setting is less than this you can get an error such as the following:

```
com.ibm.db2.jcc.am.SqlException:
DB2 SQL Error: SQLCODE=-670,SQLSTATE=54010, SQLERRMC=4005;
```

If you get this error, recreate your 4.5 database using a command such as the following:

```
CREATE DATABASE JSPRSRVR USING CODESET UTF-8 TERRITORY US PAGESIZE 16384
```

This may require reloading your database from your database backup and rerunning the upgrade procedure after PAGESIZE has been changed.

A.11.2 Include Audit Events on Upgrade

If you have auditing enabled and you run upgrade using js-upgrade-newdb.bat/sh, audit events are not imported by default. To import audit events, you need to run an additional command after the after the js-upgrade-newdb script completes. To do this, change to the buildomatic directory:

```
cd <\!\!js\text{-install}\!\!>\!\!/buildomatic
```

Then run one of the following commands (for example):

```
js-import.bat --input-zip=js-my-export-all.zip --include-audit-events (Windows) js-import.sh --input-zip=js-my-export-all.zip --include-audit-events (Linux) or ant import -DimportFile=js-my-export-all.zip -DimportArgs="--include-audit-events"
```

These commands reimport all resources from the specified export file. Existing resources will not be overwritten and the audit event will be added.



When using either import utility, the server must be stopped to avoid issues with caches, configuration, and security.